

To the Members of

Godrej Industries Limited

### Report on the Audit of the Consolidated Ind-AS Financial Statements

### Opinion

We have audited the accompanying Consolidated Ind-AS Financial Statements of **GODREJ INDUSTRIES LIMITED** (hereinafter referred to as 'the Holding Company') and its subsidiaries (the Holding Company and its subsidiaries together referred to as "the Group"), its associates and its joint ventures, which comprise the consolidated balance sheet as at March 31, 2024 and the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity and the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and Notes to the Consolidated Ind-AS Financial Statements including a summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the consolidated Ind-AS financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, and based on the consideration of the other auditors referred to in the Other Matters paragraph below, the aforesaid consolidated Ind-AS financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind-AS") and with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the consolidated state of affairs of the Group, its associates and its joint ventures as at March 31, 2024, and of its consolidated profit and other comprehensive income, consolidated changes in equity and consolidated cash flows for the year then ended.

### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under Section 143 (10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those SAs are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Ind-AS Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group, its associates and its joint ventures in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated Ind-AS financial statements in terms of the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India and the relevant provisions of the Act, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained along with the consideration of audit reports of the other auditors referred to in paragraphs in the 'Other Matters' section below, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### **Key Audit Matter**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated Ind-AS financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated Ind-AS financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

### **Description of Key Audit Matter**

### Revenue recognition from sale of goods

(refer note 2.18 and 29 to the consolidated Ind-AS financial statements)

### **Key Audit Matter** How the matter was addressed in our audit In case of the Holding Company, as per IND AS 115 -Our audit procedures to assess revenue recognition from sale of goods 'Revenue from Contracts with Customers' revenue is included the following: recognized on transfer of control of goods or services Assessed the compliance of the revenue recognition accounting to a customer, which is on dispatch / delivery as per policies by comparing with Ind AS 115 - "Revenue from Contracts the terms of contracts, at an amount that reflects the with Customers". consideration to which the Company is expected to be entitled to in exchange for those goods or services. Understood and evaluated the design implementation and tested the operating effectiveness of key controls relating to revenue recognition. Revenue recognition includes determination of pricing, Tested the design, implementation and operating effectiveness of the Company's key General Information Technology (IT) controls effect of discounts, sales returns and adjustments for freight reimbursements. and key IT application controls over the Company's systems for revenue recognition, by involving our IT specialists.

**Description of Key Audit Matter (Continued)** 

Revenue recognition from sale of goods (Continued)

### **Key Audit Matter**

Due to the significance of the area and the risk of revenue being fraudulently overstated through manipulation on the timing of transfer of control, revenue recognition is considered as a key audit matter.

### How the matter was addressed in our audit

- Tested sales transactions on a sample basis by comparing the underlying sales invoices, sales orders, dispatch and delivery documents to assess whether revenue was recognized appropriately.
- Tested the timing of recognition of revenue including performing cut-off procedures, to determine whether the same is in line with the terms of contracts.
- Examined manual journal entries posted to revenue to identify any unusual or irregular items.

### Revenue recognition from agri-business

(refer note 2.18 and 29 to the consolidated Ind-AS financial statements)

### **Key Audit Matter**

Certain of the Holding Company's subsidiaries recognises revenue from sale of goods when control of the goods has transferred and when there are no longer any unfulfilled obligations to the customer. Depending on the contractual terms with the customers, this can be either at the time of dispatch or delivery of goods. The subsidiaries have large number of customers and the sales contracts with customers have different terms relating to transfer of control of underlying goods and the right of return.

Recognition of revenue from sale of products is identified as a key audit matter because:

The subsidiaries and its external stakeholders focus on revenue as a key performance indicator. This could create an incentive for higher revenue to be recognised throughout the period (including period end), i.e. before the control of underlying goods have been transferred to the customer; and

Estimation of accrual for sales returns, particularly in the crop protection segment involves significant judgement.

### How the matter was addressed in our audit

Audit procedures performed by the auditors of the subsidiaries included following:

- Assessing the subsidiaries' accounting policies in respect of revenue recognition by comparing with applicable accounting standards;
- Evaluating the design, testing the implementation and operating effectiveness of the subsidiaries' internal controls over recognition of revenue on selected samples of transactions;
- Perform substantive testing and cut-off testing throughout the period (including period end), by selecting samples using statistical sampling of revenue transactions recorded during the year and verifying the underlying documents, which included sales invoices, dispatch documents and proof of delivery, depending on the terms of contracts with customer;
- Examining journal entries (using statistical sampling) posted to revenue to identify unusual or irregular items;
- Evaluating the design and testing the implementation and operating effectiveness of the internal controls over accrual for sales returns, in crop protection segment;
- Checking completeness and accuracy of the data used for accrual of sales returns, in crop protection segment by verifying the historic data with underlying books of accounts.
- Examining historical trend of sales return claims to assess the assumptions and judgements used in accrual of sales returns in crop protection segment. Comparing historically recorded accruals to the actual amount of sales returns;
- Evaluating adequacy of disclosures given in the consolidated financial statements.

**Description of Key Audit Matter (Continued)** 

Revenue recognition from sale of residential and commercial units

(refer notes 2.19, 29 and 57 to the consolidated Ind-AS financial statements)

### **Key Audit Matter**

Certain of the Holding Company's subsidiaries' revenue streams involve sale of residential, commercial units and plots and other lands.

Revenue is recognised post transfer of control to customers for the consideration (transaction price) which the subsidiaries expects to receive in exchange for those units. The trigger for revenue recognition is normally completion of the project or receipt of approvals on completion from relevant authorities post which the contract becomes non-cancellable. The subsidiaries record revenue, over time till the actual possession to the customers, or on actual possession to the customers, as determined by the terms of contract with customers.

# Measurement of revenue recorded over time which is dependent on the estimates of the costs to complete.

Revenue recognition involves significant estimates related to measurement of costs to complete for the projects. Revenue from projects is recorded based on the subsidiaries' assessment of the work completed, costs incurred and accrued and the estimate of the balance costs to complete.

Considering the significant estimate involved in measurement of revenue and risk of revenue being recognised in an incorrect period, revenue recognition is considered as a key audit matter.

### How the matter was addressed in our audit

Audit procedures performed by the auditors of the subsidiaries included the following:

- Obtaining and understanding revenue recognition process including identification of performance obligations and determination of transfer of control of the asset underlying the performance obligation to the customer.
- Evaluating the design and implementation and tested operating effectiveness of key internal controls around approvals of contracts, milestone billing, intimation of receipt of occupation certificate, recording of project cost and controls over collection from customers.
- Evaluating the accounting policies adopted by the subsidiaries for revenue recognition to check those are in line with the applicable accounting standards and their consistent application to the significant sales contracts.
- Testing timeliness of revenue recognition by comparing individual sample sales transactions to underlying contracts.
- Conducting site visits during the year for selected projects to understand the scope, nature and progress of the projects.
- Evaluating revenue overstatement by assessing Group's key judgments in interpreting contractual terms. Determining the point in time at which the control is transferred by evaluating subsidiaries' in-house legal interpretations of the underlying agreements i.e. when contract becomes non-cancellable.
- Requesting confirmations, on a sample basis for trade receivables and advances from customer. In case of non-receipt of confirmations, alternative procedures have been performed by comparing details with contracts, collection details and other underlying project related documentation.
- Assessing the costs incurred and accrued to date on the balance sheet by examining underlying invoices and signed agreements on a sample basis. Assessing contract costs to check no costs of revenue nature are incorrectly recorded in the balance sheet.
- Comparing, on a sample basis, revenue transactions recorded during the year with the underlying contracts, progress reports, invoices raised on customers and collections in bank accounts. Also, checked the related revenue had been recognised in accordance with the subsidiaries' revenue recognition policies.
- Comparing the costs to complete workings with the budgeted costs and inquiring for variance.
- Sighting Group's internal approvals, on sample basis, for changes in budgeted costs along with the rationale for the changes.

**Description of Key Audit Matter (Continued)** 

Revenue recognition from sale of residential and commercial units (Continued)

Key Audit Matter	Ηοι	w the matter was addressed in our audit
	•	Scrutinising the revenue journal entries raised throughout the reporting period and comparing details of a sample of these journals, which met certain risk-based criteria, with relevant underlying documentation.
	•	Considering the adequacy of the disclosures in the consolidated financial statements in respect of the judgments taken in recognising revenue for residential, commercial units and plotted and other lands in accordance with Ind AS 115.

Investments in joint ventures and an associate and loans to joint ventures

(refer note 2.11, 4a and 14 to the consolidated Ind-AS financial statements)

### **Key Audit Matter**

# Recoverability of investments in joint ventures and an associate

The Group's investments in joint ventures and an associate are carried at cost less any diminution in value. The investments are assessed for impairment at each reporting date. The impairment assessment involves the use of estimates and judgements. The identification of impairment event and the determination of an impairment charge also require the application of significant judgement by the Group. The judgement, in particular, is with respect to the timing, quantity and estimation of projected cash flows of the real estate projects in these underlying entities.

In view of the significance of these investments and above, valuation / impairment of investments in joint ventures and an associate has been considered as key audit matter.

### Recoverability of Loans to Joint Ventures

The Group has extended loans to joint ventures. These are assessed for recoverability at each period end.

Due to the nature of the business in the real estate industry, the Group is exposed to heightened risk in respect of the recoverability of the loans granted to its joint ventures. In addition to nature of business, there is also significant judgment involved as to the recoverability of the working capital and project specific loans. This depends on property developments projects being completed over the time period specified in agreements.

We have identified measurement of loans to joint ventures as a key audit matter because recoverability assessment involves subsidiaries significant judgement and estimate.

### How the matter was addressed in our audit

Audit procedures performed by the auditors of the subsidiaries included following:

### Recoverability of investments in joint ventures and an associate

- Evaluating design and implementation and testing operating effectiveness of controls over the subsidiaries' process of impairment assessment and approval of forecasts.
- Assessing the valuation methods used, financial position of the joint ventures and an associate to identify excess of their net assets over their carrying amount of investment by the subsidiaries and assessing profit history of those joint ventures and an associate.
- For the investments where the carrying amount exceeded the net asset value, understanding from the subsidiaries regarding the basis and assumptions used for the projected profitability.
- Verifying the inputs used in the projected profitability.
- Testing the assumptions and understanding the forecasted cash flows of joint ventures and an associate based on our knowledge of the subsidiaries and the markets in which they operate.
- Assessing the comparability of the forecasts with historical information.
- Analysing the possible indications of impairment and understanding subsidiaries' assessment of those indications.
- Considering the adequacy of disclosures in respect of the investments in joint ventures and an associate.

### **Recoverability of Loans to Joint Ventures**

- Evaluating the design and implementation and testing operating effectiveness of key internal controls placed around the impairment assessment process of the recoverability of the loans.
- Assessing the net worth of joint ventures on the basis of latest available financial statements.

**Description of Key Audit Matter (Continued)** 

Investments in joint ventures and an associate and loans to joint ventures (Continued)

Key Audit Matter	Hov	v the matter was addressed in our audit
	•	Assessing the controls for grant of new loans and sighting the Board approvals obtained. Testing of subsidiaries' assessment of the recoverability of the loans, which includes cash flow projections over the duration of the loans. These projections are based on underlying property development appraisals.
	•	$\label{thm:constraints} \textbf{Tracing loans advanced/repaid during the year to bank statement.}$
	•	Obtaining independent confirmations to assess completeness and existence of loans given to joint ventures as on March 31, 2024.

Assessment of impairment of Goodwill and intangible assets

### (refer note 3c and 42 to the consolidated Ind-AS financial statements) How the matter was addressed in our audit **Key Audit Matter** In case of certain of the Holding Company's Audit procedures performed by the auditors of the subsidiaries included subsidiaries, the Goodwill and intangible assets following: with indefinite useful lives is recognised pursuant to Assessing the subsidiaries' accounting policy for impairment of business acquisitions. goodwill and intangible assets with indefinite useful lives with applicable accounting standards; Management performs an annual impairment testing for Goodwill and intangible assets having indefinite Testing the design, implementation and operating effectiveness of useful lives or more frequently, if events or changes key controls placed around the impairment assessment process of in circumstances indicate that they might be impaired. goodwill and intangible assets: Obtaining and assessing the valuation working prepared by the management for its impairment assessment: The goodwill and intangible assets are attributable Involving valuation specialists to assist in the evaluation of to cash generating units and is tested for impairment assumptions such as discount rate, growth rate etc. in estimating using a value in use model. Impairment evaluation of projections, cash flows and methodologies used by the Goodwill and intangible assets having indefinite useful subsidiaries: lives by management involves significant estimates Comparing the current year's performance with the projections and judgement, due to the inherent uncertainty used in previous year; involved in forecasting and discounting future cash Assessing the sensitivity of the outcome of impairment assessment to changes in key assumptions; and Accordingly, this is considered as a key audit matter. Assessing the adequacy of disclosures in respect of such goodwill and intangible assets in accordance with the accounting standards.

**Description of Key Audit Matter (Continued)** 

Assessment of impairment of Goodwill - Investment Company

(refer note 42 to the consolidated Ind-AS financial statements)

### **Key Audit Matter**

One of the Holding Company's subsidiary has goodwill of ₹294.50 crore as at March 31, 2024 which represents goodwill acquired through business combination and allocated to cash generating unit of the Subsidiary.

A cash generating unit to which goodwill has been allocated and to which intangible assets belong to is tested for impairment annually, or more frequently when there is an indication that the unit may be impaired. Impairment of goodwill is determined by assessing the recoverable amount of each cash generating unit to which these assets relate.

Due to the significance of the carrying value of goodwill and judgment involved in performing impairment test, this matter was considered significant to our audit.

### How the matter was addressed in our audit

Our audit procedures included the following:

- Obtained an understanding of the process followed by the management to determine the recoverable amounts of cash generating units to which the goodwill and intangible assets pertain to;
- We compared the future operating cash flow forecasts with the approved business plan and budgets;
- Evaluated the objectivity and independence of the specialists engaged by the Subsidiary and reviewed the valuation reports issued by such specialists;
- Evaluated the model used in determining the value in use of the cash generating units;
- Tested the arithmetical accuracy of the computation of recoverable amounts of cash generating units;
- Compared the transaction price considered for the said subsidiary shares in the transaction undertaken on February 29, 2024 vis a vis the fair value that was considered initially at the time of goodwill recognition; and
- We also assessed the disclosures provided by the Group in relation to its annual impairment test in note 42 to the financial statements.

Impairment of financial assets as at the balance sheet date (Expected Credit Loss) – Housing Finance business (refer note 2.11, 6, and 14 to the consolidated Ind-AS financial statements)

### **Key Audit Matter**

One of the Holding Company's subsidiary has determined that the allowance for Expected Credit Loss (ECL) on loan assets has a high degree of estimation uncertainty, with a potential range of reasonable outcomes for the financial statements.

Ind AS 109 requires the Company to provide for impairment of its loans and advances (designated at amortised cost and fair value through other comprehensive income) using the expected credit loss (ECL) approach. ECL involves an estimation of probability-weighted loss on financial instruments over their life, considering reasonable and supportable information about past events, current conditions, and forecasts of future economic conditions which could impact the credit quality of the Company's loans and advances.

In the process, significant degree of judgement has been applied by the management are :

Grouping of borrowers based on homogeneity by using appropriate statistical techniques;

### How the matter was addressed in our audit

Audit procedures performed by the auditors of the subsidiary included following:

- Understood and assessed the Company's accounting policies for impairment of financial assets and their compliance with Ind AS 109 and the governance framework approved by the Board of Directors pursuant to Reserve Bank of India guidelines.
- Discussed with the management and evaluated the reasonableness of the management estimates by understanding the process of ECL estimation and related assumptions including factors that affect the PD, LGD and EAD and tested the controls around data extraction and validation.
- Reconciled the total loans considered for ECL assessment with the books of accounts to ensure the completeness.

**Description of Key Audit Matter (Continued)** 

Impairment of financial assets as at the balance sheet date (Expected Credit Loss) – Housing Finance business (Continued)

### **Key Audit Matter** How the matter was addressed in our audit Staging of Loans Tested categorization of loan portfolio into different segments. In absence of sufficiently long history and adequate number of defaults in company's own data, estimation Tested the arithmetical accuracy of computation of ECL of Probability of default (PD) is carried out using Logistic Regression model using a Bureau data obtained from Assessed disclosures included in the financial statements Experian on a lookalike portfolio considering various in respect of expected credit losses. factors like Ticket Size, Location, Age, Peer Institution. Determination of Loss Given Default (LGD) and Exposure at Default (EAD). In view of requirement of several data inputs and high management judgements in estimation of ECL, it is a key audit

Impairment of financial assets as at the balance sheet date (Expected Credit Loss) - business in respect of loan against property

(refer note 2.11, 6 and 14 to the consolidated Ind-AS financial statements)

### **Key Audit Matter**

One of the Holding Company's subsidiary has determined that the allowance for Expected Credit Loss (ECL) on loan and advances assets has a high degree of estimation uncertainty.

Since the loans and advances form a major portion of the subsidiary's assets, and due to the significance of the judgments used in classifying loans and advances into various stages as stipulated in Indian Accounting Standard (IND AS) 109 and the management estimation of the related impairment provisions, this is considered to be a key audit matter.

The subsidiary's impairment allowance is derived from estimates including the historical default and loss ratios. Management exercises judgement in determining the quantum of loss based on a range of factors

The most significant areas are:

- Segmentation of loan book
- Determination of exposure at default
- Loan staging criteria
- Calculation of probability of default / Loss given default

The application of ECL model requires several data inputs. This increases the risk of completeness and accuracy of the data that has been used to create assumptions in the model.

### How the matter was addressed in our audit

Audit procedures performed by the auditor of the subsidiary included following:

- Evaluated appropriateness of the impairment principles used by management based on the requirements of Ind AS 109, our business understanding.
- Assessed the design and implementation of key internal financial controls over loan impairment process used to calculate the impairment charge.
- Evaluated management's controls over collation of relevant information used for determining estimates for management overlays.
- Tested review controls over measurement of impairment allowances and disclosures in financial statements.

**Description of Key Audit Matter (Continued)** 

Information Technology ("IT") Systems and Controls - Housing Finance business

### **Key Audit Matter**

In case of one of the Holding Company's subsidiary ,the financial accounting and reporting processes are fundamentally reliant on IT systems and IT controls to process significant voluminous transactions.

IT environment controls, which include IT governance, general IT controls over program development and changes, access to programs and data and IT operations, are required to be designed and to operate effectively to ensure reliable financial reporting.

Hence, IT systems and IT general controls (ITGC) are identified as a key audit matter for the Company.

### How the matter was addressed in our audit

Audit procedures performed by the auditor of the subsidiary included following:

- Tested the design and operating effectiveness of the Company's IT access controls over the IT applications that are important to financial reporting and other identified application controls.
- Tested IT general controls (logical access, changes management and aspects of IT operational controls).
   This included testing requests for access to systems were reviewed and authorized. Tested the company's periodic review of access roles, user id deactivation.
- Reviewed the IS policy.
- Tested change management control. Tested requests of changes to systems for approval and authorization.
- In addition to the above, tested the design and operating effectiveness of certain automated controls that were considered as key internal controls over financial reporting.

### Information Technology ("IT") Systems and Controls - Loan against property business

### **Key Audit Matter**

One of the Holding Company's subsidiary's operational and financial processes are dependent on IT systems due to large volume of transactions that are processed daily.

Therefore, IT systems and controls over financial reporting as a key audit matter for the subsidiary.

### How the matter was addressed in our audit

Audit procedures performed by the auditor of the subsidiary included following:

- Obtained an understanding of the Company's IT control environment relevant to the audit.
- Tested the design, implementation, and operating effectiveness of the Company's General IT controls over the key IT systems which are critical to financial reporting.
- Tested key automated and manual controls and logic for system generated reports relevant to the audit that would materially impact the financial statements.
- In addition to above, the subsidiary auditors have also relied on the work of the internal auditors.

### Information Other than the Standalone Ind-AS Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Holding Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report, Business Responsibility and Sustainability Report, Report on Corporate Governance and shareholders' information, but does not include the consolidated Ind-AS financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated Ind-AS financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated Ind-AS financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated Ind-AS financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

### Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Ind-AS Financial Statements

The Holding Company's Board of Directors are responsible for the preparation and presentation of these consolidated Ind-AS financial statements in terms of the requirements of the Act that give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position, consolidated financial performance, consolidated changes in equity and consolidated cash flows of the Group including its associates and joint ventures, in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) prescribed under Section 133 of the Act. The respective Board of Directors of the companies/ Designated Partners of limited liability partnerships(LLP) included in the Group, its associates and its joint ventures are responsible for maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of each company/LLP and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; the selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the consolidated Ind-AS financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, which have been used for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated Ind-AS financial statements by the Board of Directors of the Holding Company, as aforesaid.

In preparing the consolidated Ind-AS financial statements, the respective Board of Directors of the companies / Designated Partners of the LLPs included in the Group, its associates and its joint ventures are responsible for assessing the ability of each company / LLPs to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the respective Board of Directors / Designated Partners either intends to liquidate the company/ limited liability partnerships or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The respective Board of Directors of the companies/Designated Partners of the LLPs included in the Group, its associates and its joint ventures are responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of the Group, its associates and its joint ventures.

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Ind-AS Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated Ind-AS financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated Ind-AS financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Ind-AS Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under Section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Holding Company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to the consolidated Ind-AS financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the Group, its associates and its joint ventures to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated Ind-AS financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group, its associates and its joint ventures to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated Ind-AS financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated Ind-AS financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of such entities or business activities within the Group, its associates and its joint ventures to express an opinion on the consolidated Ind-AS financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit of the consolidated Ind-AS financial information/ statements of such entities included in the consolidated Ind-AS financial statements of which we are the independent auditors. For the other entities included in the consolidated Ind-AS financial statements, which have been audited by other auditors, such other auditors remain responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audits carried out by them. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion. Our responsibilities in this regard are further described in paragraphs (a) and (b) of the 'Other Matters' section below in this audit report.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of the users of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the consolidated Ind-AS financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance of the Holding Company and such other entities included in the consolidated Ind-AS financial statements of which we are the independent auditors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated Ind-AS financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

### Other matters

a. The consolidated Ind-AS financial statements include the audited financial statements of one branch in United Kingdom, whose financial statements reflect total assets of ₹ 0.16 crore as at March 31 2024, total revenue of ₹ Nil and total net (loss) after tax of ₹ (1.51) crore for the year ended March 31, 2024, before giving effect to consolidation adjustments as considered in the consolidated Ind-AS financial statements, which has been audited by its branch auditor. The branch auditor's report on financial statements of this branch has been furnished to us by the Management.

The branch referred to above is located outside India whose audited financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in their country and which have been audited by the branch auditor under

### Other matters (Continued)

generally accepted auditing standards applicable in their country. The Holding Company's Management has converted the audited financial statements of such branch located outside India from the accounting principles generally accepted in their country to the accounting principles generally accepted in India. We have audited these conversion adjustments made by the Holding Company's Management. Our opinion on the consolidated Ind-AS financial statements, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of this branch, is based solely on the report of such auditor.

- b. The consolidated Ind-AS financial statements include the audited financial statements of forty nine subsidiaries, whose financial statements reflect Group's share of total assets (before consolidation adjustments) of ₹ 52,972.53 crore as at March 31, 2024, total revenues (before consolidation adjustments) of ₹ 13,736.25 crore, total net profit after tax (before consolidation adjustments) of ₹ 1,091.76 crore and net cash inflows (before consolidation adjustments) of ₹ 185.91 crore for the year ended March 31, 2024, respectively, as considered in the consolidated Ind-AS financial statements, which have been audited by their respective independent auditors. The consolidated financial statements also includes the Group's share of total net (loss) after tax (before consolidation adjustments) of ₹ (38.12) crore for the year ended March 31, 2024, in respect of one associate and thirty two joint ventures, whose financial statements have been audited by their respective independent auditors. The independent auditor's reports on annual financial statements of these entities have been furnished to us and our opinion on the consolidated Ind-AS financial statements, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of these subsidiaries, associate and joint ventures, is based solely on the report of such auditors.
- c. The consolidated Ind-AS financial statements include the unaudited financial statements of one subsidiary, whose financial statements reflect Group's share of total assets (before consolidation adjustments) of ₹ 0.002 crore as at March 31, 2024, total revenues (before consolidation adjustments) of ₹ Nil, total net profit after tax (before consolidation adjustments) of ₹ Nil and net cash outflow (before consolidation adjustments) of ₹ Nil for the year ended March 31, 2024, respectively, as considered in the consolidated Ind-AS financial statements. The consolidated Ind-AS financial statements also includes the Group's share of total net (loss) after tax (before consolidation adjustments) of ₹ (15.19) crore for the year ended March 31, 2024, as considered in the consolidated Ind-AS financial statements, in respect of one associate and four joint ventures. These unaudited financial statements have been furnished to us by the Board of Directors and our opinion on the consolidated Ind-AS financial statements, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of these subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures is based solely on such unaudited financial statements /financial information. According to the information and explanations given to us by the Board of Directors, these financial statements are not material to the Group.

Our opinion on the consolidated Ind-AS financial statements, and our report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements below, is not modified in respect of the above matters with respect to our reliance on the work done and the reports of the other auditors and the financial statements/financial information certified by the Management.

### Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of Section 143 (11) of the Act, we give in the "Annexure A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- (A) As required by Section 143 (3) of the Act, we report, to the extent applicable, and on the consideration of the report of the other auditors as noted in the "Other Matters" paragraph above that:
  - We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations, which to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of our audit of the aforesaid consolidated Ind-AS financial statements;
  - In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law relating to preparation of the aforesaid consolidated Ind-AS financial statements have been kept so far as it appears from our examination of those books and the reports of the other auditors, except for the matters stated in paragraph 2(B)(f) below on reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 and that the back-up of one accounting software which form part of the 'books of account and other relevant books and papers in electronic mode' of one of the subsidiary has not been kept on the servers physically located in India.
  - c) The report on the accounts of the branch office of the Holding Company audited under Section 143(8) of the Act by branch auditors have been sent to us / other auditors and have been properly dealt with by us / other auditors in preparing the respective reports.

### Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements (Continued)

- d) The consolidated balance sheet, the consolidated statement of profit and loss (including other comprehensive income), the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows dealt with by this report are in agreement with the relevant books of account maintained for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated Ind-AS financial statements;
- e) In our opinion, the aforesaid consolidated Ind-AS financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with relevant rules issued thereunder.
- f) On the basis of the written representations received from the Directors of the Holding Company as on March 31, 2024 and taken on record by the Board of Directors of the Holding Company, and the reports of the statutory auditors of its subsidiary companies, associate companies and joint venture companies incorporated in India, none of the Directors of the Group companies, its associate companies and its joint venture companies incorporated in India is disgualified as on March 31, 2024 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act;
- g) The observation relating to the maintenance of accounts and other matters connected therewith are as stated in the 2(A)(b) above on reporting under Section 143(3)(b) and paragraph 2(B)(f) below on reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014; and
- h) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated Ind-AS financial statements of the Holding Company and its subsidiary companies, its associate companies and its joint venture companies incorporated in India and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in "Annexure B".
- (B) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 ("the Rules"), in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us and based on the consideration of the reports of the other auditors, as noted in the "Other Matters" paragraph above:
  - a) The consolidated Ind-AS financial statements disclose the impact of pending litigations as at March 31, 2024 on the consolidated financial position of the Group, its associates and joint ventures - Refer Note 37 to the consolidated financial statements.
  - b) Provision has been made in the consolidated Ind-AS financial statements, as required under the applicable law or accounting standards, for material foreseeable losses, if any, on long term contracts including derivative contracts. Refer Note 26 to the consolidated Ind-AS financial statements in respect of such items as it relates to the Group, its associates and its joint ventures.
  - c) There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Holding Company or its subsidiary companies, associate companies and joint venture companies incorporated in India during the year ended March 31, 2024.
  - d) The respective Management of the Holding Company and its subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures which are incorporated in India whose financials statements have been audited under the Act have represented to us and the other auditors of such subsidiaries, associates and joints ventures respectively that:
    - (i) to the best of their knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in note 55 to the consolidated Ind-AS financial statements, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Holding Company or any of such subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures incorporated in India to or in any other persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Holding Company or any of such subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures incorporated in India ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
    - (ii) to the best of their knowledge and belief, no funds have been received by the Holding Company or any such subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures incorporated in India from any persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Holding Company any such subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures incorporated in India shall, directly

### Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements (Continued)

or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

Based on such audit procedures as considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e) of the Rules as provided under (d)(i) and (d)(ii) above, contain any material misstatement.

(e) The dividend paid during the year by one subsidiary of the Group and one associate is in accordance with section 123 of the Act, as applicable.

The Board of Directors of one subsidiary company have proposed final dividend for the year which is subject to the approval of the members at respective ensuing Annual General Meeting. The amount of dividend proposed is in accordance with section 123 of the Act, as applicable.

The Holding Company and its other subsidiaries, associates and joint venture companies incorporated in India neither declared nor paid any dividend during the year.

- (f) Based on our examination which included test checks and that performed by the respective auditors of the subsidiary, associate and joint venture companies, incorporated in India whose financial statements/ financial information have been audited under the Act, except for instances mentioned below, the Holding Company, its subsidiaries, associate and joint venture companies incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act, have used an accounting software for maintaining its books of account, which along with access management tool, as applicable, have a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in respective softwares.
  - In respect of the nineteen subsidiary companies and seven joint venture companies, the feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility was not enabled for changes performed by privileged users at the application level for the accounting software used for maintaining the books of account for the period from 1 April 2023 to 8 April 2023.
  - ii. In respect of the eight subsidiary companies and six joint venture companies, in the absence of independent auditor's reports in relation to controls at service organizations for accounting softwares used for maintaining the books of accounts relating to revenue, trade receivables, and other related accounts, which are operated by third-party software service providers, we are unable to comment whether audit trail feature for the said softwares was enabled at the database level and operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the respective softwares.
  - iii. In respect of one subsidiary company, the feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility was not enabled at the database level to log any direct data changes for the accounting software used for maintaining the books of account related to revenue and trade receivables for the period from 1 April 2023 to 31 March 2024.
  - iv. In respect of one subsidiary company, which is using a third party software for recording and monitoring the health of cattles and quantitative consumption of feed is taken from the same, wherein the audit trail data is available with the third party software service provider and in the absence of a log report, we are unable to comment whether the audit trail feature of the said software was enabled and operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software or whether there were any instances of the audit trail feature been tampered with.
  - v. In respect of one associate company, in the absence of independent auditor's report for the period April 1, 2023 to March 31, 2024 in relation to controls at service organization for accounting software used for maintaining the books of account relating to consolidation process, which is operated by a third-party software service provider, we are unable to comment whether audit trail feature of the said software was enabled and operated for the period April 1, 2023 to March 31, 2024 for all relevant transactions recorded in the software.

### Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements (Continued)

Further, during the course of our audit, we and respective auditors of the above referred subsidiaries, associates and jointly venture companies did not come across any instance of audit trail feature being tampered with

As proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, is applicable from April 1, 2023, reporting under Rule 11 (g) of the Rules on preservation of audit trail as per the statutory requirements for record retention is not applicable for the year ended March 31, 2024.

(C) With respect to the matter to be included in the Auditor's Report under Section 197 (16) of the Act, as amended, in our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us and based on the reports of the statutory auditors of such subsidiary companies, associate companies and joint venture companies incorporated in India which were not audited by us, the remuneration paid during the current year by the Holding Company and its subsidiary companies, associate companies and joint venture companies incorporated in India, to its directors is in accordance with the provisions of Section 197 of the Act. The remuneration paid to any director by the Holding Company and its subsidiary companies, associate companies and joint venture companies incorporated in India is not in excess of the limit laid down under Section 197 of the Act. The Ministry of Corporate Affairs has not prescribed other details under Section 197(16) of the Act which are required to be commented upon by us.

### For KALYANIWALLA & MISTRY LLP

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS
Firm Registration No. 104607W/W100166

Jamshed K. Udwadia PARTNER Membership No. 124658 UDIN: 24124658BKAIZD1831 Mumbai, May 17, 2024

### Annexure 'A' to the Independent Auditor's Report

With reference to the Annexure A referred to in Paragraph 1 in "Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements" of the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the Members of the Holding Company on the consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024, we report that:

(xxi) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the following companies incorporated in India and included in the consolidated financial statements, have unfavorable remarks, qualifications, or adverse remarks given by the respective auditors in their reports under the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 (CARO):

Sr. No.	Name of the entities	CIN	Holding Company/ Subsidiary/ Joint Venture/ Associate	Clause number of the CARO report which is unfavourable or qualified or adverse
1	Godrej Industries Limited	L24241MH1988PLC097781	Holding Company	xvii
2	Godrej Cattle Genetics Private Limited	U01119MH2016PTC280677	Subsidiary	xvii
3	Astec Lifesciences Limited	L99999MH1994PLC076236	Subsidiary	xvii
4	Ashank Land & Building Private Limited	U70200MH2018PTC317814	Subsidiary	xvii
5	Citystar InfraProjects Limited	U45400WB2008PLC122810	Subsidiary	xvii
6	Godrej Garden City Properties Private Limited	U74900MH2011PTC213782	Subsidiary	xvii
7	Godrej Green Woods Private Limited	U45309MH2020PTC340019	Subsidiary	xvii
8	Godrej Precast Construction Private Limited	U45309MH2020PTC342204	Subsidiary	xvii
9	Godrej Realty Private Limited	U70100MH2005PTC154268	Subsidiary	xvii
10	Godrej Projects Development Limited	U70102MH2010PLC210227	Subsidiary	xvii
11	Godrej Skyline Developers Private Limited	U45309MH2016PTC287858	Subsidiary	xvii, xix
12	Godrej Residency Private Limited	U70109MH2017PTC292515	Subsidiary	xvii
13	Godrej Living Private Limited	U45201MH2022PTC375864	Subsidiary	xvii
14	Munjal Hospitality Private Limited	U55204PB2007PTC039380	Joint Venture	xvii
15	Madhuvan Enterprises Private Limited	U70109KA2019PTC127534	Joint Venture	xvii
16	Vagishwari Land Developers Private Limited	U45208TG2015PTC101945	Joint Venture	xvii
17	Wonder Project Development Private Limited	U70102MH2015PTC265969	Joint Venture	xvii, xix
18	Yerwada Developers Private Limited	U45403MH2021PTC371791	Joint Venture	xvii
19	Godrej Consumer Supplies Limited	U20230MH2023PLC415494	Associate	xvii

### Annexure 'A' to the Independent Auditor's Report (Continued)

The above does not include comments, if any, in respect of the following entities as the CARO report relating to them has not been issued by its auditor till the date of respective principal auditor's report:

Name of the entities	CIN	Subsidiary/ Joint Venture/ Associate
Godrej Hillside Properties Private Limited	U70102MH2015PTC263237	Subsidiary
Godrej Home Developers Private Limited	U70102MH2015PTC263223	Subsidiary
Godrej Genesis Facilities Management Private Limited	U70100MH2016PTC273316	Subsidiary
Godrej Real Estate Distribution Company Private Limited	U68200MH2023PTC407021	Subsidiary
Godrej Macbricks Private Limited	U70100MH2017PTC302864	Joint Venture
Godrej Greenview Housing Private Limited	U70102MH2015PTC264491	Joint Venture
Godrej Real View Developers Private Limited	U45309MH2016PTC285438	Joint Venture
Godrej Green Homes Private Limited	U70200MH2013PTC251378	Joint Venture
Godrej Redevelopers (Mumbai) Private Limited	U70102MH2013PTC240297	Joint Venture

### For KALYANIWALLA & MISTRY LLP

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS
Firm Registration No. 104607W/W100166

Jamshed K. Udwadia PARTNER

Membership No. 124658 UDIN: 24124658BKAIZD1831 Mumbai, May 17, 2024

### Annexure B to the Independent Auditors' Report

The Annexure referred to in Paragraph 2(A)(h) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' of our Independent Auditor's Report to the members of the Holding Company on the consolidated Ind-AS financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024:

Report on the Internal Financial Controls with reference to the aforesaid consolidated Ind-AS financial statements under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

In conjunction with our audit of the consolidated Ind-AS financial statements of **GODREJ INDUSTRIES LIMITED** ("the Holding Company") and its subsidiaries, its associates and its joint ventures as of and for the year ended March 31, 2024, we have audited the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated Ind-AS financial statements of the Holding Company and have consolidated the reporting on internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of its subsidiaries, associates and joint venture companies incorporated in India, which have been furnished to us by the Management for our reporting on consolidated Ind-AS financial statements as of that date.

### Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for Internal Financial Controls

The respective company's Board of Directors are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls with reference to consolidated Ind-AS financial statements based on the criteria established by the respective company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the respective company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013 (hereinafter referred to as "the Act").

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated Ind-AS financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note and the Standards on Auditing, prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls with reference to consolidated Ind-AS financial statements, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to consolidated Ind-AS financial statements were established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated Ind-AS financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to consolidated Ind-AS financial statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to consolidated Ind-AS financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of the internal controls based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated Ind-AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained and the audit evidence obtained by the other auditors of the relevant subsidiary companies, associate companies and joint venture companies in terms of their audit reports referred to in Other Matter paragraph below, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated Ind-AS financial statements.

### Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with reference to consolidated Ind-AS financial statements

A company's internal financial control with reference to consolidated Ind-AS financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of consolidated Ind-AS financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control with reference to consolidated Ind-AS financial statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of consolidated Ind-AS financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the

### Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with reference to consolidated Ind-AS financial statements (Continued)

company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the consolidated financial statements.

### Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with reference to consolidated Ind-AS financial statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to consolidated Ind-AS financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated Ind-AS financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated Ind-AS financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

### Opinion

In our opinion and based on the consideration of the audit reports of the other auditors on internal financial controls with reference to Standalone/Consolidated Financial Statements of its subsidiary companies, its associate companies and its joint venture companies, the Holding Company and such companies incorporated in India which are its subsidiary companies, its associate companies and its joint venture companies, have, in all material respects, adequate internal financial controls with reference to consolidated Ind-AS financial statements and such internal financial controls were operating effectively as at March 31, 2024, based on the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated Ind-AS financial statements criteria established by such companies considering the essential components of such internal controls stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (the "Guidance Note").

### **Other Matter**

Our aforesaid report under Section 143(3)(i) of the Act on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated Ind-AS financial statements in so far as it relates to twenty seven subsidiary companies, one associate company and fourteen joint venture companies, which are companies incorporated in India, is based on the corresponding audit reports of the auditors of such companies incorporated in India.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of above matter.

### For KALYANIWALLA & MISTRY LLP

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS
Firm Registration No. 104607W/W100166

Jamshed K. Udwadia PARTNER Membership No. 124658 UDIN: 24124658BKAIZD1831 Mumbai, May 17, 2024

# Consolidated Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2024

Particulars	Note	As at	Amount ₹ in Crore
ASSETS	No.	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Non Current Assets			
Property, Plant and Equipment	3	4,538.56	3,475.24
Capital Work in Progress	3a	441.63	925.90
Rights of use Assets	45	330.21	332.00
Investment Property	3b	315.03	319.20
Goodwill	42	972.82	972.82
Other Intangible Assets	3c	140.74	136.29
Intangible Assets Under Development	3d	20.69	15.99
Biological Assets other than bearer plants	3e	67.78	33.17
Equity accounted investees	4a	4,908.39	5,203.63
Financial Assets	41-	005.04	700 50
Investments	4b	625.61	706.58
Trade Receivables	5	65.05	160.27
Loans Other Financial Assets	6	8,644.18 201.51	4,753.46 104.83
Deferred Tax Assets (Net)	7 8	437.88	469.3
Other tax assets (net)		407.72	202.12
Other Non Current Assets	9	45.81	64.3
Current Assets		40.01	04.3
Biological Assets other than bearer plants	3e	72.91	97.8
Inventories	10	24.442.79	13,976.9
Financial Assets	10	21,112.70	10,070.0
Investments	11	3,135.17	2,098.7
Trade Receivables	12	1,275.15	1,500.2
Cash and cash equivalents	13a	1,878,81	1,576.9
Other Bank balances	13b	1,630.85	1,378.0
Loans	14	3,513.95	2,849.5
Other Financial Assets	15	1,319.72	1,407.3
Current Tax Assets (Net)		-	
Other Current Assets	16	2,115.24	1,214.3
TOTAL ASSETS		61,548.20	43,975.0
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
EQUITY			
Equity Share Capital	17	33.67	33.6
Other Equity	18	7,967.64	7,950.6
Equity attributable to owners of the Company		8,001.31	7,984.2
Non-controlling interest		7,117.75	6,316.5
TOTAL EQUITY		15,119.06	14,300.8
LIABILITIES			
Non Current Liabilities			
Financial Liabilities  Borrowings	19	11,593.49	7,083.9
Lease Liabilities	19 45	127.46	142.7
Other Financial Liabilities	20	36.17	24.0
Provisions	21	53.04	43.0
Deferred Tax Liabilities (Net)	22	219.53	230.9
Other Non Current Liabilities	23	13.79	14.6
Current Liabilities		10.70	11.0
Financial Liabilities			
Borrowings	24	17,213.98	12,364.6
Lease Liabilities	45	60.97	51.1
Trade Payables	25		****
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises		241.75	150.6
<u> </u>			
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises		4,747.24	4,718.1
Other Financial Liabilities	26	1,762.50	1,450.2
Other Current Liabilities	27	10,127.26	3,213.2
Provisions  Output Table 1997 (Alab)	28	116.09	136.6
Current Tax Liabilities (Net)		115.87	50.2
TOTAL LIABILITIES		46,429.14	29,674.2
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES  Material Accounting Policies	2	61,548.20	43,975.0
Material Accounting Policies  The accompanying notes form an integral part of the Consolidated Ind AS financial statements	2		

As per our Report attached

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

For Kalyaniwalla & Mistry LLP

Chartered Accountants Firm Regn. No. : 104607W/ W100166 Godrej Industries Limited CIN No.: L24241MH1988PLC097781

N. B. Godrej

Chairman and Managing Director DIN: 00066195

Clement Pinto

Chief Financial Officer Mumbai, May 17, 2024 Vishal Sharma

Executive Director & CEO (Chemicals) DIN: 00085416

Tejal Jariwala Company Secretary

Jamshed K. Udwadia

Partner M.No. :124658 Mumbai, May 17, 2024

# Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended March 31, 2024

			Amount ₹ in Crore
Particulars	Note	Year ended	Year ended
	No.	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Income			
Revenue from Operations	29	16,600.62	16,740.25
Other Income	30	1,496.36	1,022.11
Total Income		18,096.98	17,762.36
Expenses		·	<u>,                                      </u>
Cost of Materials Consumed	31a	9,006.53	10,174.88
Cost of Property Development	31b	6,787.01	6,453.76
Purchases of Stock in Trade		792.35	742.86
Changes in Inventories of Finished Goods, Stock in Trade and Work in Progress	32	(5,165.67)	(5,257.46)
Employee Benefits Expenses	33	1,210.90	943.04
Finance Costs	34	1,352.42	942.70
Depreciation and Amortisation Expenses	35a	370.75	304.52
Other Expenses	35b	2,724.97	2,172.95
Total Expenses		17,079.26	16.477.25
Profit Before Share of Profit of Equity Accounted Investees and Tax		1,017.72	1,285.11
Share of Profit (net) of Equity Accounted Investees (net of Income Tax)		(53.28)	395.47
Profit before Tax		964.44	1,680.58
Tax Expense		00	1,000.00
Current Tax			
-for the year	43	313.24	277.00
-for Prior Period	43	(4.64)	4.56
Deferred Tax	43	60.68	(21.62)
Total Tax Expenses		369.28	259.94
Profit for the Year		595.16	1,420.64
Other Comprehensive Income		000.10	1,120.01
Items that will not be reclassified to Profit / (Loss)			
a) Remeasurements of defined benefit plans		(4.50)	(3.00)
b) Equity accounted investees' share of other comprehensive income		0.55	(3.04)
Income Tax related to Items that will not be reclassified to Profit or Loss		0.96	1.08
Items that will be reclassified to Profit or Loss		5.55	1.00
a) Exchange differences on translation of financial statements of foreign operation	S	3.24	17.38
b) Equity accounted investees' share of other comprehensive income /(loss)	<u>-</u>	(32.18)	130.05
Income Tax related to Items that will be reclassified to Profit or Loss		0.14	(0.02)
Total Other Comprehensive Income		(31.80)	142.45
Total Comprehensive Income for the Year		563.36	1,563.09
Net Profit Attributable to :			,
a) Owners of the Company		59.97	974.78
b) Non-Controlling Interest		535.19	445.86
Other Comprehensive Income Attributable to :			
a) Owners of the Company		(30.20)	143.60
b) Non-Controlling Interest		(1.60)	(1.15)
Total Comprehensive Income Attributable to :		,/	· -7
a) Owners of the Company		29.77	1,118.38
b) Non-Controlling Interest		533.59	444.71
Earnings Per Equity share (Face Value of ₹ 1 each)	36		
Basic		1.78	28.96
Diluted		1.78	28.95
Material Accounting Policies	2		
The accompanying notes form an integral part of the Consolidated Ind AS financial sta	atements		

As per our Report attached

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

For Kalyaniwalla & Mistry LLP

**Chartered Accountants** 

**Godrej Industries Limited** CIN No.: L24241MH1988PLC097781

Firm Regn. No.: 104607W/ W100166

N. B. Godrej DIN: 00066195 Vishal Sharma

Jamshed K. Udwadia Partner

Executive Director & CEO (Chemicals) DIN: 00085416

M.No.:124658 Mumbai, May 17, 2024

**Clement Pinto** Chief Financial Officer Mumbai, May 17, 2024

Chairman and Managing Director

Tejal Jariwala Company Secretary Amount ₹ In Crore

Total

# Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended March 31, 2024

Equity Share Capital (refer note 17)

	As at March 31	າ 31. 2024	As at March 31.	131, 2023
	No. of Shares	Amount	No. of Shares	Amount
		₹ In Crore		₹ In Crore
at the beginning of the year	336,638,257	33.66	336,584,313	33.66
s in equity share capital during the year*	52,484	00.0	53,944	00.0
and of the send of the second	226 600 744	73 66	236 630 367	22 00

<sup>\*</sup> Amount less than ₹ 0.01 crore.

Other Equity (refer note 18)

Non Controlling Interest Total
Before Non Controlling **7,092.90** 974.78 143.59 Cash flow Foreign Operations
Hedge - Foreign Currency
Reserve Translation 103.92 Items of Other Comprehensive Income Gain on sale of subsidiary without losing control Debenture Redemption Reserve Employee Stock Grant Outstanding Capital
Reserve on account of Capital Reserve Capital Redemption Reserve 31.46 General Reserve Retained Non Earnings Controlling Interest Cuber Comprehensive Income (net of tax)
Advance share of profit relating to NCI
Transler from Employee Slock Option Gant
Share Based cawments to employees
Adjustment for IND AS Put option Lability
Divident paid
Additions during the year
Transler to Special Reserve
Additions during ne year
Controlling nitress!
Balance as at March 31, 2023 Balance as at April 01 ,2022 Particulars

' Amount less than ₹ 0.01 crore.

Refer Note 18 for Nature and Purpose of Reserves. The accompanying notes form an integral part of the Consolidated Ind AS financial statements

As per our Report attached

For Kalyaniwalla & Mistry LLP

Chartered Accountants Firm Regn. No.: 104607W/ W100166

Jamshed K. Udwadia

M.No. :124658 Mumbai, May 17, 2024

Mumbai, May 17, 2024 Chief Financial Officer Clement Pinto

Chairman and Managing Director

Amount ₹ In Crore

(1,054.96) 6,316.56 14,267.18

(57.26)

(997.70) 7,950.62

(0.42)250.81

0.00 (1.87)

(1.55)10.15

0.00 28.81

9.34

17.64 (6.39)

925.14

31.46

106.09 1.05

2,097.05 (1,009.34)

4,295.33

(4.09) (7.60)

9.64

180.67

(1.08)

						Other	Other Equity					Items of Oth	Items of Other Comprehensive Income	Total Before Non	Non Controlling	Total
Particulars	Retained Earnings Contro	Non Controlling Interest Reserve	General Reserve	Capital Redemption Reserve	Security Premium	Capital Reserve	Capital Reserve on account of Amalgamation	Special Reserve	Employee Stock Grant Outstanding	Debenture Redemption Reserve	Gain on sale of subsidiary without losing control	Cash flow Hedge Reserve	oreign Operations Foreign Currency Translation Differences	ontrolling	Interest	
Balance as at April 01, 2023	4,295.33	2,097.05	106.09	31.46	925.14	28.81	17.64	9.34	10.15		180.67	(1.87)	250.81	7,950.62	6,316.56	14,267.18
Profit for the year	59.97									•				26.92	535.19	595.16
Other Comprehensive Income (net of tax)	(1.22)									•		2.12	(31.10)	(30.20)	(1.60)	(31.80)
Transfer from Employee Stock Option Grant		5.58			2.37				(7.95)	•					0.0	0.09
Share based payments to employees	•	•	•			•			10.85					10.85		10.85
Adjustment for IND AS Put option Liability	(3.23)			•			•					•		(3.23)	•	(3.23)
Dividend paid	(64.12)	•	•	•						•		•		(64.12)	(1.06)	(65.18)
Additions during the year	1.08	949.48		•								•	(0.52)	920.04		950.04
Transfer to Special Reserve	(16.02)	•	•	•			•	16.02		•		•		•		•
Transfer of debenture redemption reserve	(06.6)	•	•	•			•			06.6		•		•		•
On Amalgamation (refer note 54 - II (c) and III (c))	•	•	•	•			•			•	•	•		•	313.08	313.08
Adjustment arising on acquisition / Deletion and Non Controlling Interest	74.90	(976.33)		•	•		•	(96:0)	(0.81)	(3.48)	•	(0.14)	0.53	(906.28)	(44.52)	(950.80)
Balance as at March 31, 2024	4,336.78	2,075.78	106.09	31.46	927.51	28.81	17.64	24.40	12.24	6.42	180.67	0.12	219.72	7,967.64	7,117.75	15,085.39

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

Godrej Industries Limited CIN No.: L24241MH1988PLC097781

Executive Director & CEO (Chemicals) DIN: 00085416 Vishal Sharma

Company Secretary Tejal Jariwala

# Consolidated Cash Flow Statement for the year ended March 31, 2024

	Particulars	Year ended	Amount ₹ in Crore  Year ended
_	Out Fig. For Our Pro Add War	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Α.	Cash Flow From Operating Activities:	064.44	4 600 50
	Profit Before Tax	964.44	1,680.58
	Adjustments for:	270.75	204 52
	Depreciation and Amortisation Unrealised Foreign Exchange revaluation	370.75 33.15	304.52 11.60
	(Profit) on Sale of Investments (net)	(138.01)	(151.89)
	Loss / (Profit) on Sale, Write off and Provision of Property Plant and Equipment (net)	5.64	(68.94)
	Grant amortisation	(1.48)	(1.25)
	Financial Assets Written off	20.83	47.39
	Interest Income	(619.07)	(635.58)
	Interest & Finance Charges	1,349.51	941.61
	Employee Stock Grant Scheme	10.96	9.65
	(Loss) on Investment measured at Fair value through Profit and Loss	(58.91)	(20.96)
	Bad Debts written off	27.87	34.91
	Write down of inventories	(30.71)	10.31
	Share of profit of Equity accounted investees (net of tax)	53.28	(395.47)
	Provision for Doubtful Debts and other financial assets (net)	33.63	18.37
	Liabilities no longer required written back	(42.45)	(3.50)
	Fair value gain upon acquisition of control	(497.07)	-
	Change in fair value of Biological Assets	(7.06)	(3.05)
	Dividend Income	(0.21)	(0.18)
	Gain on Lease modification	(0.42)	(0.07)
	Lease rent from investment property	(4.31)	(1.26)
	Operating Profit Before Working Capital Changes	1,470.36	1,776.80
	Adjustments for :		
	Increase in Non-financial Liabilities	4,901.14	1,001.02
	Increase in Financial Liabilities	50.29	339.88
	(Increase) in Inventories	(4,890.93)	(3,836.59)
	(Increase) in Biological assets other than bearer plants	(2.61)	(27.77)
	(Increase) in Non-financial Assets	(698.02)	(143.35)
	(Increase) in Financial Assets	(4,665.05)	(3,227.11)
	Cash (used in) Operations	(3,834.82)	(4,117.12)
	Direct Taxes Paid (net of refunds)	(449.30)	(292.26)
	Net Cash (used in) Operating Activities	(4,284.12)	(4,409.38)
B.	Cash Flow from Investing Activities:	(4.40=.40)	(00= 00)
	Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment	(1,197.49)	(827.68)
	Proceeds from Sale of Property, Plant and Equipment	10.75	86.69
	Withdrawal / (Investment) in joint ventures and associate (net)	65.11	(413.75)
	Payment / Acquisition of Non Controlling interest	(65.89)	0.117.00
	(Purchase)/Proceeds of Investment (net)	(1,181.04)	2,117.66
	Acquisition of Subsidiaries (refer note 54)*	(109.47)	0.00
	Loan (given to) / refunded by joint ventures, others (net)	(616.95)	536.08 (17.16)
	Investment in debentures of joint ventures  Interest Received	0.37 290.04	285.14
	Dividend Received	48.25	7.02
	Lease rent from investment property	4.31	1.26
	Net Cash(used in) / generated from Investing Activities	(2,752.01)	1,775.26
C.	Cash Flow from Financing Activities:	(2,732.01)	1,775.20
· ·	Proceeds from issue of Equity shares *	0.01	0.00
	Transactions with non-controlling interests	47.42	(270.85)
	Proceeds from Non Current Borrowings	6,721.06	4,067.83
	Repayment of Non Current Borrowings	(1,898.90)	(1,996.36)
	Payment of lease liabilities	(66.81)	(47.67)
	Proceeds from / (Repayment of) Current Borrowings (net)	4,556.85	2,995.44
	Interest & Finance Charges Paid	(2,075.86)	(1,147.74)
	Dividend Paid	(65.11)	(65.81)
	Payment of unclaimed fixed deposits	(0.03)	(0.22)
	Net Cash generated from Financing Activities	7,218.63	3,534.62
	Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	182.50	900.50
	Cash and Cash Equivalents (Opening Balance)	1,576.96	600.37
	Acquisition of Cash pursuant to acquisition of subsidiaries (refer note 54)	105.40	75.86
	Acquisition of Cash pursuant to acquisition of subsidiaries (refer note 54)		10.00
	Effect of exchange rate fluctuations on cash held  Cash and Cash Equivalents (Closing Balance)	0.14 1,865.00	0.23 1,576.96

<sup>\*</sup>Amount less than ₹ 0.01 crore

# Consolidated Cash Flow Statement for the year ended March 31, 2024

### Notes:

1 The Cash Flow Statement has been prepared under the indirect method as set out in Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS 7) Statement of Cash Flows.

### 2 Cash and Cash Equivalents

		Amount ₹ in Crore
Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Balances with Banks		
Current Accounts	1,213.30	505.39
Deposits having maturity less than 3 months	585.30	571.61
Certificate of Deposits having maturity less than 3 months	24.99	469.66
Cheques, Drafts on Hand	52.43	27.09
Cash on Hand	2.79	3.21
Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,878.81	1,576.96
Bank Overdraft repayable on Demand	(13.81)	-
Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,865.00	1,576.96

### 3 Effect of acquisition of control in Joint Venture on the financial position of the Group

		Amount ₹ in Crore
Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Property, plant and equipment	28.94	1.65
Capital Work-in-Progress	0.24	-
Intangible assets	0.07	0.02
Non-current financial assets	27.12	9.06
Deferred tax liabilities (Net)	39.70	(0.63)
Income tax assets (Net)	9.89	6.70
Inventories	5,465.62	1,234.75
Current financial assets	254.24	172.32
Cash and cash equivalents	105.40	75.86
Current non-financial assets	146.41	48.67
Provisions	(1.39)	(0.39)
Current financial liabilities	(2,802.82)	(1,208.61)
Current non-financial liabilities	(2,060.50)	(254.67)
Current tax liabilities	-	(0.60)
Assets net of liabilities	1,212.93	84.13
Consideration paid, satisfied in cash	109.47	29.04
Cash and cash equivalents acquired	105.40	75.86
Net cash Outflow / (Inflows)	4.07	(46.82)

4	Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities					Amount ₹ in Crore
	Particulars	As at	Cash Flow	Non Cash	Changes	
		April 01, 2023	_	Business	Fair value/	As at
				combination	Classification	March 31,
					Changes	2024
	Non Current Borrowings (includes Current maturities of Long	9,462.11	4,822.16	-	(900.81)	13,383.46
	term Debt )					
	Current Borrowings	9,986.44	4,556.85	-	880.72	15,424.01
	Total Borrowings	19,448.55	9,379.02	-	(20.09)	28,807.47

The accompanying notes form an integral part of Consolidated financial statements

As per our Report attached

For Kalyaniwalla & Mistry LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm Regn. No. : 104607W/ W100166

Jamshed K. Udwadia Partner M.No. :124658 Mumbai, May 17, 2024 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

Godrej Industries Limited CIN No.: L24241MH1988PLC097781

N. B. Godrej

Chairman and Managing Director

DIN: 00066195

Clement Pinto Chief Financial Officer Mumbai, May 17, 2024 Vishal Sharma

Executive Director & CEO (Chemicals)

DIN: 00085416

Tejal Jariwala Company Secretary

### Note 1

### 1.1 Group Overview

Godrej Industries Limited ("the Company") including its Subsidiaries, and interests in Joint Ventures, Associates and Limited Liability Partnerships (collectively referred to as "the Group"), is engaged in the business of Chemicals, Agri Inputs, Estate and Property Development, Hospitality, Vegetable Oil, Finance and Investments, Dairy, Animal Feeds, and other related activities. The Company is domiciled and incorporated in the Republic of India with its registered address situated at Godrej One, Pirojshanagar, Vikhroli (East), Mumbai - 400079 and is listed on BSE Limited and The National Stock Exchange of India Limited (NSE).

### 1.2 Basis of preparation

The Consolidated Ind-AS Financial Statements of the Group have been prepared on an accrual basis to comply in all material aspects with the Indian Accounting Standards (hereinafter referred to as the 'Ind AS') as notified by Ministry of Corporate Affairs pursuant to section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended from time to time and other provisions of the Act. The Consolidated Ind-AS Financial Statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis except for the following:

- certain financial assets and liabilities (including derivative instruments) that are measured at fair value (refer accounting policy regarding financial instruments).
- asset held for sale and biological assets measured at fair value less cost to sell;
- defined benefit plans- plan assets measured at fair value less present value of defined benefit obligation; and
- share based payments measured at fair value.

The Consolidated Ind-AS Financial Statements have been prepared on a going concern basis. The accounting policies are applied consistently to all the periods presented in the Consolidated Ind-AS Financial Statements.

All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per the normal operating cycle of each entity in the Group and other criteria as set out in Division II of Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013. Based on the nature of products and the time between acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents, the Group has ascertained its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of current or non-current classification of assets and liabilities except for under construction real estate projects.

The normal operating cycle in respect of operations relating to under construction real estate projects depends on signing of agreement, size of the project, phasing of the project, type of development, project complexities, approvals needed & realization of project into cash & cash equivalents and range from 3 to 7 years. Accordingly, project related assets & liabilities have been classified into current & non-current based on operating cycle of respective projects.

The Consolidated Ind-AS Financial Statements of the Group for the year ended March 31, 2024 were approved for issue in accordance with the resolution of the Board of Directors on May 17, 2024.

### 1.3 Functional and presentation currency

The Consolidated Ind-AS Financial Statements are presented in Indian rupees, which is the Group's functional currency. All financial information presented in Indian rupees have been rounded to the nearest crore, unless otherwise indicated.

### 1.4 Key estimates and assumptions

The preparation of Consolidated Ind-AS Financial Statements requires Management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions in the application of accounting policies that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates. Continuous evaluation is done on the estimation and judgments based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable.

Information about critical judgments in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities, are as follows:

a. Evaluation of satisfaction of performance obligation at a point in time for the purpose of revenue recognition

Determination of revenue under the satisfaction of performance obligations at a point in time necessarily involves making estimates, some of which are of a technical nature, concerning, where relevant, the percentages of completion,

### Note 1

costs to completion, the expected revenues from the project or activity and the foreseeable losses to completion. Estimates of project income, as well as project costs, are reviewed periodically. The effect of changes, if any, to estimates is recognised in the Consolidated Ind-AS Financial Statements for the period in which such changes are determined.

- b. Determination of the estimated useful lives of property plant and equipments and intangible assets and the assessment as to which components of the cost may be capitalized (Refer note 2.1).
- Impairment of Property, Plant and Equipment, Financial assets (Refer note 2.6) and Other Non-Financial Assets (Refer note 9 and 16)
- d. Recognition and measurement of defined benefit obligations (Refer note 46)
- e. Recognition of deferred tax assets (Refer note 2.26, 44 IV)
- f. Recognition of deferred tax assets (Refer note 2.26, 44 IV)
- g. Fair valuation of employee share options (Refer note 46)
- h. Recognition and measurement of other provisions (Refer note 21 and 28)
- i. Rebate and Sales Incentives (Refer note 2.18)
- j. Fair value of financial instruments (Refer note 49)
- k. Provisions and Contingent Liabilities (Refer note 2.17 and 37)
- I. Evaluation of Control (Refer note 40)
- m. Leases (Refer note 45)

### 1.5 Standards issued but not yet effective

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standards or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. For the year ended March 31, 2024, MCA has not notified any new standards or amendments to the existing standards applicable to the Group.

### 1.6 Material accounting policy information

The Group adopted Disclosure of Accounting Policies (Amendments to Ind AS 1) from 1 April 2023. Although the amendments did not result in any changes in the accounting policies themselves, they impacted the accounting policy information disclosed in the Consolidated Ind-AS Financial Statements. The amendments require the disclosure of 'material' rather than 'significant' accounting policies. The amendments also provide guidance on the application of materiality to disclosure of accounting policies, assisting entities to provide useful, entity-specific accounting policy information that users need to understand other information in the Consolidated Ind-AS Financial Statements.

### 1.7 Measurement of fair values

The Group's accounting policies and disclosures require the measurement of fair values for financial instruments.

The Group has an established control framework with respect to the measurement of fair values. The management regularly reviews significant unobservable inputs and valuation adjustments. If third party information, such as broker quotes or pricing services, is used to measure fair values, then the management assesses the evidence obtained from the third parties to support the conclusion that such valuations meet the requirements of Ind AS, including the level in the fair value hierarchy in which such valuations should be classified.

When measuring the fair value of a financial asset or a financial liability, the Group uses observable market data as far as possible. Fair values are categorised into different levels in a fair value hierarchy based on the inputs used in the valuation techniques as follows.

- Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).

### Note 1

Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

If the inputs used to measure the fair value of an asset or a liability fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy, then the fair value measurement is categorised in its entirety in the same level of the fair value hierarchy as the lowest level input that is significant to the entire measurement.

The Group recognises transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy at the end of the reporting period during which the change has occurred.

### 1.8 Basis of Consolidation

### (i) Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are all entities (including special purpose entities) that are controlled by the Company. Control exists when the Group is exposed to, or has the ability to affect those returns through power over the entity. In assessing control, potential voting rights are considered only if the rights are substantive. The financial statements of subsidiaries are included in these Consolidated Ind-AS Financial Statements from the date that control commences until the date that control ceases.

The Consolidated Ind-AS Financial Statements have been prepared using uniform accounting policies for like transactions and other events in similar circumstances. The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the Consolidated Ind-AS Financial Statements are consistent with those of previous year. The financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries have been combined on a line-by-line basis by adding together the values of like items of assets, liabilities, income and expenses, after eliminating intra-group balances, intra-group transactions and the unrealised profits/ losses, unless cost/revenue cannot be recovered.

The excess of cost to the Group of its investment in subsidiaries, on the acquisition dates over and above the Group's share of equity in the subsidiaries, is recognised as 'Goodwill on Consolidation' being an asset in the Consolidated Ind-AS Financial Statements. The said Goodwill is not amortised, however, it is tested for impairment at each Balance Sheet date and the impairment loss, if any, is provided for. Where the share of equity in subsidiaries as on the date of investment is in excess of cost of investments of the Group, it is recognised as 'Capital Reserve' and shown under the head 'Reserves and Surplus' in the Consolidated Ind-AS Financial Statements.

Non-controlling interests in the net assets of consolidated subsidiaries is identified and presented in the consolidated Balance Sheet separately within equity.

Non-controlling interests in the net assets of consolidated subsidiaries consists of:

- (a) The amount of equity attributable to non-controlling interests at the date on which investment in a subsidiary is made; and
- (b) The non-controlling interests share of movements in equity since the date parent subsidiary relationship came into existence.

The profit and other comprehensive income attributable to non-controlling interests of subsidiaries are shown separately in the Statement of Profit and Loss and Statement of Changes in Equity.

Upon loss of control, the Group derecognises the assets and liabilities of the subsidiary, any non- controlling interests and the other components of equity related to the subsidiary. Any surplus or deficit arising on the loss of control is recognised in the consolidated statement of Profit & Loss. If the Group retains any interest in the previous subsidiary, then such interest is measured at fair value at the date that control is lost and the differential is recognised in Statement of Profit or Loss. Subsequently, it is accounted for as an equity-accounted investee depending on the level of influence retained.

### (ii) Associates and joint ventures (equity accounted investees)

Associates are those entities over which the Group has significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the entities but is not control or joint control of those policies.

Joint arrangements are those arrangements over which the Group has joint control, established by contractual agreement and requiring unanimous consent for strategic financial and operating decisions. Investments in associates

### Note 1

and joint ventures entities are accounted for using the equity method (equity accounted investees) and are initially recognised at cost. The carrying value of the Group's investment includes goodwill identified on acquisition, net of any accumulated impairment losses. The Group does not consolidate entities where the non-controlling interest ("NCI") holders have certain significant participating rights that provide for effective involvement in significant decisions in the ordinary course of business of such entities. Investments in such entities are accounted by the equity method of accounting. When the Group's share of losses exceeds its interest in an equity accounted investee, the carrying amount of that interest (including any long-term investments) is reduced to zero and the recognition of further losses is discontinued except to the extent that the Group has an obligation or has made payments on behalf of the investee. If the associate or joint venture subsequently reports profits, the entity resumes recognising its share of those profits only after its share of the profits equals the share of losses not recognised.

After application of the equity method, the Group determines whether it is necessary to recognise an impairment loss on its investment in its associate or joint venture. At each reporting date, the Group determines whether there is objective evidence that the investment in the associate or joint venture is impaired. If there is such evidence, the Group calculates the amount of impairment as the difference between the recoverable amount of the associate or joint venture and its carrying value, and then recognises the loss as part of 'Share of profit of an associate and a joint venture' in the statement of profit or loss.

### (iii) Acquisition of non-controlling interests

Acquisition of some or all of the non-controlling interest ("NCI") is accounted for as a transaction with equity holders in their capacity as equity holders. Consequently, the difference arising between the fair value of the purchase consideration paid and the carrying value of the NCI is recorded as an adjustment to Statement of changes in equity that is attributable to the parent company. The associated cash flows are classified as financing activities. No goodwill is recognised as a result of such transactions.

### (iv) Transactions eliminated on consolidation

Intra-group balances and transactions, and any unrealised income and expenses arising from intra-group transactions, are eliminated in full while preparing these Consolidated Ind-AS Financial Statements. Unrealised gains or losses arising from transactions with equity accounted investees are eliminated against the investment to the extent of the Group's interest in the investee.

### 1.9 Business Combinations

Business combinations are accounted for using the acquisition accounting method as at the date of the acquisition, which is the date at which control is transferred to the Group. The consideration transferred in the acquisition and the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed are recognised at fair values on their acquisition date. Goodwill is initially measured at cost, being the excess of the aggregate of the consideration transferred and the amount recognised for non-controlling interests, and any previous interest held, over the net identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed. The Group recognises any non-controlling interest in the acquired entity on an acquisition-by-acquisition basis either at fair value or at the non-controlling interest's proportionate share of the acquired entity's net identifiable assets. Consideration transferred does not include amounts related to settlement of pre-existing relationships. Such amounts are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Transaction costs are expensed as incurred, other than those incurred in relation to the issue of debt or equity securities. Any contingent consideration payable is measured at fair value at the acquisition date. Subsequent changes in the fair value of contingent consideration are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Business combinations arising from transfer of interests in entities that are under common control are accounted for based on pooling of interests method where the assets and liabilities of the acquiree are recorded at their existing carrying values. The identity of reserves of the acquiree is preserved and the difference between consideration and the face value of the share capital of the acquiree is transferred to capital reserve, which is shown separately from other capital reserves.

### **Note 2: Material Accounting policies**

### 2.1 Property, Plant and Equipment (PPE)

### (i) Recognition and measurement

Property, plant and equipment are measured at Original cost net of tax / duty credit availed less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Advances paid towards the acquisition of PPE outstanding at each reporting date are classified as capital advances under Other Non-Current Assets and Property, plant and equipment which are not ready for intended use as on the date of Balance Sheet are disclosed as "Capital work-in-progress".

If significant parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, then they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

Property, Plant and Equipment are de-recognised from Consolidated Ind-AS Financial Statements on disposal and gains or losses arising from disposal are recognised in the consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss in the year of occurrence.

### (ii) Subsequent expenditure

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss during the period in which they are incurred.

When significant parts of Property, Plant and equipments are required to be replaced, the Group derecognises the replaced part and recognises the new part with its own associated useful life and it is depreciated accordingly.

### (iii) Depreciation

Depreciation is provided, under the Straight Line Method, pro rata to the period of use, based on useful lives specified in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013 except where the Group, based on technical evaluation, the condition of the plants, regular maintenance schedule, material of construction and past experience, has considered useful life of the following items of PPE different from that prescribed in Schedule II to the Act.

Category	: Useful life
Plant and Equipments	: 7.5 to 30 years
Vehicles	: 3 to 13 years
Computer Hardware	: Depreciated over the estimated useful life of 4 years
Leasehold improvements	: Lower of the useful life or Lease period

Depreciation on Property, Plant and Equipment of Subsidiaries engaged in the business of Property development has been provided as per the written down value method based on the useful lives specified in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013.

Assets costing less than INR 5,000 are depreciated at 100% in the year of acquisition.

The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

### 2.2 Investment Property

### (i) Recognition and measurement

Investment Property comprise of Freehold Land and Building.

Investment properties are measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss, if any.

### **Note 2: Material Accounting policies (Continued)**

Though the Group measures investment property using cost based measurement, the fair value of investment property is disclosed in the notes. Fair values are determined based on an annual evaluation performed by an accredited external independent valuer.

Investment properties are derecognised either when they have been disposed of or when they are permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefit is expected from their disposal. The difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss in the period of derecognition.

### (ii) Depreciation

Depreciation on Buildings classified as Investment Property is provided, under the Straight Line Method, pro rata to the period of use, based on useful lives specified in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013.

### 2.3. Intangible Assets

### (i) Recognition and measurement

Intangible assets are recognised when it is probable that future economic benefits that are attributable to assets will flow to the Group and the cost of the assets can be measured reliably.

Intangible assets are initially measured at cost and are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortization (other than goodwill and indefinite life intangibles) and any accumulated impairment losses.

Gain or loss arising from derecognition of an intangible asset is recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss.

### (ii) Amortisation

Intangible assets are amortised over their estimated useful life on Straight Line Method. The useful life of intangible assets are assessed as either finite or indefinite. The amortisation period and the amortisation method for an intangible asset with finite useful life are reviewed at the end of each reporting period. Changes in the expected useful life or expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits embodied in the asset are considered to modify the amortisation period or method, as appropriate, and are treated as changes in accounting estimates. Indefinite life intangibles are not amortised but are tested for impairment annually and whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired.

Intangible assets are amortised as follows

Trademark	: 10 to 20 years
Product Registration	: 6 years
	2 2 2 2 2
Non Compete Right	: Amortised over the period of the agreement
Computer Software	: 3 to 10 years

Intangible assets with indefinite useful life are not amortised but are tested for impairment annually and whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. An intangible asset that is not being amortised shall be reviewed each period to determine whether events and circumstances continue to support an indefinite useful life assessment for that asset.

### 2.4 Research and Development Expenditure

Revenue expenditure on Research & Development is charged to the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss of the year in which it is incurred. Capital expenditure incurred during the year on Research & Development is included under additions to Property, Plant and Equipment and is depreciated on the same basis as other Property, Plant and Equipment.

### 2.5 Biological Assets

Biological assets are measured at fair value less costs to sell, with any change therein recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss.

### **Note 2: Material Accounting policies (Continued)**

### 2.6 Impairment of non-financial assets

The carrying values of assets / cash generating units at each balance sheet date are reviewed for impairment if any indication of impairment exists.

If the carrying amount of the assets exceed the estimated recoverable amount, impairment is recognised for such excess amount. The impairment loss is recognised as an expense in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss, unless the asset is carried at revalued amount, in which case any impairment loss of the revalued asset is treated as a revaluation decrease to the extent a revaluation reserve is available for that asset.

Goodwill on business combinations and indefinite life intangibles are included in intangible assets. These are not amortised but are tested for impairment annually or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that they might be impaired. The recoverable amount is the greater of the net selling price and their value in use. Value in use is arrived at by discounting the future cash flows to their present value based on an appropriate discount factor.

When there is indication that an impairment loss recognised for an asset (other than a revalued asset) in earlier accounting periods which no longer exists or may have decreased, such reversal of impairment loss is recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss only, to the extent the amount was previously charged to the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss. In case of revalued assets, such reversal is not recognised. An impairment loss recognised for goodwill shall not be reversed in a subsequent period.

### 2.7 Inventories

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value. The cost of inventories is determined using the weighted average method. In the case of manufactured inventories and work in progress, cost includes an appropriate share of production overheads based on normal operating capacity.

Slow and non-moving material, obsolescence, defective inventories are duly provided for and valued at lower of cost and net realizable value. Goods and materials in transit are valued at actual cost incurred upto the date of balance sheet. Materials and supplies held for use in the production of inventories are not written down if the finished products in which they will be used are expected to be sold at or above cost.

Land development project in progress includes cost of land, development management fees, construction cost, allocated interest and expenses attributable to the construction of the project undertaken by the Group.

If payment for inventory is deferred beyond normal credit terms, then cost is determined by discounting the future cash flows at an interest rate determined with reference to market rates. The difference between the total cost and the deemed cost is recognised as interest expense over the period of financing under the effective interest method.

Inventories comprising of completed flats and construction Work-in-Progress are valued at lower of cost or net realizable value.

Construction Work in Progress includes cost of land, premium for development rights, construction costs, allocated interest and expenses incidental to the projects undertaken by the Group.

### 2.8 Cash and Cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents in the balance sheet comprise cash on hand, bank balances and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

For the purpose of the Consolidated Statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and short-term deposits, as defined above, net of outstanding bank overdrafts as they are considered an integral part of the Group's cash management.

### 2.9 Grants and Subsidies

Grants are recognised when there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and all attached conditions will be complied with.

When the grant relates to an asset, the cost of the asset is shown at gross value and grant thereon is treated as a deferred grant which is recognised as income in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss over the period and in proportion in which depreciation is charged.

### Note 2: Material Accounting policies (Continued)

Revenue grants are recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss in the same period as the related cost which they are intended to compensate are accounted for.

### 2.10 Assets held for Sale

Non-current assets or disposal groups comprising of assets and liabilities are classified as 'held for sale' when all of the following criteria's are met: (i) decision has been made to sell. (ii) the assets are available for immediate sale in its present condition. (iii) the assets are being actively marketed and (iv) sale has been agreed or is expected to be concluded within 12 months of the Balance Sheet date.

Subsequently, such non-current assets and disposal groups classified as held for sale are measured at the lower of its carrying value and fair value less costs to sell. Non-current assets held for sale are not depreciated or amortised.

### 2.11 Financial Assets

### (i) Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets are recognised when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

On initial recognition, a financial asset is recognised at fair value, in case of financial assets which are recognised at fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL), its transaction cost are recognised in the consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss. In other cases, the transaction cost are attributed to the acquisition value of the financial asset.

### (ii) Classification and subsequent measurement

Financial assets are subsequently classified as measured at

- amortised cost
- fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL)
- fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI).

Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their recognition, except if and in the period the Group changes its business model for managing financial assets.

### (iii) Trade Receivables and Loans:

Trade receivables are initially recognised at transaction price (as defined in Ind AS 115). Subsequently, these assets are held at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate (EIR) method net of any expected credit losses. The EIR is the rate that discounts estimated future cash income through the expected life of financial instrument.

### (iv) Debt Instruments

Debt instruments are initially measured at amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income ('FVOCI') or fair value through profit or loss ('FVTPL') till derecognition on the basis of (i) the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and (ii) the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset.

- (a) Measured at amortised cost: Financial assets that are held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest, are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate ('EIR') method less impairment, if any. The amortisation of EIR and loss arising from impairment, if any is recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss.
- (b) Measured at fair value through other comprehensive income: Financial assets that are held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both, selling financial assets and collecting contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest, are subsequently measured at fair value through other comprehensive income. Fair value movements are recognized in the other comprehensive income (OCI). Interest income measured using the EIR method and impairment losses, if any are recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss. On derecognition, cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in OCI is reclassified from the equity to 'other income' in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss.

### **Note 2: Material Accounting policies (Continued)**

(c) Measured at fair value through profit or loss: A financial asset not classified as either amortised cost or FVOCI, is classified as FVTPL. Such financial assets are measured at fair value with all changes in fair value, including interest income and dividend income if any, recognised as 'other income' in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss.

### (v) Equity Instruments

All investments in equity instruments classified under financial assets are initially measured at fair value, the Group may, on initial recognition, irrevocably elect to measure the same either at FVOCI or FVTPL.

The Group makes such election on an instrument-by-instrument basis. Fair value changes on an equity instrument is recognised as other income in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss unless the Group has elected to measure such instrument at FVOCI. Fair value changes excluding dividends, on an equity instrument measured at FVOCI are recognized in OCI. Amounts recognised in OCI are not subsequently reclassified to the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss. Dividend income on the investments in equity instruments are recognised as 'other income' in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss.

### (vi) Derecognition

The Group derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or it transfers the contractual rights to receive the cash flows from the asset.

### (vii) Impairment of Financial Assets for other than Property Development Business

Expected credit losses are recognized for all financial assets subsequent to initial recognition other than financial assets in FVTPL category.

For financial assets other than trade receivables, as per Ind AS 109, the Group recognises 12 month expected credit losses for all originated or acquired financial assets if at the reporting date the credit risk of the financial asset has not increased significantly since its initial recognition. The expected credit losses are measured as lifetime expected credit losses if the credit risk on financial asset increases significantly since its initial recognition. The Groups trade receivables do not contain significant financing component and loss allowance on trade receivables is measured at an amount equal to life time expected losses i.e. expected cash shortfall.

The impairment losses and reversals are recognised in Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss.

Impairment of financial assets for Property Development business

The Group applies 'simplified approach' measurement and recognition of impairment loss on the following financial assets and credit risk exposure:

- Financial assets that are debt instruments, and are measured at amortised cost e.g., loans, debt securities, deposits, and bank balance.
- Trade receivables.

The application of simplified approach does not require the Group to track changes in credit risk. Rather, it recognises impairment loss allowance based on lifetime expected credit loss at each reporting date, right from its initial recognition.

Measurement of impairment of Financial assets for Financing business

### i) Initial recognition and measurement

All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value plus, in the case of financial assets not recorded at fair value through profit and loss, transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset.

The financial assets include investments in mutual funds, trade and other receivables, loans and advances and cash and bank balances.

### ii) Subsequent measurement

For the purpose of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in the following categories:

### Note 2: Material Accounting policies (Continued)

- At amortised cost, and
- At fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI), and
- At fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL).

### Debt instruments at amortised cost

A 'debt instrument' is measured at the amortised cost if both the following conditions are met:

- The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold the asset for collecting contractual cash flows, and
- Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal
  and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

### **Financial Assets at Amortised Cost**

Financial assets at amortised cost include loans receivable, and other financial assets that are held with the objective of collecting contractual cash flows. After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate (EIR). The effective interest rate (EIR) amortisation is included in interest income in the statement of profit and loss.

### Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)

Financial assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows and for selling the financial assets, where the assets' cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest, are measured at FVOCI. Movements in the carrying amount are taken through other comprehensive income ("OCI"), except for the recognition of impairment gains or losses, interest revenue and foreign exchange gains and losses which are recognised in the statement of profit and loss. When the financial asset is derecognised, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in OCI is reclassified from equity to the Statement of profit and loss and recognised in other gains/(losses) (net). Interest income from these financial assets is included in other income using the effective interest rate (EIR) method.

### Fair value through Profit and Loss (FVTPL)

Financial assets that do not meet the criteria for amortised cost or FVOCI are measured at fair value through profit and loss ('FVTPL').

### iii) Reclassifications

Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition, except in the period in which the group changes its business model for managing financial assets.

### iv) Impairment

The provision for credit risks, which is recognized in accordance with the expected credit loss method specified by Ind AS 109 and in accordance with uniform standards applied, encompasses all financial assets measured at amortised cost. The calculation of the provision for credit risks generally takes into account the exposure at default, the probability of default and the loss given default.

Financial assets are subject to credit risks, which are taken into account by recognising the amount of the expected loss; such allowances are recognised for both financial assets with objective evidence of impairment and non-impaired financial assets.

The general approach is used for financial assets measured at amortised cost on initial recognition. Financial assets are broken down into three stages in the general approach.

Stage 1 consists of financial assets that are being recognised for the first time or that have not demonstrated any significant increase in probability of default since initial recognition. In this stage, the model requires the calculation of an expected credit loss for the next twelve months.

### Note 2: Material Accounting policies (Continued)

Stage 2 consists of financial assets for which there is a significant increase in credit risk. The group assumes that the credit risk on a financial asset has increased significantly if it is more than 30 days past due.

Stage 3 Financial assets demonstrating objective indications of impairment are allocated to stage 3. The Group assumes that the financial asset is credit impaired if it is more than 90 days past due.

In stage 2 and 3, an expected credit loss is calculated for the entire remaining maturity of the asset.

The group considers a financial asset to be in default when:

- the borrower is unlikely to pay its credit obligations to the group in full or in part, without recourse by the group to actions such as realizing security (if any is held): or
- the financial asset is more than 90 days past due.

Both historical information, such as average historical default probabilities for each portfolio, and forward-looking information is used to determine the measurement parameters for calculating the provision for credit risks.

Impairment arises in a number of situations, such as delayed payment over a certain period, the initiation of enforcement measures, the threat of insolvency or over indebtedness, application for or the initiation of insolvency proceedings, or the failure of restructuring measures.

Reviews are regularly carried out to ensure that the allowances are appropriate. Uncollectible loans or receivables that are already subject to a workout process and for which all collateral has been recovered and all further options for recovering the loan or receivable have been exhausted are written off directly. Any valuation allowances previously recognised are utilised. Income subsequently collected in connection with loans or receivables already written off is recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

Loans are reported in the balance sheet at the net off Expected Credit Loss (ECL) provision.

### Measurement of ECL

The mechanics of the ECL calculations are outlined below and the key elements are, as follows:

The Probability of Default (PD) is an estimate of the likelihood of default over a given time horizon. A default may only happen at a certain time over the assessed period, if the facility has not been previously derecognised and is still in the portfolio.

The Exposure at Default (EAD) is an estimate of the exposure at a future default date, taking into account expected changes in the exposure after the reporting date of repayments of principal and interest.

The Loss Given Default (LGD) is an estimate of the loss arising in the case where a default occurs at a given time. It is based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due and those that the lender would expect to receive, including from the realisation of any collateral. It is usually expressed as a percentage of the EAD.

When estimating the ECL, the group adds a management override to account for stressed scenarios which are then reviewed on a periodic basis. This takes into account the expected inherent risk for different segments in the portfolio and the macro economic environment. The assumptions are periodically validated and modified as appropriate.

Impairment losses and releases are accounted for and disclosed separately from modification losses or gains that are accounted for as an adjustment of the financial asset's gross carrying value.

### v) Write - offs

Financial assets are written off either partially or in their entirety when the group has no reasonable expectations of recovery. This is generally the case when the group determines that the borrower does not have assets or sources of income that could generate sufficient cash flows to repay the amounts. If the amount to be written off is greater than the accumulated loss allowance, the difference is first treated as an addition to the allowance that is then applied against the gross carrying amount. Any subsequent recoveries are credited to impairment of financial instruments in the statement of profit and loss. However, financial assets that are written off may be subject to enforcement activities to comply with the group's procedures for recovery of amounts due.

### Note 2: Material Accounting policies (Continued)

Judgement is required by management in the estimation of the amount and timing of future cash flows when determining an impairment loss for loans and advances in new businesses. In estimating these cash flows, the group makes judgements about the borrower's financial situation compare the borrower's profile with customers having similar profile to estimate probability of default and the net realisable value of collateral, if any. These estimates are based on assumptions about a number of factors including forward looking information, and actual results may differ, resulting in future changes to the impairment allowance.

### 2.12 Financial Liabilities

### (i) Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are recognised when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value, in the case of Loans and Borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

### (ii) Classification and subsequent measurement

Financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR (Effective Interest Rate) method or are measured at fair value through profit and loss with changes in fair value being recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

### (iii) Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss.

### 2.13 Financial guarantee contracts

Financial guarantee contracts issued by the Group are those contracts that require a payment to be made to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because the specified debtor fails to make a payment when due in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument. Financial guarantee contracts are recognised initially as a liability at fair value, adjusted for transaction costs that are directly attributable to the issuance of the guarantee. Subsequently, the liability is measured at the higher of the amount of loss allowance determined as per impairment requirements of Ind-AS 109 and the amount recognised less cumulative amortisation.

### 2.14 Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

### 2.15 Derivative financial instruments

The Group uses derivative financial instruments, such as forward currency contracts and interest rate swaps, to hedge its foreign currency risks and interest rate risks respectively. The Group also uses commodity futures contracts to hedge the exposure to oil price risks. Such derivative financial instruments are initially recognised at fair value on the date on which a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently re-measured at fair value. The accounting for subsequent changes in fair value depends on whether the derivative is designated as a hedging instrument, and if so, the nature of item being hedged and the type of hedge relationship designated.

Derivatives are carried as financial assets when the fair value is positive and as financial liabilities when the fair value is negative.

### Cash flow hedges that qualify for hedge accounting

The effective portion of changes in the fair value of derivatives that are designated and qualify as cash flow hedges is recognized in the other comprehensive income in cash flow hedging reserve within equity, limited to the cumulative change in fair value of hedged item on a present value basis from the inception of hedge. The gain or loss relating to the effective portion is recognized immediately in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss.

Amounts accumulated in equity are reclassified to the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss in the periods when the hedged item affects profit or loss.

**Note 2: Material Accounting policies (Continued)** 

## 2.16 Share Capital

## (i) Ordinary equity shares

Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of ordinary equity shares, are recognized as a deduction from equity.

## 2.17 Provisions and Contingent Liabilities

Provisions are recognized when the Group has a present obligation as a result of a past event; it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and when a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation can be made. Provisions are measured at the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the Balance Sheet date. The expenses relating to a provision is presented in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss net of any reimbursement.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows specific to the liability. The unwinding of the discount is recognised as finance cost.

A provision for onerous contracts is measured at the present value of the lower of the expected cost of terminating the contract and the expected net cost of continuing with the contract. Before a provision is established, the Group recognises any impairment loss on the assets associated with that contract.

Contingent liabilities are disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Group or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made.

A contingent asset is not recognised but disclosed in the Consolidated Ind-AS Financial Statements where an inflow of economic benefit is probable.

Capital Commitments includes the amount of purchase order (net of advance) issued to parties for completion of assets. Provisions, contingent assets, contingent liabilities and commitments are reviewed at each balance sheet date.

## 2.18 Revenue Recognition

## Revenue from contracts with customers

Revenue from operations comprise sales of goods after the deduction of discounts, goods and service tax and estimated returns. Discounts given by the Group includes trade discounts, volume rebates and other incentives given to the customers. Accumulated experience is used to estimate the provision for discounts. Revenue is only recognized to the extent that it is highly probable a significant reversal will not occur.

As per provision of IND AS 115- 'Revenue from Contracts with Customer- ', revenue is recognised on transfer of control of goods or services to a customer at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Company is expected to be entitled to in exchange for those goods or services. Revenue towards satisfaction of a performance obligation is measured at the amount of transaction price (net of variable consideration) allocated to that performance obligation. The transaction price of goods sold, and services rendered is net of variable consideration on account of discounts offered by the Company as part of the contractual obligation. Revenue (net of variable consideration) is recognised only to the extent that it is highly probable that the amount will not be subject to significant uncertainty regarding the amount of consideration that will be derived from the sale of goods. The performance obligation in case of sale of goods is satisfied at a point in time i.e., when the material is shipped to the customer or on delivery to the customer, as may be specified in the contract.

Sales are recognised when goods are supplied and control over the goods sold is transferred to the buyer which is on dispatch / delivery as per the terms of contracts. Sales are net of returns, trade discounts, rebates and sales taxes / Goods and Service Tax (GST).

Income from processing operations is recognised on completion of production / dispatch of the goods, as per the terms of contract.

## Note 2: Material Accounting policies (Continued)

## Other Operating revenues

Rental Income arising from operating leases on investment properties is accounted for on a straight line basis over the lease term and is included in revenue in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss due to its operating nature.

Dividend income, including share of profit in LLP, is recognised when the right to receive the same is established, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Group, and the amount of dividend can be measured reliably.

Export Incentives are accrued when there is reasonable assurance that they will be received and the Group will comply with the conditions associated with such incentives.

#### Other Income

Income on assets given on operating lease is recognised on a straight line basis over the lease term in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss.

For all financial instruments measured at amortised cost, interest income is recorded using the effective interest rate (EIR), which is the rate that discounts the estimated future cash payments or receipts through the expected life of the financial instruments or a shorter period, where appropriate, to the net carrying amount of the financial assets. Interest income is included in other income in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss.

## 2.19 Revenue Recognition for Property Development and Hospitality

The Group also derives revenues from sale of properties comprising of both commercial and residential units, sale of plotted and other lands and Sale of development management services and hospitality services.

The Group recognises revenue when it determines the satisfaction of performance obligations at a point in time. Revenue is recognised upon transfer of control of promised products to customer in an amount that reflects the consideration which the Group expects to receive in exchange for those products.

In arrangements for sale of units the Group has applied the guidance in IND AS 115, on "Revenue from contract with customer", by applying the revenue recognition criteria for each distinct performance obligation. The arrangements with customers generally meet the criteria for considering sale of units as distinct performance obligations. For allocating the transaction price, the Group has measured the revenue in respect of each performance obligation of a contract at its relative standalone selling price. The price that is regularly charged for an item when sold separately is the best evidence of its standalone selling price. The transaction price is also adjusted for the effects of the time value of money if the contract includes a significant financing component. Any consideration payable to the customer is adjusted to the transaction price, unless it is a payment for a distinct product or service from the customer.

Contract assets are recognised when there is excess of revenue earned over billings on contracts. Contract assets are classified as unbilled receivables (only act of invoicing is pending) when there is unconditional right to receive cash, and only passage of time is required, as per contractual terms.

Contract Liability is recognised when there is billing in excess of revenue and advance received from customers.

The Group enters into Development and Project Management agreements with land-owners. Accounting for income from such projects, measured at transaction price, is done on an accrual basis as per the terms of the agreement.

The Group receives maintenance amount from the customers and utilises the same towards the maintenance of the respective projects. Revenue is recognised to the extent of standard maintenance expenses incurred by the Group towards maintenance of respective projects. Balance amount of maintenance expenses to be incurred is reflected as liability under the head other current non-financial liabilities.

Income From Operations Rooms, Food and Beverage & Banquets: Revenue is recognised at the transaction price that is allocated to the performance obligation. Revenue includes room revenue, food and beverage sale and banquet services which is recognised once the rooms are occupied, food and beverages are sold and banquet services have been provided as per the contract with the customer.

Other Allied Services: In relation to laundry income, communication income, health club income, airport transfers income and other allied services, the revenue has been recognised by reference to the time of service rendered.

## Note 2: Material Accounting policies (Continued)

## 2.20 Revenue recognistion of Housing Finance Business

Interest income is presented in the statement of profit and loss includes interest on financial assets measured at amortised cost calculated on an effective interest basis. Fee income and expense that are integral to the effective interest rate on a financial asset are included in the effective interest rate computation. The amortization of income and expenses for financial assets under EIR approach is done on a systematic basis that exactly discounts estimated future cash flows of the financial assets through the expected life of the assets.

The interest income is calculated by applying the EIR to the gross carrying amount of non-credit impaired financial assets. (i.e. at the amortised cost of the financial asset before adjusting for any expected credit loss allowance). For credit-impaired financial assets the interest income is calculated applying the EIR to the amortised cost of the credit-impaired financial asset (i.e. the gross carrying amount less the allowances for ECLs).

Commissions earned by the group which are not directly attributable to disbursal of loans are recognised in the statement of profit and loss as and when incurred.

Fee and commission income include fees other than those that are an integral part of EIR. The group recognises the fee and commission income in accordance with the terms of the relevant contracts / agreement and when it is probable that the group will collect the consideration.

## 2.21 Employee Benefits

## (i) Short-Term Employee Benefits

All employee benefits payable wholly within twelve months of rendering the service are classified as short term employee benefits. Short Term benefits such as salaries, performance incentives, etc., are recognized as an expense at the undiscounted amount in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss of the year in which the employee renders the related service.

The Group has a scheme of Performance Linked Variable Remuneration (PLVR) which rewards its employees based on Economic Value Added (EVA) or Profit Before Tax (PBT). The PLVR amount is related to actual improvement made in EVA or PBT over the previous year when compared with expected improvements.

## (ii) Post-Employment Benefits

## (a) Defined Contribution Plans

Payments made to a defined contribution plan such as Provident Fund and Family Pension maintained with Regional Provident Fund Office are charged as an expense in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss as they fall due.

## (b) Defined Benefit Plans

## **Gratuity Fund**

The Group's net obligation in respect of defined benefit plans is calculated separately for each plan by estimating the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in the current and prior periods, after discounting the same. The calculation of defined benefit obligations is performed annually by a qualified actuary using the projected unit credit method. Re-measurement of the net defined benefit liability, which comprise actuarial gains and losses are recognized immediately in Other Comprehensive Income (OCI). Net interest expense (income) on the net defined liability (assets) is computed by applying the discount rate, used to measure the net defined liability (asset). Net interest expense and other expenses related to defined benefit plans are recognized in Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss. When the benefits of a plan are changed or when a plan is curtailed, the resulting change in benefit that relates to past service or the gain or loss on curtailment is recognized immediately in Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss. The Group recognizes gains and losses on the settlement of a defined benefit plan when the settlement occurs.

#### **Provident Fund**

Provident Fund Contributions other than those made to the Regional Provident Fund Office of the Government which are made to the Trust administered by the Group are considered as Defined Benefit Plans. The interest rate

## Note 2: Material Accounting policies (Continued)

payable to the members of the Trust shall not be lower than the statutory rate of interest declared by the Central Government under the Employees Provident Funds and Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952 and shortfall, if any, shall be made good by the Group.

The calculation of defined benefit obligations is performed at each reporting period by a qualified actuary using the projected unit credit method. When the calculation results in a potential asset for the Group, the recognised asset is limited to the present value of economic benefits available in the form of any future refunds from the plan or reductions in future contributions to the plan. To calculate the present value of economic benefits, consideration is given to any applicable minimum funding requirements.

#### **Pension**

Pension plan for eligible employees are considered as defined benefit obligations and are provided for on the basis of an actuarial valuation, using the Projected Unit Credit Method, as at the date of the Balance Sheet.

## (iii) Other Long-Term Employee Benefits

The Group's net obligation in respect of other long-term employee benefits is the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in return for their service in the current and prior periods are provided on the basis of an actuarial valuation, using the Projected Unit Credit Method, as at the date of the Balance Sheet. Re-measurement is recognized in Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which they arise.

## (iv) Termination Benefits

All terminal benefits are recognized as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

## 2.22 Share-Based Payments

Employees of the Group receive remuneration in the form of share based payments in consideration of the services rendered.

Under the equity settled share based payment, the fair value on the grant date of the awards given to employees is recognised as 'employee benefit expenses' with a corresponding increase in equity over the vesting period. The fair value of the options at the grant date is calculated basis Black Scholes model. At the end of each reporting period, apart from the non-market vesting condition, the expense is reviewed and adjusted to reflect changes to the level of options expected to vest. When the options are exercised, the Group issues fresh equity shares.

When the terms of an equity-settled award are modified, an additional expense is recognised for any modification that increases the total fair value of the share-based payment transaction, or is otherwise beneficial to the employee as measured at the date of modification.

#### 2.23 Leases

At the inception it is assessed, whether a contract is a lease or contains a lease. A contract is a lease or contains a lease if it conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, for a period of time, in exchange for consideration.

To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, Group assesses whether the contract involves the use of an identified asset. Use may be specified explicitly or implicitly.

- (i) Use should be physically distinct or represent substantially all of the capacity of a physically distinct asset.
- (ii) If the supplier has a substantive substitution right, then the asset is not identified.
- (iii) Group has the right to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the asset throughout the period of use.
- (iv) Group has the right to direct the use of the asset.
- (v) In cases where the usage of the asset is predetermined the right to direct the use of the asset is determined when the Group has the right to use the asset or the Group designed the asset in a way that predetermines how and for what purpose it will be used.

At the commencement or modification of a contract, that contains a lease component, Group allocates the consideration in the contract, to each lease component, on the basis of its relative standalone prices. For leases of property, it is elected not to separate non-lease components and account for the lease and non-lease components as a single lease component.

## Note 2: Material Accounting policies (Continued)

#### As a Lessee:

The Group recognizes a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date.

## Right-of-use asset (ROU):

The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost. Cost comprises of the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, any initial direct costs incurred by the lessee, an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located less any lease incentives received.

After the commencement date, a lessee shall measure the right-of-use asset applying cost model, which is Cost less any accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses and also adjusted for certain re-measurements of the lease liability.

Right-of-use asset is depreciated using straight-line method from the commencement date to the end of the useful life of the ROU asset or the end of the lease term. If the lessor transfers the ownership of the underlying asset to the Group at the end of the lease term or/if the cost of the right-of-use asset reflects Group will exercise the purchase option, ROU will be depreciated from the commencement date to the end of the useful life of the underlying asset.

## Lease liability:

Lease liability is initially measured at the present value of lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date. Discounting is done using the implicit interest rate in the lease, if that rate cannot be readily determined, then using Group's incremental borrowing rate. Incremental borrowing rate is determined based on entity's borrowing rate adjusted for terms of the lease and type of the asset leased.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability comprises of fixed payments (including in substance fixed payments), variable lease payments that depends on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate at the commencement date, amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee, the exercise price under a purchase option that the Group is reasonably certain to exercise, lease payments in an optional renewal period if the Group is reasonably certain to exercise an extension option, and penalties for early termination of a lease unless the Group is reasonably certain not to terminate early.

Lease liability is measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Lease liability is re-measured when there is a change in the lease term, a change in its assessment of whether it will exercise a purchase, extension or termination option or a revised in-substance fixed lease payment, a change in the amounts expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee and a change in future lease payments arising from change in an index or rate.

When the lease liability is re-measured corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset. If the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero it will be recorded in statement of profit and loss.

Right-of-use asset is presented as a separate category under "Non-current assets" and lease liabilities are presented under "Financial liabilities" in the balance sheet.

Group has elected not to recognise right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for short term leases. The lease payments associated with these leases are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

#### Lessor: -

At the commencement or modification of a contract, that contains a lease component, Group allocates the consideration in the contract, to each lease component, on the basis of its relative standalone prices.

At the inception of the lease, it is determined whether it is a finance lease or an operating lease. If the lease transfers substantially all of the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of the underlying asset, then it is a financial lease, otherwise it is an operating lease.

If the lease arrangement contains lease and non-lease components, then the consideration in the contract is allocated using the principles of IND AS 115. The Group tests for the impairment losses at the year end. Payment received under operating lease is recognised as income on straight line basis, over the lease term.

## Note 2: Material Accounting policies (Continued)

## 2.24 Borrowing Costs

Borrowing costs are interest and other costs that the Group incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds and is measured with reference to the effective interest rate applicable to the respective borrowing. Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use are capitalised as part of the cost of that asset till the date it is put to use.

Borrowing costs, pertaining to development of long term projects, are transferred to Construction work in progress, as part of the cost of the projects upto the time all the activities necessary to prepare these projects for its intended use or sale are complete.

All other borrowing costs are recognized as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

## 2.25 Foreign Exchange Transactions

- (i) Items included in the Consolidated Ind-AS Financial Statements of the Group are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ('the functional currency').
- (ii) Transactions in foreign currency are recorded at exchange rates prevailing on the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency, remaining unsettled at the period end are translated at closing rates. The difference in translation of monetary assets and liabilities and realised gains and losses on foreign currency transactions are recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss. Non-monetary items that are measured based on historical cost in a foreign currency are translated at the exchange rate at the date of the transaction.
- (iii) Realised gains or losses on cancellation of forward exchange contracts are recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss of the period in which they are cancelled.
- (iv) In case of foreign operations whose functional currency is different from the parent company's functional currency, the assets and liabilities of such foreign operations, including goodwill and fair value adjustments arising upon acquisition, are translated to the reporting currency at exchange rates at the reporting date. The income and expenses of such foreign operations are translated to the reporting currency at the average exchange rates prevailing during the year. Resulting foreign currency differences are recognized in other comprehensive income/ (loss) and presented within equity as part of 'Exchange differences on translation of financial statements of foreign operations'(FCTR). When a foreign operation is disposed of, in part or in full, the relevant amount in the FCTR is transferred to the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss.

## 2.26 Taxes on Income

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. It is recognized in Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss except to the extent that it relates to items recognized directly in equity or in OCI.

## (i) Current Tax

Current tax comprises the expected tax payable or receivable on the taxable income or loss for the year and any adjustment to the tax payable or receivable in respect of previous years. It is measured using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Current Tax assets and Liabilities are offset only if, the Group:

- a) has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amounts; and
- b) intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

## (ii) Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT)

MAT credit is recognised as a deferred tax asset only when and to the extent there is convincing evidence that respective entity in the Group will pay normal tax during specified period. MAT credit is reviewed at each Balance Sheet date and written down to the extent the aforesaid convincing evidence no longer exists.

#### (iii) Deferred Tax

Deferred income tax is recognised using the balance sheet approach. Deferred tax liability is recognized in respect of temporary differences arising between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes (including those arising from consolidation adjustments such as unrealized profit on inventory etc.).

## **Note 2: Material Accounting policies (Continued)**

Deferred tax assets are recognized for unused tax losses, unused tax credits and deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be used. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized; such reductions are reversed when the probability of future taxable profits improves.

Unrecognized deferred tax assets are reassessed at each reporting date and recognized to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be used.

Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to temporary differences when they reverse, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

The measurement of deferred tax reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the reporting date, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

## Deferred Tax assets and liabilities are offset only if:

- a) the entity has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities; and
- b) the deferred tax assets and the deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on the same taxable entity.

## 2.27 Earnings Per Share

Basic Earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit for the period attributable to the equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the profit for the period attributable to the equity shareholders and the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period is adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

## 2.28 Segment Reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker.

## 2.29 Exceptional Items

In certain cases, when, the size, type or incidence of an item of income or expenses, pertaining to the ordinary activities of the Group is such that its disclosure improves the understanding of the performance of the Group, such income or expense is classified as an exceptional item in the consolidated statement of profit and loss and disclosed in the notes accompanying the Consolidated Ind-AS Financial Statements.

### 2.30 Events after reporting date

Where events occurring after the balance sheet date provide evidence of conditions that existed at the end of the reporting period, the impact of such events is adjusted with the Consolidated Ind-AS Financial Statements. Otherwise, events after the balance sheet date of material size or nature are only disclosed.

# Note 3: Property, Plant and Equipment

Amount ₹ in Crore

Particulars	Free-	Buildings	Plant and	Furniture	Vehicles		Office	Leasehold	Livestock	Research	Total
	hold	)	Equipments	and		Computer Hardware	Equipments	Improve- ments	used for R&D	Centre	
Gross Carrying Amount											
Balance as at April 01, 2022	386.77	1,528.30	2,202.60	94.87	89.87	47.40	132.48	23.12	0.50	1.14	4,507.06
Additions	0.10	99.02	211.48	42.81	28.73	17.76	33.86	0.69	0.59	0.62	407.30
Acquisition through business Combination				0.28	0.01	0.42	0.20				0.91
(refer note 54)											
Disposals / Adjustments	(0.46)	11.64	(24.36)	(0.06)	(11.43)	(3.12)	(69.0)	(1.00)	(0.04)		(29.50)
Balance as at March 31, 2023	386.41	1,610.60	2,389.72	137.90	107.18	62.46	165.85	22.81	1.05	1.76	4,885.75
Additions	107.63	627.84	430.99	66.79	25.56	25.89	47.61	8.00	0.18	8.71	1,349.19
Acquisition through business Combination	1	1	45.13	2.15		2.20	7.30				56.77
(refer note 54)											
Disposals / Adjustments		(0.55)	(16.35)	(0.50)	(10.24)	(7.58)	(2.30)	(0.03)	(0.03)		(37.57)
Balance as at March 31, 2024	494.04	2,237.89	2,849.48	206.33	122.51	82.96	218.46	30.77	1.21	10.47	6,254.14
Accumulated Depreciation											
Balance as at April 01, 2022	•	237.94	743.87	36.71	48.62	32.30	63.40	14.93	0.22	0.74	1,178.73
Additions		47.12	152.28	7.89	10.24	9.28	16.51	2.16	0.02	0.13	245.67
Acquisition through business Combination				0.01		0.03	0.02				90.0
(refer note 54)											
Disposals / Adjustments		(0.21)	(4.42)	(0.07)	(4.69)	(2.80)	(0.73)	(0.99)	(0.02)	-	(13.93)
Balance as at March 31, 2023	•	284.86	891.73	44.54	54.17	38.81	79.20	16.09	0.25	0.87	1,410.51
Additions (refer note 4 below)		55.10	176.23	13.26	12.99	16.09	25.14	3.16	0.10	0.93	303.01
Acquisition through business Combination			21.72	1.58	•	1.60	2.93		•	•	27.83
(refer note 54)											
Disposals / Adjustments		(0.28)	(10.94)	(0.31)	(5.14)	(7.04)	(1.99)	(0.04)	(0.01)	•	(25.75)
Balance as at March 31, 2024	•	339.67	1,078.74	59.07	62.03	49.47	105.28	19.22	0.34	1.80	1,715.58
Net Carrying Amount											
Balance as at March 31, 2023	386.41	1,325.75	1,497.98	93.35	53.01	23.64	86.64	6.71	08.0	0.88	3,475.24
Balance as at March 31, 2024	494.04	1,898.22	1,770.74	147.26	60.48	33.50	113.18	11.55	0.87	8.66	4,538.56

**Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements** 

# Notes:

- Refer Note No 38 for disclosure of contractual commitments for the acquisition of Property, Plant and Equipment.
- Legal formalities relating to the transfer of title of immovable assets situated at Chennai (acquired as a part of the take over of Agrovet business from Godrej Industries Limited), Ariyalur & Varanavasi (as part of the merger of Cauvery Oil Palm Limited), and Dahej are being complied with. Stamp duty payable thereon is not presently
- Of the above, a Building with carrying value ₹ 37.19 Crore (Previous Year: ₹ 38.87 Crore) is subject to first charge for secured bank loans (Refer Note 19).
  - Refer to note 24 for information on property, plant and equipment pledged as security by the Group.

3.55

112.32

88.97

329.31

## **Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements**

Note 3a: Capital Work In Progress

			Amount ₹ in Crore
Particulars	Property, Plant	Investment	Total
	and Equipment	Property	
Balance as at April 01, 2022	437.26	21.28	458.54
Additions during the year	683.45	49.43	732.88
Add: Acquired through business combinations	2.18	-	2.18
Less : Capitalised during the year	267.70	-	267.70
Transferred from Inventories	-	=	=
Balance as at March 31, 2023	855.19	70.71	925.90
Additions during the year	500.62	38.05	538.67
Add: Acquired through business combinations	0.24	=	0.24
Less: Capitalised during the year	1,115.70	=	1,115.70

<sup>1.</sup> Fair valuation of an investment property under construction which is at initial design concept stage is based on Cost method which is ₹ 112.33 Crore (Previous Year: ₹ 70.71 crore). The fair value measurement is categorised in level 3 fair value hierarchy.

## 2. Capital Work in Progress ageing schedule

Transferred from Inventories

Balance as at March 31, 2024

Amount ₹ in Crore

92.52

441.63

Particulars	Property	y, Plant and Equi	pment	Inv	estment Propert	у
	Projects in progress	Projects temporarily	Total	Projects in progress	Projects temporarily	Total
Delever et Meurle 04, 0000		suspended			suspended	
Balance as at March 31, 2023						
Less than 1 year	448.78	-	448.78	49.46	-	49.46
1-2 years	182.32	-	182.32	18.02	-	18.02
2-3 years	73.16	-	73.16	3.23	-	3.23
More than 3 years	149.55	1.38	150.93	-	-	-
Total	853.81	1.38	855.19	70.71	-	70.71
Balance as at March 31, 2024			-			-
Less than 1 year	259.80	-	259.80	41.10	-	41.10
1-2 years	63.11	-	63.11	49.42	-	49.42
2-3 years	3.35	-	3.35	17.15	-	17.15
More than 3 years	1.64	1.38	3.02	4.65	-	4.65
Total	327.90	1.38*	329.28	112.32	-	112.32

<sup>\*</sup> Expected to be put to use by March 31, 2025.

Particulars	As	at March 31, 20	24	As	at March 31, 202	23
	Project at Ambernath Factory	Projects at Valia Factory	Projects at Head Office	Project at Ambernath Factory	Projects at Valia Factory	Projects at Head Office
To be Completed in						
Less than 1 year	3.25	6.51	0.96	2.04	0.38	0.04
1-2 years	-	-	-	-	-	-
2-3 years	-	-	-	-	-	-
More than 3 years	-	-	-	-	-	-

<sup>4.</sup> There were no projects which have exceeded their original plan cost as at March 31, 2024 and March 31, 2023.

<sup>3</sup> Projects Overdue as compared to Original timeline

Note 3b: Investment Property

		Amo	unt ₹ in Crore
Particulars	Freehold Land	Buildings	Total
Gross Carrying Amount		'	
Balance as at April 01, 2022	0.38	343.62	344.00
Additions	-	0.00	0.00
Disposals/Other adjustments	-	1.09	1.09
Balance as at March 31, 2023	0.38	344.71	345.09
Additions	-	=	-
Disposals/Other adjustments	-	2.54	2.54
Balance as at March 31, 2024	0.38	347.25	347.63
Accumulated Depreciation			
Balance as at April 01, 2022	-	19.02	19.02
Additions	-	6.86	6.86
Disposals/Other Adjustments	=	0.01	0.01
Balance as at March 31, 2023	-	25.89	25.89
Additions	-	6.72	6.72
Disposals/Other Adjustments	-	0.00	0.00
Balance as at March 31, 2024	-	32.61	32.61
Net Carrying Amount			
Balance as at March 31, 2023	0.38	318.82	319.20
Balance as at March 31, 2024	0.38	314.65	315.03
Fair Value			
As at March 31, 2023	10.88	431.50	442.38
As at March 31, 2024	11.13	459.65	470.78

<sup>1.</sup> Information regarding income and expenditure of Investment Property

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2024	For the year ended March 31, 2023
Rental income derived from investment properties	28.20	29.85
Direct operating expenses	3.40	3.76
Gain arising from investment properties before depreciation	24.80	26.09
Less - Depreciation	6.72	6.87
Gain arising from investment properties	18.08	19.22

<sup>2.</sup> The management has determined that the investment property consists of two class of assets - Freehold Land and Buildings - based on the nature, characteristics and risks of each property.

<sup>3.</sup> The Company has no restriction on the realisability of its investment properties and no contractual obligations to purchase, construct or develop investment properties or for repairs, maintenance and enhancements.

<sup>4.</sup> The fair valuation is based on current prices in the active market for similar properties. The main input used are quantum, area, location, demand, age of building and trend of fair market rent in the location of the property.

<sup>5.</sup> The fair value is based on valuation performed by an accredited independent valuer. Fair valuation is based on replacement cost method. The fair value measurement is categorised in level 3 fair value hierarchy.

<sup>6.</sup> Reconciliation of Fair Value

Note 3b: Investment Property (Continued)

Amount ₹ in Crore

Particulars	Freehold Land	Buildings	Total
Opening balance as at April 01, 2022	10.88	399.52	410.40
Fair value changes	-	30.89	30.89
Purchases	-	1.09	1.09
Opening balance as at April 01, 2023	10.88	431.50	442.38
Fair value changes	0.25	25.60	25.85
Purchases/ transfer to Property Plant and Equipment	=	2.54	2.54
Closing balance as at March 31, 2024	11.13	459.65	470.78

## Note 3c : Other Intangible Assets

Particulars	Trade- mark	Brand	Product Registra- tion	Computer Software	Non -Compete Rights	Total
Gross Carrying Amount						
Balance as at April 01, 2022	16.52	54.77	2.71	97.22	-	171.22
Additions	-	=	-	33.58	13.00	46.58
Acquisition through Business Combination (refer note 54)	-	-	-	0.01	-	0.01
Disposals	-	=	-	(3.34)	-	(3.34)
Balance as at March 31, 2023	16.52	54.77	2.71	127.47	13.00	214.47
Additions	-	-	1.62	23.33	-	24.95
Acquisition through Business Combination (refer note 54)	-	-	-	0.06	-	0.06
Disposals	-	=	-	(0.95)	=	(0.95)
Balance as at March 31, 2024	16.52	54.77	4.33	149.91	13.00	238.53
Accumulated Depreciation						
Balance as at April 01, 2022	16.52	2.49	2.71	43.22	=	64.94
Additions	-	0.83	-	14.91	1.30	17.04
Acquisition through Business Combination	-	=	-	-	-	-
Disposals		-	-	(3.81)	-	(3.81)
Balance as at March 31, 2023	16.52	3.32	2.71	54.32	1.30	78.19
Additions	-	0.63	0.27	18.25	1.30	20.45
Acquisition through Business Combination (refer note 54)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disposals	-	-	-	(0.84)	-	(0.84)
Balance as at March 31, 2024	16.52	3.94	2.98	71.74	2.60	97.80
Net Carrying Amount						
Balance as at March 31, 2023		51.45	-	73.14	11.70	136.29
Balance as at March 31, 2024	-	50.83	1.35	78.17	10.40	140.74

## Note 3d: Intangible Assets Under Development

	Amount ₹ in Crore
Particulars	
As at March 31, 2023	15.99
As at March 31, 2024	20.69

Intangible assets under development Ageing

Amount ₹ in Crore

Particulars		edule as at 31, 2024		edule as at 31, 2023
	Projects in progress	Projects temporarily suspended	Projects in progress	Projects temporarily suspended
Amount in Intangible assets under development for a period of				
Less than 1 Year	7.11	-	6.25	-
1-2 years	5.01	-	6.67	-
2-3 years	5.49	-	1.37	-
More than 3 years	3.08	-	1.70	-
Total	20.69	-	15.99	-

## Note 3e: Biological Assets other than bearer plants

A. Reconciliation of carrying amount

Particulars	Oil palm sa	plings	Cattle	)	PS Birds /	Total
					Hatching	
					eggs /	
					Broilers	
	Qty.	Amount	Qty.	Amount	Amount	
Balance as April 1, 2022	911,943	6.45	1,107	8.36	83.54	98.33
Add:						
Purchases	1,720,356	12.35	132	0.46	108.27	121.08
Production/ Cost of Development		6.83	442	3.66	386.32	396.81
Less:						
Sales / Disposals	(870,758)	(9.22)	(478)	(2.85)	(477.18)	(489.25)
Change in fair value less cost to sell:		3.91	-	(0.23)	0.36	4.04
Realised				0.63	-	0.63
Unrealised		(0.19)	-	(0.44)	(20.33)	(20.96)
Acquisition through Business Combination		=	-	-	=	-
Balance as at March 31, 2023	1,761,541	20.32	1,203	9.40	101.31	131.02
Add:						
Purchases	2,931,037	24.94	308	1.32	89.89	116.15
Production/ Cost of Development		12.53	433	5.59	237.34	255.46
Less:						
Sales / Disposals	(1,210,762)	(15.19)	(415)	(3.38)	(351.51)	(370.08)
Change in fair value less cost to sell:		2.41	-	0.71	5.02	8.14
Realised		(2.58)	-	0.73	(20.69)	(22.54)
Unrealised		4.99	-	(0.02)	25.71	30.68
Balance as at March 31, 2024	3,481,816	45.01	1,529	13.65	82.04	140.69
As at March 31, 2023						
Non Current		20.32		9.40	3.45	33.17
Current		-		-	97.85	97.85
As at March 31, 2024						
Non Current		45.01		13.65	9.12	67.78
Current		-		-	72.91	72.91

## Note 3e: Biological Assets other than bearer plants (Continued)

The group has operations in oil palm business whereby the group purchases the saplings and sells the saplings once it has achieved the desired growth. During the year ended March 31, 2024, the group purchased 29,31,037 (Previous year: 17,20,356) number of saplings, out of which 29,31,037 (Previous year: 17,20,356) were still under cultivation.

#### B. Measurement of Fair value

#### i. Fair Value hierarchy

The fair value measurements for oil palm saplings, cattles and PS Birds /Hatching eggs /Broilers have been categorised as Level 3 fair values based on the inputs to valuation technique used.

#### ii. Level 3 Fair values

The following table shows a break down of the total gains (losses) recognised in respect of Level 3 fair values-

Amount ₹ in Crore

Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
	Oil palm saplings/Cattles	Oil palm saplings/Cattles
Gain/(loss) included in 'other operating revenue'	7.06	3.05
Change in fair value (realised)	(23.62)	(0.63)
Change in fair value (unrealised)	30.68	3.68

Amount ₹ in Crore

Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
	PS Birds / Hatching eggs / Broilers	PS Birds / Hatching eggs / Broilers
Gain/(loss) included in 'cost of goods sold'	-	0.36
Change in fair value (realised)	-	(20.33)
Change in fair value (unrealised)	-	20.69

## iii. Valuation techniques and significant unobservable inputs

Туре	Valuation technique	Significant unobservable inputs	Inter-relationship between significant unobservable inputs and fair value measurement
Oil Palm Saplings - it comprises the stock under cultivation	Cost approach and percentage completion method	Estimated cost of completing the stock under cultivation ₹ 106.9 to 137.19 per sapling (Previous year ₹ 95.06 to ₹ 128.59).	
Biological assets - it comprises of: PS Bird; Hatching eggs; and Contract farm- Broilers	As per relevent market price prevailing at the year end	Estimated price of each component - PS birds - ₹ 28.58 (31 March 2023: ₹ 33.87) per Hatching eggs, - Hatching eggs - ₹ 40.20 (31 March 2023: ₹ 39.87) per Day Old Chicks, - Contract farms- Broilers (average rate) - ₹ 115.00 (31 March 2023: ₹ 74.00) per kg for live bird"	would increase/(decrease) if - Estimated price of each component of poultry stock
Cattles	Market approach with the help of Valuation certificate	Estimated price impact on age, breed and yield of the Cattle	The estimated fair valuation would increase/(decrease) if - Estimated yield of the cattle is increased or decreased

Note 3e: Biological Assets other than bearer plants (Continued)

## C. Risk Management strategies related to agricultural activities

The group is exposed to the following risks relating to its plantations, Cattles and PS Bird /Hatching egg /Broiler

## i. Regulatory and environmental risks

The group is subject to laws and regulations in the country in which it operates. It has established various environmental policies and procedures aimed at compliance with the local environmental and other laws.

## ii. Supply and demand risks

The Group is exposed to risks arising from fluctuations in the price and sales volume of plants and milk. For oil palm plants, when possible, the group manages this risk by aligning its harvest volume to market supply and demand. Management performs regular industry trend analyses for projected harvest volumes and pricing. For milk, the Group manage this risk by effective marketing tie up for sale of milk.

The Group is exposed to the risk arising from the fluctuations in the price of Hatching eggs, commercial day old chicks and live birds. when the price goes down the management possibly manage this risk by diverting more live birds for processing and when prices goes up the management sells more Hatching eggs, Day old Chicks and Live Birds.

#### iii. Climate and other risks

The Group's oil palm plantations are exposed to the risk of damage from climatic changes, diseases, forest fires and other natural forces. The group has extensive processes in place aimed at monitoring and mitigating those risks, including regular plantation health surveys and industry pest and disease surveys.

The Group is exposed to risks arising from fluctuations in yield and health of the Cattle. Group manages this risk by effective sourcing and maintenance of cattle.

The Group's Live stock are exposed to the extreme climatic changes in summer and winter season. However, the Group has extensive processes in place aimed at monitoring and mitigating those risks, including regular health inspections of Live Stock and adopting Industry best practices by professional qualified veterinarian doctors.

A reasonably possible change of 10% in Estimated cost of completing the stock under cultivation and cattles at the reporting date would have increased (decreased) profit or loss by the amounts shown below.

	Profit or (loss) ended Marcl	•	Profit or (loss) ended March	•
	10% increase	10% decrease	10% increase	10% decrease
Variable cost (Oil palm saplings)	(0.73)	0.77	(0.48)	0.51
Estimated change in valuation- Cattle	1.36	(1.36)	0.94	(0.94)
Estimated change in valuation- Poultry (PS Birds /Hatching eggs / Broilers)	4.63	(4.63)	10.63	(10.63)
Cash flow sensitivity (net)	5.26	(5.22)	11.09	(11.06)

## Note 4a: Equity accounted investees

(Refer Note No 1 sub note 7 ii for Accounting Policy on Equity accounted investees)

								Amount	₹ in Crore
Part	icular	s		Note	Face Value	As a	nt .	As a	at
					(₹ unless	March 31	, 2024	March 31	, 2023
					stated	Number	Value	Number	Value
					otherwise)				
(I)	Inve	estme	ent in Equity Instruments (Fully Paid up unless stated						
		erwis	•						
	(a)	_	oted Investment						
		(i)	Associates						
			Godrej Consumer Products Ltd.		1	242,812,860	3,986.34	242,812,860	4,275.94
	(b)		quoted Investment						
		(i)	Associates						
			Personalitree Academy Ltd.	1	10	389,269	1.10	389,269	1.10
			Share Application Money				0.03		0.03
			Less: Provision for Diminution in value of Investments				(1.13)		(1.13)
		(ii)	Joint Ventures						
			ACI Godrej Agrovet Private Limited		100	1,850,000	139.12	1,850,000	106.62
			Omnivore India Capital Trust		100,000	1,505.29	12.80	2,071.17	34.81
			Joint Ventures and Associates of Property Business						
			Godrej Real View Developers Private Limited		10	41,432,000	19.05	26,954,000	7.22
			Wonder Projects Development Private Limited		10	21,401,200	-	21,401,200	3.92
			Pearlite Real Properties Private Limited		10	3,871,000	26.39	3,871,000	25.66
			Godrej Greenview Housing Private Limited		10	19,915,200	10.17	19,915,200	9.95
			Godrej Green Homes Private Limited		10	360,813	-	360,813	31.72
			Godrej Skyline Developers Private Limited		10	-	-	581,429	-
			Godrej Redevelopers (Mumbai) Private Limited		10	28,567	46.47	28,567	41.21
			Godrej Macbricks Private Limited		10	21,625,000	10.85	21,625,000	9.62
			Munjal Hospitality Private Limited		10	60,961,200	80.27	60,961,200	82.40
			Madhuvan Enterprises Private Limited		1	105,553,183	2.38	85,240,683	-
			Vivrut Developers Private Limited		10	20,577,324	10.92	20,577,324	15.24
			Vagishwari Land Developers Private Limited		100	346	56.98	234	34.66
			Yerwada Developers Private Limited	-	10	12,863,813	14.20	12,863,813	14.87
(II)	Inve	estme	ent In Limited Liability Partnerships			, , .		,,-	
		-	andmarks LLP		-		0.11		0.11
			ealty LLP				8.06		12.28
			mitis Developers LLP				4.73		3.51
			ousing Projects LLP				19.74	-	18.16
			rojects North Star LLP	-			41.97		38.56
			rojects North LLP				50.26		52.41
			ge Township Developers LLP				159.08		220.83
			lousing Projects LLP	-			149.56		163.93
			y Estate LLP				58.86		-
			Industrial Parks LLP	-			0.08		
	IVICII	iyata	maddian and LLi				0.00		
							4,908.39		5,203.63
Δαα	renate	- Δmr	ount of Quoted Investments				3,986.34		4,275.94
			ount of Quoted investments				923.18		928.82
			vision for Diminution in the Value of Investments				(1.13)		(1.13)
			of Quoted Investments	-			30,395.31		23,507.93
ivial	NOL V	alue 0	A MACICA HIVESHITEHIS				00,030.01		20,007.83

Note

<sup>1.</sup> Includes ₹ 0.03 crore paid towards share application money to Personalitree Academy Limited which is considered Doubtful.

Note 4b: Non Current Financial Assets - Investments

			_	As at March 31, Number  173,918 35 1 2 6 1 751 80 450 1 1,189 444 610 1	ınt ₹ in Crore
Particulars	Note Face Value	e As a March 31			
		Number	Amount		Amount
(I) Investment in Equity Instruments (Fully Paid up unless stated otherwise	se)	Hamber	Amount	Humber	Amount
At Fair Value Through Profit and Loss					
(a) Quoted Investment					
Zicom Electronics Security System Ltd.	10	173,918	-	173.918	
Ruchi Soya Industries Ltd.*	2	35	0.00		0.00
Agro Tech Foods Ltd.*	10	1	0.00		0.00
Colgate Palmolive India Ltd.*	1	2	0.00	2	0.00
Dabur India Ltd.*	1	6	0.00	6	0.00
Gillette India Ltd.*	10	1	0.00	1	0.00
Hindustan Unilever Ltd.	1	751	0.17	751	0.19
Marico Ltd.*	1	80	0.00		0.00
Bajaj Finance Ltd.	2	450	0.33	450	0.25
Procter & Gamble Hygiene & Health Care Ltd.*	10	1	0.00	1	0.00
Cera Sanitaryware Ltd.	5	1,189	0.81	1,189	0.76
HDFC Bank Ltd.	2	444	0.06		0.07
Infosys Ltd.	5	610	0.09	610	0.09
Venkys India Ltd.*	10	1	0.00	1	0.00
Just Dial Ltd	10	82	0.01	82	0.00
Advanced Enzyme Technologies Ltd.	2	3,000	0.10	3,000	0.07
Vadilal Industries Ltd.	10	2,000	0.86	2,000	0.44
DCM Ltd.	10	5,000	0.04	5,000	0.04
Maruti Suzuki India Ltd.	5	50	0.06	50	0.04
KSE Limited	10	65,467	10.51	65,467	10.66
Ujjivan Financial Services Ltd.	10	12,204	0.58	12,204	0.31
Bharat Petroleum Corporation Limited	10	2,000	0.12	2,000	0.07
Wockhardt Ltd.	5	1,000	0.06	1,000	0.02
Whirpool of India Ltd.	10	500	0.06	500	0.07
Ansal Buildwell Limited*	10	100	0.00	100	0.00
Ansal Housing Limited*	10	300	0.00	300	0.00
Ansal Properties and Infrastructure Limited*	5	600	0.00	600	0.00
Unitech Limited*	2	13,000	0.00	13,000	0.00
The Great Eastern Shipping Company Limited*	10	72	0.00	72	0.00
Radhe Developers (India) Limited*	10	100	0.00	100	0.00
DCM NOUVELLE LIMITED	10	5,000	0.10	5,000	0.07
United Textiles Limited*	10	23,700	0.00	23,700	0.00
(b) Unquoted Investment					
Bharuch Eco-Aqua Infrastructure Ltd.	10	440,000	0.44	440,000	0.44
Less : Provision for Diminution in the Value of Investment			(0.44)		(0.44)
			-		-
Avesthagen Ltd.	7	469,399	12.43	469,399	12.43
Less : Provision for Diminution in the Value of Investment			(12.43)		(12.43)
CBay Infotech Ventures Pvt. Ltd.	10	110 570	2.33	110 570	2.33
Less : Provision for Diminution in the Value of Investment	IU	112,579		112,579	
Less . Flovision for Diffillingtion in the value of investment			(2.33)		(2.33)
Gharda Chemicals Ltd.	1 100	114	0.12	114	0.12

Note 4b: Non Current Financial Assets - Investments (Continued)

Par	ticulars		Note	Face Value	Asa	 at	Aniou As a	nt ₹ in Crore nt
	ou.u.o		11010	ruoo ruiuo	March 31		March 31	
					Number	Amount	Number	Amount
		Less : Provision for Diminution in the Value of Investment				(0.12)		(0.12)
		HyCa Taobhalagian Dyf. Ltd.		10	10.426	1.24	12,436	1.24
		HyCa Technologies Pvt. Ltd.		10	12,436		12,430	
		Less : Provision for Diminution in the Value of Investment				(1.24)		(1.24)
		Tahir Properties Ltd (Partly paid) *	2	100	25	0.00	25	0.00
		Boston Analytics Inc.		\$1	1,354,129	6.91	1,354,129	6.91
		Less : Provision for Diminution in the Value of Investment				(6.91)		(6.91)
						-	- <del>-</del>	
		The Saraswat Co-op Bank Ltd. *		10	4,500	0.03	4,500	0.03
		Sachin Industrial Co-operative Society Ltd. *				0.00		0.00
		Isprava Vesta Pvt. Ltd. (previously known as Isprava Technologies Ltd.)		10	195,831	0.04	195,831	0.04
		Isprava Hospitality Pvt. Ltd.		10	35,434	0.04	35,434	0.04
		Clean Max Enviro Energy Solution Pvt Ltd .		10	3,133	1.01	3,133	1.01
		Clean Max Kaze Private Limtied		10	-	-	24,418	4.29
		AB Corp Limited*		10	25,000	0.00	25,000	0.00
		Lok Housing and Construction Limited*		10	100	0.00	100	0.00
		Global Infrastructure & Technologies Limited*		10	100	0.00	100	0.00
		Premier Energy and Infrastructure Limited*		10	100	0.00	100	0.00
		D.S. Kulkarni Developers Limited*		10	100	0.00	100	0.00
		GOL Offshore Limited *		10	18	0.00	18	0.00
		Modella Textiles Private Limited		100	2	0.00	2	0.00
		Lotus Green Construction Private Limited*		100	1	0.00	1	0.00
		Alacrity Housing Limited*		10	100	0.00	100	0.00
		Brookings Institution India Centre*		100	125	0.00	125	0.00
		Shamrao Vithal Co-operative Bank Ltd				0.01		0.01
		ir Value Through Other Comprehensive Income						
	_ ` '	Quoted Investment						
		KSE Limited		10	103,750	16.63	103,750	16.97
(II)		tment in Debentures or Bonds						
		r Value Through Profit and Loss						
	. ,	Unquoted Investment						
		(i) Joint Ventures		1000	0.040.000	000.00	0.040.000	004.04
		Godrej Green Homes Limited		1000	3,318,000	306.03	3,318,000	331.80
		Godrej Skyline Developers Private Limited		100	0.005.470	-	5,304,000	48.67
		Madhuvan Enterprises Private Limited		1000	3,835,473	38.32	2,665,473	26.38
		Vivrut Developers Private Limited		1000	664,500	66.45	664,500	66.45
		Munjal Hospitality Private Limited		100	2,262,000 887,984	22.61	2,010,000	20.09
		Vagishwari Land Developers Private Limited  Yerwada Developers Private Limited		1000		88.79 45.75	805,224	80.52 45.75
	At Am	nortised cost		1000	475,500	45.75	475,500	43.73
		Unquoted Investment						
	_ ` '	(i) Joint Ventures						
		Godrej Real View Developers Private Limited		1000	34,200	-	213,560	24.02

Note 4b: Non Current Financial Assets - Investments (Continued)

Amount ₹ in Crore

Particulars	Note	Face Value	As a March 31		As a March 31	-
			Number	Amount	Number	Amount
Godrej Macbricks Private Limited (formerly known as Ashank Macbricks Private Limited)		1000	237,500	23.75	237,500	24.06
(III) Investment in Preference Shares (Fully Paid up unless stated otherwise	)					
At Fair Value Through Profit and Loss						
(a) Unquoted Investment						
Tahir Properties Ltd (Class - A) (partly paid) *		100	25	0.00	25	0.00
Less: Forfeited*				0.00		0.00
				0.00		0.00
(IV) Investment in Partnership Firms					-	
View Group LP *	3			0.00		0.00
Less : Provision for Diminution in the Value of Investment				(0.00)	-	(0.00)
(V) Other Investment			-	-		-
Investment in Units of Venture Capital Fund						
Indian Fund for Sustainable Energy (Infuse Capital)		100	107,918	2.20	162,684	3.32
				625.61		706.58
Aggregate Amount of Quoted Investments				30.60		30.12
Aggregate Amount of Unquoted Investments				618.49		699.94
Aggregate Provision for Diminution in the Value of Investments				(23.47)		(23.47)
Market Value of Quoted Investments				30.60		30.12

<sup>\*</sup> Amount less than ₹ 0.01 crore.

#### Notes

- 1 The said shares have been refused for registration by the investee company.
- 2 Uncalled Liability on partly paid shares
  - Tahir Properties Ltd. Equity ₹ 80 per share (Previous year 2023 ₹ 80 per share).
- 3 View Group LP has been dissolved on December 14, 2012, however, the Company has still not received an approval from RBI for writing-off the investment.

#### Note 5: Non Current Financial Assets - Trade Receivables

Amount ₹ in Crore

	Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
(I)	Unsecured and Considered Good	65.05	160.27
		65.05	160.27

## Trade Receivables ageing schedule

	Undisp	uted Trade rece	ivables	Disput	ed Trade receiv	ables*	Total		
March 31, 2024	(i) Considered good	(ii) Which have significant increase in credit risk	(iii) Credit impaired	(i) Considered good	(ii) Which have significant increase in credit risk	(iii) Credit impaired			
Not due	37.56	-	-	-	-	-	37.56		
Less than 6 months	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
6 months -1 year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
1-2 Years	11.55	-	-	-	-	-	11.55		
2-3 years	10.80	-	-	-	-	-	10.80		

Note 5: Non Current Financial Assets - Trade Receivables (Continued)

More than 3 years	5.13	-	-	-	-	-	5.13
Total	65.05	-	-	-	-	-	65.05

Amount ₹ in Crore

	Undisp	uted Trade rece	eivables	Disput	ed Trade receiv	ables*	Total
March 31, 2023	(i) Considered good	(ii) Which have significant increase in credit risk	(iii) Credit impaired	(i) Considered good	(ii) Which have significant increase in credit risk	(iii) Credit impaired	
Not due^	96.44	-	-	-	-	-	96.44
Less than 6 months	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
6 months -1 year	2.30	-	-	-	-	-	2.30
1-2 Years	61.53	-	-	=	-	-	61.53
2-3 years	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
More than 3 years	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	160.27	-	-	-	-	-	160.27

<sup>\*</sup> Trade Receivables having legal cases / arbitration have been considered as disputed

## Note 6: Non Current Financial Assets - Loans

Amount ₹ in Crore

	Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2	023
(I)	Loans from financing activity			
	Secured and Considered Good			
	Housing loan	3,985.59		2,737.73
	Non-housing loan	3,634.76		1,887.03
	Unsecured and Considered Good			
	Non-housing loan	960.25		60.26
	Unsecured and Considered Doubtful			
	Non-housing loan	44.14	21.25	
	Less : Allowance for Bad and Doubtful Loans	(44.14) -	(21.25)	-
(II)	Other Loans			
	(a) Secured and Considered Doubtful (credit impaired) (refer note 1 and 2 below)	10.33	10.33	
	Less : Allowance for Bad and Doubtful Loans	(10.33) -	(10.33)	-
	(b) Unsecured and Considered Good			
	Loans to Others	62.44		67.07
	Loans to employees	1.14		1.37
		8,644.18		4,753.46
	There are no loans which have significant increase in credit ris	sk.		

## Notes

<sup>1</sup> The Company had advanced an amount of ₹ 10.33 crore under diverse loan-cum-pledge agreements to certain individuals who had pledged certain equity shares as security. The Company enforced its security and lodged the shares for transfer in its name. The said transfer application of the Company was rejected, and the Company had preferred an application to the Company Law Board (CLB) against rejection of the said transfer application. The CLB rejected the application of the Company and advised the parties to approach the High Court. The

## Note 6: Non Current Financial Assets - Loans (Continued)

Company filed an appeal before the Hon'ble Bombay High Court against the order of the Company Law Board under section 10F of the Companies Act, which was disposed with the direction that the transfer of shares be kept in abeyance till the pendency of the arbitration proceedings between the parties. The Hon'ble Bombay High Court had by its order dated September 18, 2012, restrained the Company from inter alia, dealing, selling or creating third party rights, etc. in the pledged shares and referred the matter to arbitration. The Company filed a Special Leave Petition (SLP) before the Supreme Court against this interim order of the Hon'ble Bombay High Court which was dismissed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court. The Ld. Sole Arbitrator, Justice (Retired ), A.P. Shah on June 29, 2019 passed an Award ruling that the Company shall return all the pledged shares along with the original loan-cum-pledge agreements and the power of attorneys executed by the said individuals in favour of the Company to the said individuals upon the said individuals repaying an amount of ₹ 10.33 crores to the Company.

The Company has challenged this Award before the Hon'ble High Court of Bombay by way of Section 34 petition under the Arbitration & Conciliation Act 1996. The Hon'ble Bombay High Court by its Order dated September 13, 2019 has stayed the operation and execution of the said Award dated June 29, 2019 till the final disposal of the said Section 34 Petition. The matter is pending for final hearing before the Hon'ble Bombay High Court.

The management is confident of recovery of this amount as the underlying value of the said shares is substantially greater than the amount of loan advanced. However, on a conservative basis, the Company has provided for the entire amount of ₹ 10.33 crore in the books of account.

2 Details of Loans under section 186 (4) of Companies Act, 2013.

Amount ₹ in Crore

Particulars	As at March	า 31, 2024	As at March	n 31, 2023
	Maximum Balance During the Year	Amount outstanding	Maximum Balance During the Year	Amount outstanding
Loans where there is no repayment schedule				
(i) Federal & Rashmikant	5.83	5.83	5.83	5.83
(ii) M/s Dhruv & Co. (Regd.)	4.18	4.18	4.18	4.18
(iii) D. R. Kavasmaneck & Dr. P. R. Kavasmaneck	0.32	0.32	0.32	0.32

#### Note 7: Non Current Financial Assets - Others

Amount ₹ in Crore
s at

	Particulars	As at	As at
		March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
(I)	Bank Deposits with more than 12 months maturity	124.78	39.94
	(Refer Note 1 below)		
(II)	Security Deposit		
	(a) Unsecured and Considered Good	44.58	48.94
	(b) Unsecured and Considered Doubtful (credit impaired)	1.20	1.20
	Less : Allowance for Bad and Doubtful Deposit	(1.20)	(1.20)
(III)	Secured		
	(a) Interest Accrued on Loans (Refer Note 2 below)	3.15	3.15
	Less : Allowance for Doubtful Loans	(3.15)	(3.15)
(IV)	Unsecured	-	<u> </u>
	(a) Interest Accrued on Loans	1.03	1.03
	Less : Allowance for Doubtful Loans	(1.03)	(1.03)
(V)	Others	-	<u> </u>
	(a) Other Receivables (includes interest receivable	-	3.39
	on loan) (b) Claim Receivable	1.46	1.46
	(b) Claim Hocolyable	1.40	1.40

## Note 7: Non Current Financial Assets - Others (Continued)

		Amount ₹ in Crore
Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
(c) Excessive Interest Spread (EIS) Receivable	25.15	6.27
(d) Deposits	5.53	4.83
	201.51	104.83

#### Notes

Bank Deposit with more than 12 months maturity includes.

- a) Fixed Deposits of ₹ 0.23 crore (Previous year ₹ 0.33 crore) are pledged with government authorities.
  - b) Fixed deposits held as margin money and lien marked for issuing bank guarantees amounting to ₹ 33.91 crore (Previous Year: ₹ 34.42 crore).
- 2 Interest on loan referred to in sub note (2) under Note 6 Non Current Loans, amounting to ₹ 3.15 crore was accrued upto March 31, 2000 and has been fully provided for, no interest is being accrued thereafter.

## Note 8 : Deferred Tax Assets (Net of Liabilities)

Amount ₹ in Crore **Particulars** As at As at March 31, 2024 March 31, 2023 Deferred tax liabilities arising on account of: Property, plant and equipment & Intangible assets 218.58 205.32 134.50 Investments 6.05 **Biological Assets** 8.92 7.16 362.00 218.53 Deferred tax assets arising on account of: Provision for Retirement Benefits 20.27 45.61 Indexation benefit on land and shares 1.06 1.06 Inventories 28.25 13.07 Equity-settled share-based payments 2.02 1.84 (d) MAT Credit Entitlement 13.02 9.26 (e) (f) Provision for Doubtful Debts / Advances 49.44 46.90 **Brought forward Losses** 164.00 112.11 (g) 197.71 **Unabsorbed Depreciation** 185.24 Other Provisions 323.81 272.35 (i) Leases 0.32 0.44 (j) 799.88 687.88 Deferred Tax Assets (Net of Liabilities) 437.88 469.35 (Refer note 44)

## Note 9: Other Non Current Assets

			Amount ₹ in Crore	
	Particulars	As at	As at	
		March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	
(I)	Capital Advances			
	Considered Good	14.09	34.09	
(11)	Other Advances			
	(a) Balance with Government Authorities	16.10	16.41	
	(b) Prepaid Expense	2.32	0.71	
	(c) Others Considered Good	13.30	13.10	
	Others Considered Doubtful	1.22	1.22	
	Allowance for Doubtful Advance	(1.22)	(1.22)	
		45.81	64.31	

## Note 10: Inventories

			Amount ₹ in Crore
	Particulars	As at	As at
		March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
(I)	Raw Materials	1,085.19	1,123.44
	Raw Materials (relating to Property development)	21.58	28.93
(II)	Packing Material	3.25	4.50
(III)	Work in Progress (Refer note 2 below)	229.07	257.59
(IV)	Construction Work in Progress (Refer note 3 below)	21,873.01	11,653.72
(V)	Project in Progress	0.03	0.03
(VI)	Finished Goods	447.34	402.60
(VII)	Finished Goods - Property Development (Refer note 3 below)	488.78	387.47
(VIII)	Stock in Trade (refer note 54 and 35b (1))	214.36	49.39
(IX)	Stores and Spares	80.18	69.24
		24,442.79	13,976.91

#### Notes

- 1 Inventories are valued at lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is computed on weighted average basis and is net of GST Input Tax Credit.
- 2 The write-down of inventories to net realisable value during the year amounted to ₹ 22.22 Crore (Previous Year: ₹ 15.26 Crore).
- 3 The write-down/ (write-down reversal) of inventories to net realisable value during the year amounted to ₹ (30.71) Crore (Previous Year: ₹ 10.31 Crore).
- 4 Working capital facilities sanctioned by banks under consortium arrangement are secured by hypothecation of stocks. Monthly statements of stock and book debts are filed with the bank which are in agreement with the books of accounts.

Note 11: Current Financial Assets - Investments

				Amount ₹ in Crore
Particulars	Note	Face	As at	As at
		Value	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
(I) (a) Quoted investment in Mutual Funds (At Fair Value Through Profit and Loss)			1,253.78	1,018.28
(b) Unquoted investment in Mutual Funds (At Fair Value Through Profit and Loss)			1,788.25	1,080.47
(II) Other Investment				
At Fair Value Through Profit and Loss				
(a) Unquoted Investment				
Optionally Convertible Loan Notes/Promissory Notes				
Boston Analytics Inc. (15%)	1	\$ 750,000	3.00	3.00
Less: Provision for Diminution in the Value of Investment			(3.00)	(3.00)
			-	-
Boston Analytics Inc. (20%)	1	\$ 15,50,000	6.73	6.73
Less : Provision for Diminution in the Value of Investment			(6.73)	(6.73)
			-	-
Boston Analytics Inc. (12%)	2	\$ 950,000	4.69	4.69
Less : Provision for Diminution in the Value of Investment			(4.69)	(4.69)
			-	-
(III) Investment in Quoted Treasury bill			93.13	-
(IV) Investment in equity of associates				
(a) Unquoted				
Al Rahaba International Trading Limited Liability Company		AED 1500	<u> </u>	
			3,135.17	2,098.75
Aggregate Amount of Quoted Investments			1,346.91	1,018.28
Aggregate Amount of Unquoted Investments			1,802.67	1,094.89
Aggregate Provision for Diminution in the Value of Investments			(14.42)	(14.42)
Market Value of Quoted Investments			1,346.91	1,018.28

## Note

- The Optionally Convertible Promissory Notes (15%) of Boston Analytics Inc. in respect of which the Company did not exercise the conversion option and Boston Analytics Inc. promissory notes (20%) where there was a partial conversion option which the Company did not exercise, were due for redemption on June 30, 2009 and August 21, 2009, respectively. The said promissory notes have not been redeemed as of the Balance Sheet date and have been fully provided for.
- 2 12% promissory notes were repayable on or before December 31, 2011, along with interest on maturity. The said promissory notes have not been redeemed as of the Balance Sheet date and have been fully provided for.

## Note 12: Current Financial Assets- Trade Receivables

Amount ₹ in Crore

Parti	culars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
(I)	Secured and Considered Good (Refer Note 1 below)	103.23	96.47
(II)	Unsecured and Considered Good	1,174.44	1,403.74
(III)	Unsecured and Considered Doubtful (significant increase in credit risk/credit impaired)	94.80	113.59
	Less: Allowance for significant increase in credit risk/credit impaired	(97.32)	(113.59)
		1,275.15	1,500.21

#### Notes

- 1 Secured by Security Deposits collected from Customers, Letter of Credit or Bank Guarantees held against them.
- 2 Refer note 24 for information on trade receivables pledged as security by the Group.
- 3 Refer note 50 for information on Credit Risk.

Trade Receivables ageing based on due date

Amount ₹ in Crore

	Undisput	ed Trade red	eivables	Disputed	Trade recei	vables*	Consid-	Considered	
As at March 31, 2024	(i) Considered good	(ii) Which have sig- nificant increase in credit risk	(iii) Credit impaired	(i) Considered good	(ii) Which have sig- nificant increase in credit risk	(iii) Credit impaired	ered good Total	Doubtful (credit impaired) Total	Total
Less than 6 months	933.56	-	1.43	0.94	-	-	934.50	1.43	935.93
6 months -1 year	219.03	-	9.86	0.78	-	-	219.82	9.86	229.68
1-2 Years	57.76	7.67	14.61	1.50	-	4.82	59.26	27.11	86.37
2-3 years	7.72	11.06	2.37	1.24	-	1.32	8.95	14.74	23.70
More than 3 years	41.23	27.58	3.57	13.91	-	10.50	55.14	41.64	96.79
Total	1,259.30	46.30	31.84	18.37	-	16.64	1,277.67	94.79	1,372.46
								Amount	₹ in Crore

**Undisputed Trade receivables Disputed Trade receivables\*** Consid-Considered ered good **Doubtful** (i) Consid-(ii) Which (iii) Credit (i) Consid-(ii) Which (iii) Total (credit ered good impaired ered good Credit have sighave sigimpaired) nificant nificant impaired Total increase increase As at in credit in credit March 31, 2023 risk **Total** risk Less than 6 months 1,210.96 0.98 0.14 1,211.10 0.98 1,212.08 6 months -1 year 202.93 1.82 1.56 0.32 204.49 2.14 206.63 1-2 Years 41.97 28.33 10.72 4.23 52.69 41.08 93.78 8.53 2-3 years 9.88 9.87 1.35 8.87 0.89 18.75 12.11 30.86 More than 3 years 11.54 20.89 3.99 1.64 21.80 13.18 57.27 70.46 10.60 **Total** 1,477.28 39.28 36.47 22.93 10.60 27.24 1,500.21 113.59 1,613.80

<sup>\*</sup> Trade Receivables having legal cases / arbitration have been considered as disputed

## Note 13a: Cash and Cash Equivalents

Amount ₹ in Crore

Part	iculars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
(I)	Balances with Banks		
	(a) Current Accounts	1,213.30	505.39
	(b) Deposits having maturity less than 3 months	585.30	571.61
	(c) Certificate of Deposits having maturity less than 3 months	24.99	469.66
(II)	Cheques, Drafts on Hand	52.43	27.09
(III)	Cash on Hand	2.79	3.21
		1,878.81	1,576.96

## Note 13b: Current Financial Assets - Other Bank Balances

Amount ₹ in Crore

Part	iculars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
(I)	Deposits with more than 3 months but less than 12 months maturity (Refer Note 1 below)	1,627.27	1,376.98
(II)	Other Bank Balances (Refer Note 2 to 3 below)	3.58	1.05
		1,630.85	1,378.03

#### Notes

- 1 Deposits with more than 3 months but less than 12 months maturity includes
  - (i) ₹81.72 Crore (March 31, 2023: ₹77.66 Crore) received from flat buyers and held in trust on their behalf in a corpus fund and towards maintenance charges.
  - (ii) Deposits held as Deposit Repayment Reserve amounting to ₹ 1.83 Crore (March 31 2023: ₹ 0.06 Crore).
  - (iii) Fixed deposits held as margin money and lien marked for issuing bank guarantees amounting to ₹ 27.92 Crore (March 31 2023: ₹ 26.56 Crore)
  - (iv) Fixed deposits with scheduled banks of ₹ 2.71 Crore (March 31, 2023 ₹ 0.71 Crore) held as margin money towards bank guarantees/ sales tax registration/ overdraft limit.
  - (v) Fixed deposit held in Escrow account amounting to ₹ 370.50 Crore (March 31, 2023 ₹ 370.50 Crore)
- 2 Balances with Banks in current accounts ₹ 0.53 Crore (March 31 2023: ₹ 0.55 Crore) is on account of earmarked balance for unclaimed dividend.
- 3 Balances with Banks in current accounts ₹ 4.16 Crore (March 31, 2023: ₹ 3.69 Crore) is amount received from buyers towards maintenance charges.

Note 14: Current Financial Assets- Loans

		Amount ₹ in Crore
Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
(I) Loans to Related Parties		
(a) Unsecured and Considered Good	1,639.25	2,237.39
(II) Loans from financing activity		
Secured and Considered Good		
Housing loan	100.05	69.56
Non-housing loan	1,229.93	374.67
	1,329.98	444.23
Unsecured and Considered Good		
Non-housing loan	342.84	4.75
Unsecured and Considered Doubtful		
Non-housing loan	7.61	1.56
Less: Allowance for Bad and Doubtful Loans	(7.61)	(1.56)
	-	-
(III) Other Loans		
(a) Unsecured and Considered Good		
Loans to employees	0.58	0.68
Other Loans & Advances	201.30	162.46
Doubtful Loan	0.13	0.13
Less : Allowance for Bad and Doubtful Deposit	(0.13)	(0.13)
	3,513.95	2,849.51

## Note 15: Current Financial Assets- Others

Par	ticulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
I	Other Receivables (refer note 1 below)	434.66	411.61
II	Deposits - Projects (refer note 2 below)	116.31	171.48
Ш	Deposits - Others	134.57	98.81
IV	Interest Accrued on Loans and Deposits	634.17	725.18
٧	Derivative financial Instrument	0.01	0.25
		1,319.72	1,407.33

Other Receivables includes expenses recoverable.

Deposits - Projects are secured due to specific rights available with the Group through the respective Development Agreements.

## **Note 16: Other Current Assets**

Amount ₹ in Crore

Part	ticulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
(I)	Advances other than Capital Advance		
	Secured		
	Advance to Suppliers - Considered Good (refer note 1 below)	30.82	4.75
	Unsecured		
	(a) Other Deposits	4.10	3.56
	(b) Advance to Suppliers - Considered Good	339.38	241.42
	Advance to Suppliers - Considered Doubtful	0.53	0.58
	Provision for Doubtful Advance	(0.53)	(0.58)
		339.38	241.42
	(c) Other Receivables - Considered Good (inventory receivable returns, deferred brokerage)	on 575.30	267.89
	(d) Balances with Government Authorities		
	i) Considered good	317.16	260.45
	ii) Considered Doubtful	1.81	0.16
	Provision for Doubtful Other Receivable	(1.81) -	(0.16) -
	(e) Advance for Land, Development Rights and Flats	294.98	230.48
	(f) Export Benefits Receivables	0.76	0.97
	(g) Unbilled Revenue (refer note 2 below)	485.71	186.82
	(h) Employee Advance	0.09	0.06
	(i) Prepaid Expenses	66.94	17.94
		2,115.24	1,214.34

## Note

<sup>1</sup> Advance to Suppliers and Contractors are secured against bank guarantees.

<sup>2</sup> Net of provision of ₹ 6.02 crore (Previous Year : ₹ 6.01 Crore).

Note 17 : Equity

Part	iculars	As March 3		As March 3	
		Nos.	Amount	Nos.	Amount
			₹ in Crore		₹ in Crore
1	Authorised Share Capital				
(a)	Equity shares of Re. 1 each	800,000,000	80.00	800,000,000	80.00
(b)	Unclassified Shares of ₹ 10 each	100,000,000	100.00	100,000,000	100.00
			180.00		180.00
2	Issued, Subscribed and Paid up Share Capital				
	Equity Shares of Re. 1 each fully paid up	336,690,741	33.67	336,638,257	33.66
	Par Value of Equity Share is Re. 1 each				
	Par Value of Unclassified Share is ₹ 10 each				
3	Reconciliation of number of Shares				
	Equity Shares				
	Number of Shares outstanding at the beginning of the year	336,638,257	33.66	336,584,313	33.66
	Issued during the year	52,484	0.00	53,944	0.00
	Number of Shares outstanding at the end of the year	336,690,741	33.67	336,638,257	33.66
4	Rights, Preferences And Restrictions attached to Shares				
	Equity Shares : The Company has one class of equity shares. Each				
	equity share entitles the holder to one vote. The final dividend proposed				
	by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders				
	in the ensuing Annual General Meeting. In the event of liquidation, the				
	equity shareholders are eligible to receive the remaining assets of the				
	Company after distribution of all preferential amounts in proportion to				
_	their shareholding.				
5	Share Holding Information				
a)	Shareholders holding more than 5% of Equity Shares in the Company:	40 500 070	4.00	40 500 070	4.00
	Rishad Kaikhushru Naoroji and others (Partners of RKN Enterprises)-	42,583,272	4.26	42,583,272	4.26
	12.65% (previous year 12.65%)	45.044.070	4.50	45.044.070	4.50
	Godrej Foundation - 13.37% (previous year 13.37%)	45,014,972	4.50	45,014,972	4.50
	Jamshyd Naoroji Godrej 9.33% (previous year 9.34%)	31,429,854	3.14	31,429,854	3.14
	Nyrika Holkar 8.01% (previous year 8.01%)	26,962,038	2.26	26,962,038	2.26
6	Equity Shares Reserved for Issue Under Employee Stock Grant (Re. 1 each)				
	Employee Stock Grant for which vesting date shall be such date as may				
(-)	be decided by the Compensation Committee (*)			47.500	0.00
(a)	Employee Stock Grant vesting on 31/05/23	-	-	17,589	0.00
(b)	Employee Stock Grant vesting on 21/05/23	- 10.500	-	12,335	0.00
(c)	Employee Stock Grant vesting on 21/05/24	10,522	0.00	12,335	0.00
(d)	Employee Stock Grant vesting on 01/06/23	-	-	509	0.00
(e)	Employee Stock Grant vesting on 01/06/24	509	0.00	509	0.00
(f)	Employee Stock Grant vesting on 27/05/23	-	-	17,179	0.00
(g)	Employee Stock Grant vesting on 30/05/23	-	-	2,707	0.00
(h)	Employee Stock Grant vesting on 05/09/23	_	<del>-</del>	1,452	0.00
(i)	Employee Stock Grant vesting on 06/12/23	10.707	- 0.00	713	0.00
(j)	Employee Stock Grant vesting on 27/05/24	19,707	0.00	22,051	0.00
(k)	Employee Stock Grant vesting on 27/05/25	19,707	0.00	22,051	0.00
(l)	Employee Stock Grant vesting on 19/05/24	22,213	0.00	-	-
(m)	Employee Stock Grant vesting on 10/08/24	1,626	0.00	-	_
(n)	Employee Stock Grant vesting on 19/05/25	23,839	0.00	-	-
(0)	Employee Stock Grant vesting on 19/05/26  The exercise period in respect of the stock grants mentioned above is on	23,839	0.00	-	-

The exercise period in respect of the stock grants mentioned above is one month.

<sup>7</sup> The Company has not issued any bonus shares or shares for consideration other than cash and has not bought back any shares during the past five years.

The Company has not allotted any shares pursuant to contract without payment being received in cash.

<sup>8</sup> There are no calls unpaid.

<sup>9</sup> There are no forfeited shares.

<sup>(\*)</sup> Amount less than ₹ 0.01 crore.

Note 17 : Equity (Continued)

Details of shares held by promoters

Sr.	Entity Type	Promoter Name	As at N	larch 31, 20	24	As at N	larch 31, 20	23
No.			No. of	% of	%	No. of	% of	%
			Shares	Total	change	Shares	Total	change
				Shares	•		Shares	ū
1	Promoter	Adi Barjorji Godrej	607,692	0.18	0.00	607,692	0.18	0.00
2	Promoter	Nadir Barjorji Godrej	599,008	0.18	0.00	599,008	0.18	0.00
3	Promoter	Jamshyd Naoroji Godrej	31,429,854	9.33	(0.01)	31,429,854	9.34	0.00
4	Promoter	Smita Godrej Crishna	607,634	0.18	0.00	607,634	0.18	0.00
5	Promoter	Rishad Kaikhushru Naoroji	50	0.00	0.00	50	0.00	0.00
6	Promoter Group	Tanya Arvind Dubash	741,755	0.22	0.00	741,755	0.22	0.00
7	Promoter Group	Nisaba Godrej	741,753	0.22	0.00	741,753	0.22	0.00
8	Promoter Group	Pirojsha Adi Godrej	741,758	0.22	0.00	741,758	0.22	0.00
9	Promoter Group	Karla Bookman	237,000	0.07	0.00	237,000	0.07	0.00
10	Promoter Group	Sasha Godrej	241,200	0.07	0.00	241,200	0.07	0.00
11	Promoter Group	Lana Godrej	265,000	0.08	0.00	265,000	0.08	0.00
12	Promoter Group	Burjis Nadir Godrej	5,694,975	1.69	0.00	5,694,975	1.69	
13	Promoter Group	Sohrab Nadir Godrej	5,282,647	1.57	0.00	5,282,647	1.57	-
14	Promoter Group	Hormazd Nadir Godrej	1,731,000	0.51	0.00	1,731,000	0.51	0.00
15	Promoter Group	Pheroza Jamshyd Godrej	33	0.00	0.00	33	0.00	0.00
16	Promoter Group	Navroze Jamshyd Godrej	10,157,316	3.02	0.00	10,157,316	3.02	0.00
17	Promoter Group	Raika Jamshyd Godrej	997,089	0.30	0.00	997,089	0.30	0.00
18	Promoter Group	Vijay Mohan Crishna	-	0.00	0.00	-	0.00	0.00
19	Promoter Group	Nyrika Holkar	26,962,038	8.01	0.00	26,962,038	8.01	1.28
20	Promoter Group	Freyan Crishna Bieri	13	0.00	0.00	13	0.00	0.00
21	Promoter Group	Adi Godrej, Tanya Dubash, Nisaba Godrej	11,507,016	3.42	0.00	11,507,016	3.42	0.00
		and Pirojsha Godrej (Trustees of ABG Family Trust)						
22	Promoter Group	Tanya Dubash and Pirojsha Godrej (Trustees	11,934,517	3.54	(0.01)	11,934,517	3.55	0.00
		of TAD Family Trust)						
23	Promoter Group	Tanya Dubash and Pirojsha Godrej (Trustees	1	0.00	0.00	1	0.00	0.00
		of TAD Children Trust)						
24	Promoter Group	Nisaba Godrej and Pirojsha Godrej (Trustees of NG Family Trust)	11,934,518	3.54	(0.01)	11,934,518	3.55	0.00
25	Promoter Group	Nisaba Godrej and Pirojsha Godrej (Trustees	1	0.00	0.00	1	0.00	0.00
		of NG Children Trust)						
26	Promoter Group	Pirojsha Godrej and Nisaba Godrej (Trustees	11,191,318	3.32	0.00	11,191,318	3.32	0.00
	·	of PG Family Trust)	, ,			, ,		
27	Promoter Group	Pirojsha Godrej and Nisaba Godrej (Trustees	1	0.00	0.00	1	0.00	0.00
		of PG Children Trust)						
28	Promoter Group	Pirojsha Godrej and Nisaba Godrej (Trustees	1	0.00	0.00	1	0.00	0.00
	·	of PG Lineage Trust)						
29	Promoter Group	Nadir Godrej, Hormazd Godrej and Rati	11.507.016	3.42	0.00	11,507,016	3.42	0.00
		Godrej (Trustees of NBG Family Trust)	, ,-			, ,-		
30	Promoter Group	Nadir Godrej, Hormazd Godrej and Rati	7,999,103	2.38	0.00	7,999,103	2.38	0.00
		Godrej (Trustees of BNG Family Trust)	, ,			, ,		
31	Promoter Group	Nadir Godrej, Hormazd Godrej and Rati	8,394,193	2.49	0.00	8,394,193	2.49	0.00
٠.	с с.с. с сар	Godrej (Trustees of SNG Family Trust)	0,00 ., . 00		0.00	3,001,100		0.00
32	Promoter Group	Nadir Godrej, Hormazd Godrej and Rati	8,935,621	2.65	0.00	8,935,621	2.65	0.00
-		Godrej (Trustees of HNG Family Trust)	0,000,021	2.00	5.00	5,555,521		3.00
33	Promoter Group	Nadir Godrej, Hormazd Godrej and Rati	1	0.00	0.00	1	0.00	0.00
55	ootor Group	Godrej (Trustees of RNG Family Trust)	·	0.00	5.00	,	0.00	3.00
34	Promoter Group	Nadir Godrej, Hormazd Godrej and Rati	1	0.00	0.00	1	0.00	0.00

Note 17 : Equity (Continued)
Details of shares held by promoters

Sr.	Entity Type	Promoter Name	As at N	March 31, 20	24	As at N	larch 31, 20	23
No.	) <b>.</b>		No. of	% of	%	No. of	% of	%
			Shares	Total	change	Shares	Total	change
				Shares	J		Shares	J
35	Promoter Group	Nadir Godrej, Hormazd Godrej and Burjis	1	0.00	0.00	1	0.00	0.00
		Godrej (Trustees of BNG Lineage Trust)						
36	Promoter Group	Nadir Godrej, Hormazd Godrej and Rati	1	0.00	0.00	1	0.00	0.00
	•	Godrej (Trustees of SNG Successor Trust)						
37	Promoter Group	Nadir Godrej, Hormazd Godrej and Sohrab	1	0.00	0.00	1	0.00	0.00
		Godrej (Trustees of SNG Lineage Trust)						
38	Promoter Group	Jamshyd Godrej, Pheroza Godrej and	-	0.00	-	-	0.00	0.00
		Navroze Godrej (Trustees of JNG Family						
		Trust)						
39	Promoter Group	Jamshyd Godrej, Pheroza Godrej and	1	0.00	0.00	1	0.00	0.00
		Navroze Godrej (Trustees of PJG Family						
		Trust)						
40	Promoter Group	Jamshyd Godrej, Pheroza Godrej and	1	0.00	0.00	1	0.00	0.00
		Navroze Godrej (Trustees of NJG Family						
		Trust)						
41	Promoter Group	Jamshyd Godrej, Pheroza Godrej and	1	0.00	0.00	1	0.00	0.00
		Navroze Godrej (Trustees of RJG Family						
		Trust)						
42	Promoter Group	Jamshyd Godrej, Pheroza Godrej and	-	0.00	-	-	0.00	0.00
		Navroze Godrej (Trustees of The Raika						
		Godrej Family Trust)						
43	Promoter Group	Jamshyd Godrej, Pheroza Godrej and	-	0.00	-	-	0.00	0.00
		Navroze Godrej (Trustees of Navroze						
		Lineage Trust)						
44	Promoter Group	Jamshyd Godrej, Pheroza Godrej and	-	0.00	-	-	0.00	0.00
		Navroze Godrej (Trustees of Raika Lineage						
		Trust)						
45	Promoter Group	Smita Godrej Crishna, Vijay Mohan Crishna,	-	0.00	-	-	0.00	0.00
		Freyan Crishna Bieri and Nyrika Holkar						
		(Trustees of SGC Family Trust)						
46	Promoter Group	Smita Godrej Crishna, Freyan Crishna Bieri	8,414,608	2.50	0.00	8,414,608	2.50	(1.29)
		and Nyrika Holkar (Trustees of FVC Family						
		Trust)						
47	Promoter Group	Smita Godrej Crishna, Freyan Crishna Bieri	=	0.00	-	-	0.00	0.00
		and Nyrika Holkar (Trustees of NVC Family						
		Trust)						
48	Promoter Group	Smita Godrej Crishna, Vijay Mohan Crishna,	1	0.00	0.00	1	0.00	0.00
		Freyan Crishna Bieri and Nyrika Holkar						
		(Trustees of VMC Family Trust)						
49	Promoter Group	Smita Godrej Crishna, Freyan Crishna Bieri	1	0.00	0.00	1	0.00	0.00
		and Nyrika Holkar (Trustees of NVC Children						
		Trust)						
50	Promoter Group	Smita Godrej Crishna, Freyan Crishna Bieri	1	0.00	0.00	1	0.00	0.00
		and Nyrika Holkar (Trustees of FVC Children						
		Trust)						
51	Promoter Group	Rishad Kaikhushru Naoroji & Others	42,583,272	12.65	0.00	42,583,272	12.65	0.00
		(Partners of RKN Enterprises)	46.5			4 6 4 6		
52	Promoter Group	Anamudi Real Estates LLP	1,916,792	0.57	0.00	1,916,792	0.57	0.00
53 54	Promoter Group	Godrej Seeds & Genetics Limited	0.770.000	0.00	- 0.00	0.770.000	0.00	0.00
	Promoter Group	AREL Enterprise LLP	2,770,983	0.82	0.00	2,770,983	0.82	0.00

## Note 18: Other Equity

Refer Statement of Changes in Equity for detailed movement in Equity balance

## I Summary of Other Equity Balance

			Amount ₹ in Crore
Part	iculars	As at	As at
		March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
T	Capital Reserve on Account of Amalgamation	17.64	17.64
П	Capital Redemption Reserve	31.46	31.46
Ш	Securities Premium	927.51	925.14
IV	Capital Reserve	28.81	28.81
V	Special Reserve	24.40	9.34
VI	Items of Other Comprehensive Income	219.84	248.94
VII	Employee Stock Grants Outstanding	12.24	10.15
VIII	General Reserve	106.09	106.09
IX	Debenture Redemption Reserve	6.42	-
X	Gain on sale of subsidiary without losing control	180.67	180.67
ΧI	Non Controlling Interest Reserve	2,075.78	2,097.05
XII	Retained Earnings	4336.78	4,295.33
		7,967.64	7,950.62

Refer statement of changes in equity for detailed movement in Other Equity balances.

## II Nature and purpose of reserve

- a Capital Reserve on Account of Amalgamation : During amalgamation, the excess of net assets taken over the cost of consideration paid is treated as Capital Reserve on account of Amalgamation.
- b Capital Redemption Reserve : The Company has recognised Capital Redemption Reserve on buyback of equity shares from its retained earnings.
- c Securities Premium: The amount received in excess of face value of the equity shares is recognised in Securities Premium. In case of equity-settled share based payment transactions, the difference between fair value on grant date and nominal value of share is accounted as securities premium. It is utilised in accordance with the provisions of section 52 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- d Capital Reserve: During amalgamation, the excess of net assets taken, over the cost of consideration paid is treated as capital reserve and also created on Sale of treasury Shares, also profit on sale of treasury shares held by the ESOP Trust is recognised in Capital Reserve. The utilisation will be as per the requirements of the Companies Act, 2013.
- e Special Reserve: Reserve created under section 45IC of RBI Act, 1934 & 29C of NHB Act, 1987.
- f Foreign Currency Translation Reserve: The translation reserve comprises all foreign currency differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of foreign operations.
- g Employee Stock Grants Outstanding: The fair value of the equity-settled share based payment transactions with employees is recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss with corresponding credit to Employee Stock Grants Outstanding Account.
- h General Reserve: The Company has transferred a portion of the net profit of the Company before declaring dividend to general reserve pursuant to the earlier provisions of Companies Act, 1956. Mandatory transfer to general reserve is not required under the Companies Act, 2013.
- i Debenture Redemption Reserve: The Company is required to create a debenture redemption reserve out of the profits which is available for payment of dividend for the purpose of redemption of debentures.
- j Gain on sale of subsidiary without losing control: The Company participated in the IPO of Godrej Agrovet Limited (GAVL) as a promoter shareholder and sold part of its stake and realised a gain in the Standalone financial statements. Since the Company continues to hold controlling stake in GAVL, the resultant gain is not considered as a part of Consolidated net profits, but is included in Reserves as per the accounting treatment prescribed under IND AS 110 (Consolidated Financial Statements).
- k Non- controlling Interest Reserve: It represents the difference between the consideration paid and the carrying value of non- controlling interest acquired in subsidiaries.

## Note 18: Other Equity (Continued)

- The Group uses hedging instruments as part of its management of foreign currency risk associated with foreign currency borrowings. For hedging foreign currency risk, the Group used foreign currency forward contracts which are designated as cash flow hedges. To the extent these hedges are effective, the change in fair value of the hedging instrument is recognised in the cash flow hedge reserve. Amounts recognised in the cash flow hedge reserve is reclassified to statement of profit & loss when the hedged item affects the profit & loss.
- m Retained Earnings: Retained earnings are the profits that the Group has earned till date, less any transfers to general reserve, dividends or other distributions paid to shareholders.

## III Other Comprehensive Income accumulated in Other Equity, net of tax

		Amount ₹ in Crore
Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Opening Balance	248.94	101.95
Exchange Difference in translating financial statements of foreign operations	(31.09)	146.89
Cash flow hedges	1.98	0.10
	219.84	248.94

## Note 19: Non Current Financial Liabilities - Borrowings

			Amount ₹ in Crore
Part	ticulars	As at	As at
		March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
(I)	Secured Borrowings		
	(a) Non-convertible debentures (Refer Note 1a below)	595.43	399.19
	(b) Term Loans		
	(i) From Banks (Refer Note 1b below)	4,610.46	3,704.57
(II)	Unsecured Borrowings		
	(a) Non-convertible debentures (Refer Note 4 below)	6,252.87	2,792.75
	(b) Term Loans		
	(i) From Banks (Refer Note 2 below)	134.73	187.41
		11,593.49	7,083.92

#### Notes:

1a Secured Non convertible debentures has interest ranging from 8.00 % to 8.60 % repayable by April 2027

## Note 19: Non Current Financial Liabilities - Borrowings (Continued)

1b Amount ₹ in Crore

Pa	rticulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
i)	Term loans are borrowed at floating rate of interest ranging from 6.48 $\%$ p.a. to 9.90 $\%$ p.a. (previous year 5.60 $\%$ p.a. to 9.32 $\%$ p.a.).	4,600.50	3,683.43
	Term loan taken from banks are secured by first ranking <i>pari passu</i> charge with a minimum asset cover on standard receivables of the borrower, both present and future, however standard receivable excludes receivables which are / or will be exclusively charged to National Housing Bank (NHB). There is also first ranking <i>pari passu</i> charge on cash and cash equivalents of the borrower, both present and future, to the extent required to make up any shortfall in the stipulated security cover over the standard receivables."		
ii)	Term loans from bank is repayable in 16 quarterly instalments commencing from 29th June 2023. Current interest rate of the loan is 7.95% (previous year 7.95%). Secured by way of negative Lien created on the plant and machinery purchased by availing the term loan.	9.96	21.14

#### 2 Unsecured Loans from Banks

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Loan carries interest rate of 7.85% is repayable in quarterly installments commencing from January $01,2026$ .	100.00	-
Loan carries interest at one month Treasury bill rate p.a. Current interest rate of the loan is 8.60% per annum and is repayable in 12 structured quarterly instalments commencing from 26 June 2024.	10.00	-
Loan carries interest rates of 7.70 % p.a link to 1 month T Bill are repayable in 26 equal quarterly installments amounting to $\rat{0.32}$ crores from the date of the Financial Statements.	7.09	-
Loan carries Interest Rates of 3 months T Bill + 175 bps. The loan is repayable in 19 instalments commencing from November 2020.	0.80	4.40
Loan carries interest rate of 4.75% to 8.16 %p.a. (previous year 4.75% to 7.60 %p.a) These loans are repayable at various dates in equal quarterly installment.	15.81	13.21
Loan carries interest rates of Repo rate + 2.30% repayable in instalments on different dates upto 40 months from the date of the Financial Statements	1.03	3.09
Loan carries interest at 1 year MCLR for an original term upto 72 months and repayable starting March 2022 to March 2025	-	153.85
Loan carries interest rate of 6.95% (Previous year 4.75%) repayable in 28 equal quarterly instalments commencing from February 15, 2019.	-	2.00
Loan carries interest rate of 7.39 % to 7.83% and is repayable in installments on different dates till FY 2024-25.	-	10.86

During the year, the Company has issued 140,000 Unsecured Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures (NCD) of face value ₹ 1 lakh each. The total value of NCD is ₹ 1400 crore. The NCD is listed on National Stock Exchange. The Company will utilise the proceeds to meet its business purposes, investments in body corporate(s), repayment / prepayment of certain loans and for general corporate purposes.

During the previous year, the Company has issued 55,000 Unsecured Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures (NCD) of face value ₹ 1 lac each. The total value of NCD is ₹ 550 crore. The NCD is listed on National Stock Exchange. The Company will utilise the proceeds to meet its business purposes, investments in body corporate(s), repayment / prepayment of certain loans and for general corporate purposes.

The NCD proceeds have been utilised as under:

Note 19: Non Current Financial Liabilities - Borrowings (Continued)

Amount ₹ In Crore

Amount received from NCD (7500 NCDs of Face value of 1 (0,0)000 each)  Amount received from NCD (30,000 NCDs  Of Tace value of 1 (0,0)000 each)  Amount received from NCD (30,000 NCDs  Of Tace value of 1 (0,0)00 each)  Amount received from NCD (40,000 NCDs  Of Tace value of 1 (0,0)00 each)  Amount received from NCD (40,000 NCDs  Of Tace value of 1 (0,0)00 each)  Amount received from NCD (40,000 NCDs  Of Tace value of 1 (0,0)00 each)  Single principal to be single principal to the repaid at the end of the end of the repaid at the end of the end of the repaid at the end of the en						
Single principal to be Single principal to be repaid at the end of the repaid at the end of the repaid at the end of the term, 28th September, term, 27th Aug, 2027 term, 28th Feb, 2027  147.16  500.00  1577			•	750.00	750.00	2,250.00
Single principal to be Single principal to be Single principal to be Single principal to be repaid at the end of the rem, 28th September, term, 27th Aug, 2027 term, 28th Feb, 2027  147.16  500.00  15.77						
Single principal to be Single principal to be Single principal to be repaid at the end of the repaid at the end of the repaid at the end of the tem, 2007 tem, 28th Feb, 2027 2008  147.16  500.00  15.77		•	300:00			300.00
Single principal to be Single principal to be repaid at the end of the tem, 28th September, term, 27th Aug, 2027 term, 28th Feb, 2027  147.16  500.00  147.16						
500.00  Single principal to be Single principal to be repaid at the end of the repaid at the end of the repaid at the end of the term, 28th September, term, 27th Aug, 2027 term, 28th Feb, 2027  147.16  500.00  15.77		250.00				250.00
Single principal to be Single principal to be Single principal to be repaid at the end of the term, 20th Aug, 2027 term, 26th Feb, 2027 2028  147.16  500.00 15.77						
Single principal to be Single principal to be repaid at the end of the repaid at the end of the repaid at the end of the tepaid at the end of the tem, 2007 tem, 28th Feb, 2027 2028						400.00
Single principal to be Single principal to be repaid at the end of the tem, 28th September, term, 27th Aug, 2027 term, 28th Feb, 2027 - 2028 - 147.16						
Single principal to be Single principal to be repaid at the end of the repaid at the end of the term, 28th September, term, 27th Aug, 2027 term, 28th Feb, 2027 142.8  147.16  5.00.00 15.27	200:00					1,000.00
Single principal to be Single principal to be Single principal to be repaid at the end of the repaid at the end of the tem, 28th September, term, 27th Aug, 2027 term, 28th Feb, 2027 2028  - 147.16  - 500.00  - 500.00  - 15.77						
147.16	Single principal to be repaid at the end of the term, 28th Aug, 2026	Single principal to be repaid at the end of the term, 12th June, 2026	Single principal to be repaid at the end of the term, 12th Dec, 2025	Single principal to be repaid at the end of the term, 14th May, 2025	Single principal to be repaid at the end of the term, 26th Apr, 2024	
147.16 602.84					43.45	43.45
602.84						
602.84						
602.84						
602.84						
602.84				750.00	706.55	1,603.71
602.84						
602.84						
602.84						
602.84						
90009						602.84
00009						
00.003						
90009						
90009						
00 009		250.00	300:00			934.73
00 009						
500.00						
0000	200:00					1,015.27
invested in Mutual Fund and Bank Fixed						
Densit						

\* with effect from October 27, 2023 the coupon rate was revised from 6.92% to 7.17% & 6.43% to 6.68%

Particulars	NCD 8.25%	NCD 8.15%	%0CD 8.30%	% NCD 8.50%	NCD 8.65%	NCD 8.65%	NCD 8.40%	Total
Amount received from NCD (75,000 NCD of face Value ₹ 1,00,000 each)	750.00							750.00
Amount received from NCD (75,000 NCD of face Value ₹ 1,00,000 each)		750.00					•	750.00
Amount received from NCD (1,00,000 NCD of face Value ₹ 1,00,000 each)		•	1,000.00					1,000.00
Amount received from NCD (16,000 NCD of face Value ₹ 1,00,000 each)				160.00				160.00
Amount received from NCD (4,900 NCD of face Value ₹ 1,00,000 each)		•			49.00			49.00
Amount received from NCD (5,000 NCD of face Value ₹ 1,00,000 each)		•				50.00		50.00
Amount received from NCD (4,900 NCD of face Value ₹1,00,000 each)	•	•	•		•	•	49.00	49.00
Repayment Terms	Single principal to be repaid at the end of the term, July 03, 2028	Single principal to be repaid at the end of the term, July 03, 2026	Single principal to be repaid at the end of the term, March 19, 2027	Single principal to be repaid at the end of the term, September 28, 2028	Single principal to be repaid at the end of the term, August 21, 2026	Single principal to be repaid at the end of the term, October 23, 2026	Single principal to be repaid at the end of the term, August 21, 2026	

The Group does not have any default as on the Balance Sheet date in repayment of loan or interest. Refer note 50 (iii) for information on Liquidity Risk.

## Note 20: Non Current Financial Liabilities - Others

Amount ₹ in Crore

Par	ticulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
(I)	Employee Benefits Payable (Refer Note 33)	34.83	22.67
(II)	Security Deposits	1.34	1.34
		36.17	24.01

## **Note 21: Non Current Provisions**

Amount ₹ in Crore

Pai	ticulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Т	Defined Benefit Obligation (Refer Note 46)	44.72	35.69
II	Other Long Term Benefit	8.32	7.32
		53.04	43.01

## Note 22 : Deferred Tax Liabilities (Net of Assets)

			Amount ₹ in Crore
	Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
(I)	Deferred tax liabilities arising on account of:		
	(a) Property, plant and equipment	218.46	211.54
	(b) Investments	-	=
	(c) Leases	-	-
	(d) Biological Assets	1.74	1.12
	(e) Other provisions	36.97	38.62
		257.17	251.28
(II)	Deferred tax assets arising on account of:		
	(a) Provision for Retirement Benefits	0.94	0.71
	(b) Provision for Doubtful Debts / Advances	8.00	8.27
	(c) Investments	1.08	0.99
	(d) Biological Assets	-	-
	(e) Brought Forward Losses	26.75	0.80
	(f) Leases	0.87	9.60
		37.64	20.37
	Deferred Tax Liabilities (Net of Assets)	219.53	230.91
	(refer note 44)		

## Note 23: Other Non Current Liabilities

			Amount ₹ in Crore
	Particulars	As at	As at
		March 31, 202	March 31, 2023
(I)	Others		
	Deferred Grant	13.7	9 14.65
		13.7	9 14.65

## Note 24: Current Financial Liabilities Borrowings

			Amount ₹ in Crore
	Particulars	As at	As at
		March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
(I)	Secured Borrowings		
	(a) Term Loan		
	(i) From Banks (Refer note 1 below)	779.14	92.79
	(b) Non-convertible debentures (Refer note 2 below)	103.58	-
	(c) Loans Repayable on Demand		
	(i) From Banks (Refer Note 3 below)	759.02	32.95
	(d) Other Loans		
	(i) Cash Credit (Refer Note 4 below)	250.84	12.05
	(ii) Working Capital Loan (Refer Note 5 below)	2,209.32	1,175.46
(II)	Unsecured Borrowings		
	(a) Term Loans		
	(i) From Other Parties (Refer Note 6 below)	905.00	1,045.00
	(b) Loans Repayable on Demand		
	(i) From Banks (Refer Note 7 below)	3,816.78	3,096.01
	(c) Other Loans		
	(i) Commercial Papers (Refer Note 8 below)	6,356.72	4,234.86
	(ii) Working Capital Loan (Refer Note 9 below)	234.29	248.74
	(iii) Cash Credit (Refer note 4 (ii) below)	9.33	26.61
	(iv) Buyer's Credit (Refer Note 4 (iii) below)	-	21.96
(III)	Current Maturities of Long term Debt	1,789.97	2,378.19
		17,213.98	12,364.63

#### **Notes**

1

Amount ₹ in Crore

Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Loan borrowed at floating rate of interest ranging from 7.35 % to 8.25 % (previous year 5.60% p.a. to	779.14	92.79
9.32%) repayable by March 24 (previous year March 23) (refer note (aii) below)		

#### a Security

- Working capital facilities sanctioned by banks under consortium arrangement are secured by hypothecation of inventories and receivables.
- ii) Term loan taken from a bank is secured by first ranking *pari passu* charge with a minimum asset cover on standard receivables of the borrower, both present and future, however standard receivable excludes receivables which are / or will be exclusively charged to National Housing Bank (NHB). There is also first ranking *pari passu* charge on cash and cash equivalents of the borrower, both present and future, to the extent required to make up any shortfall in the stipulated security cover over the standard receivables.
- 2 Secured Non convertible debentures has interest ranging from 8.00 % to 8.60 %.
- 3 (i) Loan repayable on demand includes Short Term loans borrowed at floating rate of interest ranging from 7.35 % to 8.25 % (previous year 5.60% p.a. to 9.32% ).
  - (ii) Caroa Properties LLP: Term Loan ₹ 5.00 Crore (Previous Year: NIL) [Total sanctioned amount of ₹ 205.00 Crore (₹ 205.00 Crore of Term Loan and Overdraft Limit (OD) of ₹ 90.00 Crore which is sub limit of Term loan)] is secured by the way of registered mortgage over land/development rights pertaining to current & future phases and first charge on current assets, liquid investments and receivables of the LLP. This term loan including OD are repayable in 10 equal quarterly installments post moratorium of 30 months from the date of first disbursement.
  - (iii) Godrej Residency Private Limited: Term Loan of ₹ 150.00 Crore (Previous Year: NIL) with total sanctioned amount of ₹ 700 Crore from Federal Bank is secured by Mortgage of Immovable property at cadastral survey no.1906 of Byculla division Eward, Mumbai 400 011 along with structures standing thereon excluding (20 Yes Bank units on which charge is of Yes Bank and the units already sold since the launch of the project till loan sanction) and hypothecation on the future receivables, arising out of present and future construction thereon of unsold units and existing sold / booked / alienated units from the project, except Yes Bank units and hypothecation of entire

## Note 24: Current Financial Liabilities Borrowings (Continued)

current assets of the Company, both present and future. The Term loan is repayable in 12 equal quarterly instalments after completion of 3 years moratorium period.

- (iv) Godrej Skyline Developers Private Limited: Term loan of ₹ 203.59 Crores (Previous Year: NIL) availed by the Company from Bajaj Housing Finance Limited (BHFL) with total Sanctioned amount of ₹ 250.00 Crore (Previous Year: NIL) is secured by way of mortgage of land admeasuring 128020 sq.mt situated at Village Mamurdi Taluka Haveli District Pune, unsold units of the Project and exclusive charge on receivables under the documents entered into with the customers of the project by the borrower and all insurance proceeds both present and future and repayable within 72 months from the date of first disbursement (i.e. 30 August 2023) or earlier at BHFL's option.
- (v) Maan Hinje Township Developers LLP: Term Loan of ₹ 199.82 crore (Previous Year: NIL) total sanctioned amount ₹ 300 Crore is secured by (a) Exclusive charge by way of registered mortgage on the property. (b) Exclusive chargeby way of registered mortgage on the project and other project excluding the sold units (as specified in Annexure IC, but including any cancellations) (c) Exclusive charge by way of registered mortgage on the future scheduled receivables of the project and other project and all insurance proceeds, both present and future. (d) Exclusive charge by way of registered mortgage on security of all rights, title, interest, claims, benefits, demands under the project documents of the project and other project both present and future and repayable in 18 monthly installments commencing from the end of 30 months from the date of first disbursement.
- 4 (i) The Cash Credit (CC) of ₹ 139.30 Crore from SBI is secured by a primary first charge by way of hypothecation of stock and receivables (Present and future) of Godrej Properties Limited and by a collateral of Mortgage of Immovable property (including all fit-outs therein) of the Company at Unit No 5C, on the 5th Floor in Godrej One (along with car parking spaces) at Pirojshanagar, Vikhroli East, Mumbai and Second Charge by way of hypothecation of Other Current Assets (Present and Future) of Godrej Properties Limited.

Previous Year: ₹ 12.05 Crore from SBI is secured by a primary charge of hypothecation of Current Assets of Godrej Properties Limited and work-in-progress of Godrej Projects Development Limited (wholly owned subsidiary of Godrej Properties Limited) and by a collateral of Mortgage of Immovable property (including all fit-outs therein) of Godrej Properties Limited at Unit No 5C, on the 5th Floor in Godrej One (along with car parking spaces) at Pirojshanagar, Vikhroli East, Mumbai and the hypothecation of Current Assets excluding work-in-progress of Godrej Projects Development Limited (wholly owned subsidiary of Godrej Properties Limited).

The Cash Credit (CC) of ₹ 111.54 Crore from SBI is secured by a collateral of Mortgage of Immovable property (including all fit-outs therein) of Godrej Properties Limited at Unit No 5C, on the 5th Floor in Godrej One (along with car parking spaces) at Pirojshanagar, Vikhroli East, Mumbai and the First pari passu charge by way of hypothecation of Other Current Assets (Present and future) of Godrej Properties Limited.

Previous Year: Nil from SBI is secured by a collateral of Mortgage of Immovable property (including all fit-outs therein) of the Company at Unit No 5C, on the 5th Floor in Godrej One (along with car parking spaces) at Pirojshanagar, Vikhroli East, Mumbai and the hypothecation of Current Assets excluding work-in-progress of Godrej Projects Development Limited (wholly owned subsidiary of Godrej Properties Limited).

- (ii) Cash credit from banks are repayable on demand and carries interest rate ranging from 7.00% to 9.00% and MCLR 0.25 % (Previous year: 4.75% to 8.95%).
- (iii) No Buyers Credit transaction are in banks as on 31 March 2024. (Previous Year: 7.46% to 8.05%).
- 5 (i) The Working Capital Loan (WCL) carries interest of 7.80%-8.45% (Previous Year: 6.60% -7.35%). WCL of ₹ 1350.00 Crore from SBI is secured by a primary first charge by way of hypothecation of stock and receivables (Present and future) of Godrej Properties Limited and by a collateral of Mortgage of Immovable property (including all fit-outs therein) of Godrej Properties Limited at Unit No 5C, on the 5th Floor in Godrej One (along with car parking spaces) at Pirojshanagar, Vikhroli East, Mumbai and Second Charge by way of hypothecation of Other Current Assets (Present and Future) of Godrej Properties Limited.

Previous Year: ₹ 750.00 Crore from SBI was secured by a primary charge of hypothecation of Current Assets of Godrej Properties Limited and work-in-progress of Godrej Projects Development Limited (wholly owned subsidiary of Godrej Properties Limited) and by a collateral of Mortgage of Immovable property (including all fit-outs therein) of Godrej Properties Limited at Unit No 5C, on the 5th Floor in Godrej One (along with car parking spaces) at Pirojshanagar, Vikhroli East, Mumbai and the hypothecation of Current Assets excluding work-in-progress of Godrej Projects Development Limited (wholly owned subsidiary of Godrej Properties Limited)

The WCL of ₹ 850.00 Crore from SBI is secured by a collateral of Mortgage of Immovable property (including all fit-outs therein) of Godrej Properties Limited at Unit No 5C, on the 5th Floor in Godrej One (along with car parking spaces) at Pirojshanagar, Vikhroli East, Mumbai and the First pari passu charge by way of hypothecation of Other Current Assets (Present and future) of Godrej Properties Limited.

Previous Year: ₹ 375.00 Crore from SBI was secured by a collateral of Mortgage of Immovable property (including all fit-outs therein) of the Company at Unit No 5C, on the 5th Floor in Godrej One (along with car parking spaces) at Pirojshanagar, Vikhroli East, Mumbai and the hypothecation of Current Assets excluding work-in-progress of Godrej Projects Development Limited (wholly owned subsidiary of Godrej Properties Limited).

(ii) The working capital demand Loan from bank has been repaid during the current year, carrying interest rate of 7.45% and was secured against inventories and receivables.

## Note 24 : Current Financial Liabilities Borrowings (Continued)

6 Unsecured Loans from Bank

		Amount ₹ in Crore
Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Loan carries interest rate from 8.65% p.a.to 8.75% repayable by Aug'24	70.00	-
Loan carries interest rate from 8.15 % p.a.to 8.36 % repayable by June'24	295.00	-
Loan carries interest rate from 8.4% p.a.to 8.45% repayable by June'24	115.00	-
Loan carries interest rate from 8.08% p.a.to 8.20% repayable by June'24	275.00	-
Loan carries interest rate of 8.66% p.a.repayable by May'24	50.00	-
Loan carries interest rate of 7.85% repayable by Apr'24	100.00	-
Loan carries interest rate from 7.60% p.a.to 8.15% repayable by Aug'23	-	100.00
Loan carries interest rate of 8.0% repayable by May'23	-	50.00
Loan carries interest rate of 8.25% repayable by Apr'23	-	35.00
Loan carries interest rate from 8.05% p.a.to 8.45% repayable by June'23	-	330.00
Loan carries interest rate from 8.42% p.a.to 8.63% repayable by Apr'23	-	120.00
Loan carries interest rate from 7.89% p.a.to 7.97% repayable by May'23	-	200.00
Loan carries interest rate from 7.55% p.a.to 7.65% repayable by Apr'23	-	100.00
Loan carries interest rate from 8.45% p.a.to 8.63% repayable by May'23	-	110.00

#### Note 7

		Amount ₹ in Crore
Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Loan carries interest at 7.53% - 9.10% (Previous year 4.13%-7.90% ) are repayable within one year	3,816.78	3,073.91
Loan carries interest at 6.30% repayable by April 23	-	22.10

Overdraft facilities ₹ 13.80 Crore (Previous Year ₹ NIL Crore) is an unsecured facility and is repayable on demand.

Note 8 Commercial Papers

		Amount ₹ in Crore
Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Commercial Papers carries interest at 7.71% p.a. to 8.01% p.a. repayable during the period April to June 2024.	3,268.73	-
Commercial Papers carries interest at 7.15% p.a. to 7.80% p.a. repayable during the period April to June 2023.	-	1,959.14
Commercial Paper carries interest rate of 7.75% to 8.44% (Previous year 7.37% to 8.30%) repayable during the period April to June 2024.	726.02	844.07
Commercial Papers carries interest at 7.77% - 8.02% (Previous Year: 5.40% - 7.95%) repayable within 18 days to 80 days	1,011.19	1,133.54
Commercial Papers carries interest at 7.20% p.a. to 8.70% p.a (Previous year 4.0% p.a. to 8.15% p.a.) repayable within 1 year	1,350.77	298.11

- 9 Working capital Demand loan from banks carries interest rate of 7.25% to 9.00% (Previous year 4.10% to 8.25%) and T Bill rate 1 to 1.17% (Previous year T Bill rate and Repo Rate + 1.50%). These loans are repayable on different dates.
  - It also includes Other Loans of ₹ 11.57 crores (previous year ₹ 11.65 crores) as Unsecured Term Loan and Unsecured Working Capital Loans. Term Loan and Working Capital Loans are repayable within One year.
- 10 Refer note 50 (III) for information on Liquidity Risk.
- 11 The Group does not have any default as on the Balance Sheet date in repayment of loan or Interest.

Note 25: Current Financial Liabilities - Trade Payables

Amount ₹ in Crore **Particulars** As at As at March 31, 2024 March 31, 2023 **Trade Payables** Outstanding dues of Micro and Small Enterprises (Refer Note below) 241.75 150.68 Outstanding dues of creditors other than Micro and Small Enterprises 4,372.40 4,129.83 (II)Acceptances 374.84 588.30 4,988.99 4,868.81

Refer note 50 (III) for information on Liquidity Risk.

				Amoi	unt ₹ in Crore
Particulars	Not Due and	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3	Total
	Less than 1			years	
	year				
Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					
As at March 31, 2024					
(i) MSME	227.52	5.84	6.29	1.89	241.54
(ii) Others	4,140.55	517.87	43.03	41.08	4,742.53
(iii) Disputed dues – MSME	0.18	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.22
(iv) Disputed dues – Others	0.19	0.04	0.12	4.35	4.70
	4,368.43	523.77	49.45	47.34	4,988.99
As at March 31, 2023					
(i) MSME	141.45	5.49	0.34	0.57	147.85
(ii) Others	4,638.20	43.14	13.40	14.65	4,709.40
(iii) Disputed dues – MSME	0.15	0.02	0.03	2.63	2.83
(iv) Disputed dues – Others	-	-	0.26	8.48	8.73
	4,779.80	48.65	14.03	26.33	4,868.81

#### Note 26: Current Financial Liabilities- Others

			Amount ₹ in Crore
Part	iculars	As at	As at
		March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
(l)	Interest Accrued but not due (refer note 1 below)	310.59	205.13
(II)	Unpaid Dividends	0.53	0.55
(III)	Unpaid Matured Deposits	-	0.06
(IV)	Others		
	(a) Non Trade Payable	99.24	141.60
	(b) Advance Share of Profit from Joint Ventures	-	2.94
	(c) Deposits	154.93	142.46
	(d) Derivative Liability	0.32	0.89
	(e) Others (includes payable for development rights, accrual for expenses employee benefits payable etc.)	1,196.89	956.65
	·	1,451.38	1,244.54
		1,762.50	1,450.28

### Note 27: Other Current Liabilities

Amount ₹ in Crore **Particulars** As at As at March 31, 2024 March 31, 2023 Other Advances 2,261.87 Amount received against Sale of Flats / Units 8,811.74 Advances from Customers 143.71 (b) 79.65 (II)Others (a) Other Liabilities (includes advance from customer for maintenance, etc.) 938.72 739.70 (b) Statutory Liabilities 232.20 131.10 **Deferred Grant** (c) 0.89 0.94 10,127.26 3,213.26

#### **Note 28: Current Provisions**

				Amount ₹ in Crore
Part	ticula	ars	As at	As at
			March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
(I)	Pro	ovision for Employee Benefits		
	a)	Defined Benefit Obligation (Refer Note 46)	16.83	16.57
	b)	Other Long Term Benefit	5.17	4.42
(II)	Oth	ners		
	a)	Provision for Sales Return (Refer note 1 below)	60.60	75.72
	b)	Provision for tax dues (refer note 2 below)	30.73	36.87
	c)	Others	2.76	3.03
			116.09	136.61

#### Note:

		Amount ₹ in Crore
Movement of provision for sales return	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Opening Provision	75.72	120.67
Add : Provision made for the year	116.18	179.68
Less: Utilised during the year	131.30	224.63
Less:- Reversed during the year	-	-
Closing Provision	60.60	75.72

The Group makes a provision on estimated sales return based on historical experience. The Sales returns are generally expected within a year.

<sup>2</sup> Provision for tax dues: Utilised: ₹ 6.14 (Previous Year: ₹ Nil) and Accrued - Nil Crores (Previous Year: ₹ 7.20 Crore).

Note 29: Revenue From Operations

			Amount ₹ in Crore
Par	iculars	Year ended	Year ended
		March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
I	Sale of Products	15,286.57	15,995.69
П	Sale of Services	257.79	269.36
Ш	Interest income on loans from financing activity	749.25	279.28
IV	Other Operating Revenue		
	(a) Export Incentives	12.76	15.91
	(b) Rental Income	47.02	46.99
	(c) Processing Charges	8.04	6.97
	(d) Sale of Scrap	11.46	5.14
	(e) Dividend Income	0.39	0.33
	(f) Other Income from Customers of Property Business	109.94	82.86
	(g) Net gain on de-recognition of financial assets at amortized cost (in relation to financing	23.49	7.17
	activity)		
	(h) Others	86.85	27.50
		16,593.56	16,737.20
	Fair value of Biological Assets	7.06	3.05
		16,600.62	16,740.25

<sup>1</sup> Dividend Income has been disclosed under Revenue from Operations since Finance and Investments is an Operating Business Segment for the Group.

The Group derives revenue from the sale of products and services in the following major segments:

Sale of Products	Year ended	Year ended
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Chemicals	2,660.32	4,137.12
Animal Feeds	5,000.08	4,950.62
Veg Oils	1,652.60	1,901.50
Estate and Property Development	2,880.71	2,166.42
Dairy	1,572.38	1,500.23
Crop Protection	1,219.61	1,188.51
Finance and Investments	749.25	279.28
Hospitality	40.66	-
Others	518.01	420.65
	16,293.61	16,544.33

<sup>2</sup> Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers.

## Note 29: Revenue From Operations (Continued)

3 Reconciliation of revenue from contracts with customers

Amount ₹ in Crore

Pai	rticulars	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
	Revenue from contracts with customers as per the contract price	16,532.39	16,826.47
	Adjustments made to contract price on account of :-		
a)	Less: Discounts / Rebates / Incentives	(417.61)	(318.06)
b)	Less: Sales Returns /Credits / Reversals	(1.19)	-
c)	Add: Significant financing component	180.48	35.60
d)	Add: Revenue recognised on entitlement of Transferable Development Rights	-	0.33
e)	Any other adjustments	(0.45)	(0.01)
	Revenue from contracts with customers as per the statement of Profit and Loss	16,293.61	16,544.33

4 Geographical disaggregation

Amount ₹ in Crore

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
Sales in India	14,991.08	14,452.42
Sales outside India	1,302.53	2,091.91

5 Refer note 57 (b) for significant changes in contract assets and contract liabilities balances and 57 (c) for note on performance obligation.

#### Note 30: Other Income

Amount ₹ in Crore

Part	articulars		Year ended March 31, 2023
I	Interest Income	620.85	635.48
II	Gain on Foreign Exchange Translation	4.05	4.80
Ш	Fair value gain upon acquisition of control (refer note 54)	497.07	-
IV	Profit on sale of Property, Plant and Equipment	1.62	70.11
٧	Profit on Sale of Current Investments	138.01	151.89
VI	Changes in fair value of financial assets of FVTPL	57.33	27.54
VII	Claims Received	1.78	1.75
VIII	Liabilities no longer required written back	2.45	3.46
IX	Royalty & Technical Knowhow	11.59	5.92
Χ	Grant amortization	1.48	1.25
ΧI	Miscellaneous Income (refer note below)	160.12	119.91
		1,496.36	1,022.11

#### Note:

Miscellaneous Income includes Rs 40.00 crores related to excess provision written back upon completion of project (previous year Rs 0.04 crores)

### Note 31a: Cost of Material Consumed

Amount ₹ in Crore **Particulars** Year ended Year ended March 31, 2024 March 31, 2023 **Raw Material Consumed** Inventory at the Commencement of the year 1,123.44 1,293.67 8,905.96 Add: Purchases (Net) 9,934.93 10,029.40 11,228.60 Less: Inventory at the Close of the year (1,085.19)(1,123.44)8,944.21 10,105.16 Total Raw Material Consumed **Packing Material Consumed** Inventory at the Commencement of the year 4.50 4.65 Add: Purchases (Net) 61.07 69.57 65.57 74.22

(3.25)

62.32

9,006.53

(4.50)

69.72

10,174.88

### Note 31b: Cost of Sale - Property Development

Less: Inventory at the Close of the year

**Total Packing Material Consumed** 

Total Material Consumed (I+II)

		Amount ₹ in Crore
Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
Land/Development Rights	2,584.10	4,686.99
Construction, Material & Labour	1,764.18	936.45
Architect Fees	61.98	26.84
Other Cost	1,368.70	436.51
Finance Cost	1,008.05	366.97
Total Cost of Sale - Property Development	6,787.01	6,453.76

Note 32: Changes in Inventories of Finished Goods, Stock in Trade and Work in Progress

			Amount ₹ in Crore
Par	ticulars	Year ended	Year ended
		March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
I	Inventory at the Commencement of the year		
	Finished Goods	790.07	760.28
	Stock in Trade	49.39	89.63
	Work in Progress	11,911.31	5,505.06
	Stock under cultivation	20.32	6.45
	Transferrable Development Rights	-	0.25
	Biological Assets	101.30	83.54
	Total Inventory at the Commencement of the year	12,872.40	6,445.21
Ш	Add: Acquired through business combination and asset acquisition (refer note 54)	5,465.78	1,169.71
	Less : Transferred to Capital Work-in-Progress	(92.53)	-
Ш	Inventory at the End of the year		
	Finished Goods	(936.12)	(790.07)
	Stock in Trade	(214.36)	(49.39)
	Work in Progress	(22,133.79)	(11,911.31)
	Stock under cultivation	(45.01)	(20.32)
	Biological Assets	(82.04)	(101.30)
	Total Inventory at the End of the year	(23,411.32)	(12,872.39)
	Changes in Inventories (I+II-III)	(5,165.67)	(5,257.46)

## Note 33: Employee Benefit Expense

			Amount ₹ in Crore
Par	rticulars	Year ended	Year ended
		March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Т	Salaries and Wages	1,070.34	837.87
Ш	Contribution to Provident and Other Funds	56.00	44.62
III	Expenses on Employee Stock Option Scheme	10.96	9.65
IV	Staff Welfare Expense	73.60	50.90
		1,210.90	943.04

### Note 34: Finance Costs

			Amount ₹ in Crore
Pai	ticulars	Year ended	Year ended
		March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
I	Interest	2,075.01	1,221.10
	Less: Transferred to Construction work-in-progress and Capital work-in-progress	(1,024.06)	(408.18)
	Net Interest	1,050.95	812.92
Ш	Other Borrowing Costs	301.47	129.78
		1,352.42	942.70

#### Notes:

1 Finance costs of one of the subsidiaries are net of interest capitalized to Capital work in Progress ₹ 8.60 crore (previous year ₹ 1.81 crore )

## Note 35 a: Depreciation and Amortisation Expenses

Amount ₹ in Crore

Part	iculars	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
Т	Depreciation on Property, Plant and Equipment	303.01	245.73
П	Depreciation on Investment Property	6.72	6.86
Ш	Amortisation on Intangible Assets	20.45	17.04
IV	Depreciation on Rights of Use Assets	59.58	44.13
	Less : Transferred to Construction work-in-progress and intangible assets under development	(19.01)	(9.24)
		370.75	304.52

#### Note 35 b: Other Expenses

Partic	Particulars		Year ended
		March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
I	Consumption of Stores and Spares	60.16	78.57
II	Power and Fuel	330.23	321.92
Ш	Processing Charges	290.31	278.70
IV	Loan Sourcing Cost	30.91	9.98
٧	Rent	29.68	25.11
VI	Rates & Taxes	36.44	23.50
VII	Repairs and Maintenance		
	(a) Machinery	52.37	52.56
	(b) Buildings	12.19	26.18
	(c) Other Assets	13.77	9.30
VIII	Project Maintenance Expenses of Property Business	130.63	80.11
IX	Insurance	18.95	21.22
Χ	Freight	140.68	205.08
ΧI	Commission	6.67	11.94
XII	Advertisement and Publicity	542.98	360.16
XIII	Selling and Distribution Expenses	17.86	18.16
XIV	Bad Debts Written Off	27.87	34.91
XV	Provision / (Write back) for Doubtful Debts and Advances	32.77	25.93
XVI	Loss on Foreign Exchange Translation	1.13	4.45
XVII	Loss on Sale of Property, Plant and Equipment	3.78	-
XVIII	Research Expense	10.03	10.01
XIX	Legal and Professional fees	117.75	74.42
XX	Miscellaneous Expenses (refer note 1 and 2 below)	817.81	500.74
		2,724.97	2,172.95

Godrej Projects Development Limited ("GPDL"), a wholly owned subsidiary of the Godrej Properties Limited (subsidiary of the Company), for one of its projects, Godrej Summit in Gurgaon, which was completed in phases in 2017 and 2018, has appointed an external expert to undertake a detailed independent assessment of a quality issue discovered in the project. This assessment identified the presence of chloride in the concrete used in the project, which when in contact with water, leads to corrosion of steel reinforcement. The external experts advised that with the required repair and maintenance framework, the building is expected to perform as per its intended design life. Accordingly, an estimated amount of ₹ 155.00 crore towards repair, maintenance, customer claims, or any ancillary costs has been provided in Other Expenses. GPDL has also made an offer to buy back units or to provide rentals to all the unit holders of the project till completion of required Repair & maintenances.

<sup>2</sup> Other Expenses includes financial assets written off ₹ 20.83 Crore (Previous Year: ₹ 47.39 Crore).

## Note 36: Earnings Per Share

Basic EPS amounts are calculated by dividing the profit for the year attributable to equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of Equity shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted EPS amounts are calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of Equity shares outstanding during the year plus the weighted average number of Equity shares that would be issued on conversion of all the dilutive potential Equity shares into Equity shares.

		Amount ₹ in Crore
Particulars		Year ended
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Calculation of weighted average number of equity shares - Basic		
(i) Number of equity shares at the beginning of the year (in units)	336,638,257	336,584,313
(ii) Number of equity shares issued during the year (in units)	52,484	53,944
(iii) Number of equity shares outstanding at the end of the year (in units)	336,690,741	336,638,257
(iv) Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year (in units)	336,676,501	336,624,771
Calculation of weighted average number of equity shares - Diluted		
(i) Number of potential equity shares at the beginning of the year (in units)	336,747,687	336,692,382
(ii) Effect of Dilution/ Share based payments	65,016	55,305
(iii) Number of potential equity shares at the end of the year (in units)	336,812,703	336,747,687
(iv) Weighted average number of potential equity shares outstanding during the year (in units)	336,806,014	336,740,889
Net Profit Attributable to Owners of the Company	59.97	974.78
Earnings per share attributable to owners of the Company		
(i) Basic Earnings Per Share of ₹ 1 each	1.78	28.96
(ii) Diluted Earnings Per Share of ₹ 1 each	1.78	28.95
	Calculation of weighted average number of equity shares - Basic  (i) Number of equity shares at the beginning of the year (in units)  (ii) Number of equity shares issued during the year (in units)  (iii) Number of equity shares outstanding at the end of the year (in units)  (iv) Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year (in units)  Calculation of weighted average number of equity shares - Diluted  (i) Number of potential equity shares at the beginning of the year (in units)  (ii) Effect of Dilution/ Share based payments  (iii) Number of potential equity shares at the end of the year (in units)  (iv) Weighted average number of potential equity shares outstanding during the year (in units)  Net Profit Attributable to Owners of the Company  Earnings per share attributable to owners of the Company  (i) Basic Earnings Per Share of ₹ 1 each	Calculation of weighted average number of equity shares - Basic  (i) Number of equity shares at the beginning of the year (in units) 336,638,257  (ii) Number of equity shares issued during the year (in units) 52,484  (iii) Number of equity shares outstanding at the end of the year (in units) 336,690,741  (iv) Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year (in units) 336,676,501  Calculation of weighted average number of equity shares - Diluted  (i) Number of potential equity shares at the beginning of the year (in units) 336,747,687  (ii) Effect of Dilution/ Share based payments 65,016  (iii) Number of potential equity shares at the end of the year (in units) 336,812,703  (iv) Weighted average number of potential equity shares outstanding during the year (in units) 336,806,014  Net Profit Attributable to Owners of the Company 59.97  Earnings per share attributable to owners of the Company  (i) Basic Earnings Per Share of ₹ 1 each 1.78

### Note 37: Contingent Liabilities

			Amount ₹ in Crore
Partic	ulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
1 (	Claims against the Group not acknowledged as debts		
	<ul> <li>Excise duty / Service Tax demands relating to disputed classification, post manufacturing expenses, assessable values, etc. which the Group has contested and is in appeal at various levels.</li> </ul>	254.50	294.35
(	b) Customs Duty demands relating to lower charge, differential duty, classification, etc.	14.28	13.03
(	c) Sales Tax demands relating to purchase tax on Branch Transfer / disallowance of high seas sales, etc. at various levels.	77.83	84.30
(	d) GST demands relating to issues pertaining to CENVAT credit transition to GST. The said amount includes up-to-date interest.	370.31	11.98
	e) Octroi demand relating to classification issue on import of Palm Stearine and interest thereon.	0.29	0.29
	f) Stamp duties claimed on certain properties which are under appeal by the Group.	1.82	1.82
	g) Income tax demands relating to disallowance against sec. 14A in respect of exempt income, Depreciation on Land/ rights in Land of Godrej One etc. against which the Group has preferred appeals.	191.05	169.02
	h) Industrial relations matters under appeal.	0.51	0.43
	i) Claims not acknowledged as debts represent cases filed by parties in the Consumer forum, Civil Court and High Court and disputed by the Group as advised by our advocates. In the opinion of the management the claims are not sustainable.	587.24	515.07
	<ul> <li>Demand of Arrears of Rent / Compensation by Mumbai Port Trust Authority (refer note 5 below)</li> </ul>	175.07	159.58
	k) Others	4.00	4.12

### Note 37: Contingent Liabilities (Continued)

			Amount ₹ in Crore
Par	Particulars As at March 31, 202		As at March 31, 2023
Ш	Surety Bonds / Guarantees	,	,
	<ul> <li>(a) Surety Bonds given by the Holding Company in respect of refund received from excise authority for exempted units of associate company (refer Note 1 below)</li> </ul>	31.65	31.65
	(b) Bonds issued by Group on behalf of related party	1.21	1.21
	(c) Guarantees given by Bank, counter guaranteed by the Group	264.59	177.64
	(d) Guarantees given by the Group relating to Joint Ventures	23.64	34.46
Ш	Contingent liabilities relating to interest in Associates	110.32	205.95

#### Notes

- (1) The Corporate surety bond of ₹ 31.65 crore (previous year ₹ 31.65 crore) is in respect of refund received from excise authority for exempted units (North East) of Godrej Consumer Products Limited, an associate company.
- (2) The Group has reviewed all its pending litigations and proceedings and has adequately provided for where provisions are required and disclosed as contingent liabilities where applicable, in its financial statements. The Group does not expect the outcome of these proceedings to have a materially adverse effect on its financial results.
  - It is not practicable to estimate the timings of cash outflows, if any, in respect of the above pending resolution of the respective proceedings as it is determinable only on receipt of judgements/decisions pending with various forums/authorities.
- (3) The Hon'ble Supreme Court of India ("SC") by its judgement dated February 28, 2019, in the case of RPFC, West Bengal v/s Vivekananda Vidyamandir and others, clarified the principles based on which allowances paid to the employees should be identified for inclusion in basic wages for the purposes of computation of Provident Fund contribution. Subsequently, a review petition against this decision was filed and the SC reiterated its decision given in the above referred judgment.
  - In view of the management, the liability pertaining to Godrej Properties Limited and its subsidiaries for the period from date of the SC judgement to March 31, 2019 is not significant and has been provided in the consolidated financial statements. Further, the impact for the past period, if any, is not ascertainable and consequently no effect has not been given in the accounts.
- (4) The National Green Tribunal, Principal Bench, New Delhi (the "NGT") has on July 30, 2021 pronounced an order ("Order") against, *inter alia*, Godrej Properties Limited (a subsidiary Company) and its joint venture company viz Wonder Projects Development Private Limited ("WPDPL") in respect of matter challenging the environmental clearance granted in relation to project being developed by WPDPL in Bengaluru. WPDPL has challenged the said order before the Hon'ble Supreme Court. The Supreme Court has on August 26, 2021 directed the parties to maintain status quo. The subsidiary company is confident of the merits and compliances in the said case.
- (5) The Company had received a notice from a Lessor demanding differential rent amounting to ₹ 175.07 crores upto March 31, 2024, for certain plots of land situated at Wadala. The Company has filed detailed replies denying any liability to pay such differential lease rental. Management has obtained legal advice, basis which, the Company believes that it has a very strong case and accordingly, no provision for the same has been made in the financial statements but has been considered as a contingent liability.

#### Note 38: Commitments

Par	ticulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023	
I	Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account (net of advances) and not provided for.	263.87	467.51	
П	Outstanding Export Obligation under EPCG Scheme	0.49	0.49	
Ш	Uncalled liability on partly paid shares / debentures (*)	0.00	0.00	
IV	Undisbursed commitments in respect of the loan agreements in relation to Financing business	3,516.51	2,589.07	
V	Commitments relating to interest in Associates	67.02	17.48	

<sup>\*</sup> Amount less than ₹ 0.01 crore

#### Notes

- One of the Subsidiary Company enters into construction contracts for Civil, Elevator, External Development, MEP work etc. with its vendors. The total amount payable under such contracts will be based on actual measurements and negotiated rates, which are determinable as and when the work under the said contracts are completed.
- 2 One of the Subsidiary Company entered into development agreements with owners of land for development of projects. Under the agreements the Group is required to pay certain payments/ deposits to the owners of the land and share in built up area/ revenue from such developments in exchange of undivided share in land as stipulated under the agreements.

Note 39: Information on Subsidiaries, Joint Ventures and Associates:

(a) The subsidiary Companies considered in the Consolidated Financial Statements are :

Sr.	Name of the Company	Place of	Percentage	of Holding
No.		business / Country of incorporation	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
	Subsidiaries of Godrej Industries Limited			
1	Godrej Agrovet Limited	India	64.88%	64.90%
2	Godrej Properties Limited (refer note 1 below)	India	47.34%	47.34%
3	Godrej Capital Limited	India	89.48%	87.23%
4	Godrej International Limited	Isle of Man	100%	100%
5	Godrej International Trading & Investments Pte. Ltd.	Singapore	100%	100%
6	Godrej One Premises Management Private Limited	India	58%	58%
7	Godrej Industries Limited Employee Stock Option Trust (dissolved w.e.f. October 03, 2023)	India	NA	100%
	Subsidiaries of Godrej Agrovet Limited			
8	Godvet Agrochem Limited	India	100%	100%
9	Astec Lifesciences Limited	India	64.77%	64.77%
10	Behram Chemicals Private Limited	India	65.63%	65.63%
11	Comercializadora Agricola Agroastrachem Cia Ltda	Columbia	100%	100%
12	Creamline Dairy Products Limited	India	51.91%	51.91%
13	Godrej Maxximilk Private Limited	India	100%	100.00%
14	Godrej Tyson Foods Limited	India	51.00%	51.00%
	Subsidiaries of Godrej Capital Limited			
15	Godrej Housing Finance Limited	India	100%	100%
16	Godrej Finance Limited	India	100%	100%
17	Godrej Capital Limited Employee Stock Option Trust	India	100%	100%
	Subsidiaries of Godrej Properties Limited			
18	Godrej Projects Development Limited	India	100%	100%
19	Godrej Garden City Properties Private Limited	India	100%	100%
20	Godrej Hillside Properties Private Limited	India	100%	100%
21	Godrej Home Developers Private Limited	India	100%	100%
22	Godrej Prakriti Facilities Private Limited	India	100%	100%
23	Prakritiplaza Facilities Management Private Limited	India	100%	100%
24	Godrej Highrises Properties Private Limited	India	100%	100%
25	Godrej Genesis Facilities Management Private Limited	India	100%	100%
26	Citystar InfraProjects Limited	India	100%	100%
27	Godrej Residency Private Limited	India	50.01%	50.01%
28	Godrej Properties Worldwide Inc., USA (Dissolved w.e.f. February 02, 2024)	USA	N.A.	100%
29	Godrej Precast Construction Private Limited	India	100%	100%
30	Godrej Green Woods Private Limited	India	100%	100%
31	Godrej Realty Private Limited	India	100%	100%
32	Godrej Living Private Limited	India	100%	100%
33	Ashank Land & Building Private Limited (w.e.f. May 19, 2022)	India	100%	100%
34	Godrej Home Constructions Limited (w.e.f March 29, 2023)	India	100%	74%
35	Wonder City Buildcon Private Limited (w.e.f March 29, 2023)	India	100%	74%
36	Godrej Skyline Developers Private Limited (w.e.f September 28, 2023)	India	93%	44%
37	Godrej Real Estate Distribution Company Private Limited (w.e.f July 20, 2023)	India	100%	N.A.
	Limited Liability Partnership (LLP) (held through Godrej Properties Limited)			

Note 39: Information on Subsidiaries, Joint Ventures and Associates: (Continued)

Sr.	Name of the Company	Place of	Percentage of Holding	
No.		business / Country of incorporation	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
1	Godrej Highrises Realty LLP	India	100%	100%
2	Godrej Project Developers & Properties LLP	India	100%	100%
3	Godrej Skyview LLP	India	100%	100%
4	Godrej Green Properties LLP	India	100%	100%
5	Godrej Projects (Soma) LLP	India	100%	100%
6	Godrej Athenmark LLP	India	100%	100%
7	Godrej City Facilities Management LLP	India	100%	100%
8	Godrej Florentine LLP	India	100%	100%
9	Godrej Olympia LLP	India	100%	100%
10	Godrej Buildwell Projects LLP (formerly known as Godrej Construction Projects LLP)	India	100%	100%
11	Oasis Landmarks LLP	India	51%	51%
12	Ashank Facility Management LLP	India	100%	100%
13	Maan-Hinje Township Developers LLP (w.e.f Mar 29, 2023)	India	99%	99%
14	Godrej Reserve LLP (w.e.f Oct 1, 2022)	India	99.80%	99.80%
15	Ashank Realty Management LLP	India	100%	100%
16	Godrej Property Developers LLP (Subsidiary upto February 29, 2024)	India	NA	NA
17	Dream World Landmarks LLP (w.e.f September 30, 2023)	India	40%	40%
18	Caroa Properties LLP (w.e.f Mar 28, 2024)	India	57.59%	35%
19	Godrej Vestamark LLP (w.e.f June 23, 2023)	India	100%	58%

#### Note

The equity holding of the Company in Godrej Properties Limited is 47.34%. The Company (GIL) has power and de facto control over Godrej Properties Limited (GPL) (even without overall majority of shareholding and voting power). Accordingly, GIL continues to consolidate GPL as a subsidiary.

Note 39: Information on Subsidiaries, Joint Ventures and Associates: (Continued)

(b) Interests in Joint Ventures:

Sr.	Name of the Company	Place of	Percentage	of Holding
No.		business / Country of incorporation	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
(I) Co	ompanies			
	Joint Venture partner of Godrej Agrovet Limited			
1	ACI Godrej Agrovet Private Limited	Bangladesh	50%	50%
2	Omnivore India Capital Trust	India	9.62%	9.62%
3	Al Rahaba International Trading Limited Liability Company (liquidated w.e.f. April 18, 2023)	Abu Dhabi	-	24%
	Joint Venture partner of Godrej Properties Limited			
1	Godrej Redevelopers (Mumbai) Private Limited	India	51.00%	51.00%
2	Wonder City Buildcon Private Limited (Classified as Joint Venture upto Mar 29, 2023)	India	NA	NA
3	Godrej Home Constructions Limited (Classified as Joint Venture upto Mar 29, 2023)	India	NA	NA
4	Godrej Greenview Housing Private Limited	India	20.00%	20.00%
5	Wonder Projects Development Private Limited	India	20.00%	20.00%
6	Godrej Real View Developers Private Limited	India	20.00%	20.00%
7	Pearlite Real Properties Private Limited	India	49.00%	49.00%
8	Godrej Skyline Developers Private Limited (Classified as Joint Venture upto September 27, 2023)	India	NA	44%
9	Godrej Green Homes Private Limited	India	50%	50%
10	Madhuvan Enterprises Private Limited	India	20%	20%
11	Godrej Macbricks Private Limited (formerly known as Ashank Macbricks Private Limited)	India	20%	20%
12	Munjal Hospitality Private Limited	India	12%	12%
13	Yujya Developers Private Limited (Merged with Madhuvan Enterprise Pvt. Ltd. w.e.f. March 27, 2023)	India	NA	NA
14	Vivrut Developers Private Limited	India	20%	20%
15	Yerwada Developers Private Limited	India	20%	20%
16	Vagishwari Land Developers Private Limited	India	20%	20%
17	Crystalline Home Developers Private Limited (w.e.f. September 5, 2023 upto December 1, 2023)	India	NA	NA

Sr. No.	Name of the Company	Place of business / Country of	Percentage of Holding		Percentage of Voting Rights		
		incorporation	As at	As at	As at	As at	
			March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	
(II) L	imited Liability Partnership (LLP)						
1	Godrej Property Developers LLP (Joint	India	NA	32%	NA	50%	
	Venture upto February 06, 2024)						
2	Mosiac Landmarks LLP	India	1%	1%	66.67%	66.67%	
3	Dream World Landmarks LLP	India	40%	40%	66.67%	66.67%	
	(Classified as Joint Venture upto						
	September 29, 2023)						
4	Oxford Realty LLP	India	35%	35%	51%	51%	

Note 39: Information on Subsidiaries, Joint Ventures and Associates: (Continued)

Sr. No.	Name of the Company	Place of business / Country of	ousiness / Percentage of Holding		Percentage of	Voting Rights
		incorporation	As at	As at	As at	As at
			March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
5	Godrej SSPDL Green Acres LLP	India	37%	37%	66.67%	66.67%
6	M S Ramaiah Ventures LLP	India	50.05%	49.50%	100%	51%
7	Caroa Properties LLP (Classified as	India	NA	35%	NA	66.67%
	Joint Venture upto March 27, 2024)					
8	Godrej Housing Projects LLP	India	50%	50%	51%	51%
9	Godrej Amitis Developers LLP	India	46%	46%	50%	50%
	(formerly known as Amitis Developers					
	LLP)					
10	A R Landcraft LLP	India	40%	40%	50%	50%
11	Prakhhyat Dwellings LLP	India	50%	50%	50%	50%
12	Godrej Highview LLP	India	40%	40%	50%	50%
13	Godrej Irismark LLP	India	50%	50%	50%	50%
14	Godrej Projects North Star LLP	India	55%	55%	50%	50%
15	Godrej Developers & Properties LLP	India	37.50%	37.50%	50%	50%
16	Roseberry Estate LLP	India	49%	49%	50%	50%
17	Suncity Infrastructures (Mumbai) LLP	India	60%	60%	50%	50%
18	Godrej Reserve LLP (Classified as Joint Venture upto Sep 30, 2022)	India	NA	NA	NA	NA
19	Maan-Hinje Township Developers LLP (Classified as Joint Venture upto Mar 28, 2023)	India	NA	NA	NA	NA
20	Mahalunge Township Developers LLP	India	40%	40%	40%	40%
21	Godrej Vestamark LLP (Classified as	India	NA	58%	NA	50%
	Joint Venture upto June 22, 2023)					
22	Manyata Industrial Parks LLP	India	1%	1%	50%	50%
23	Godrej Odyssey LLP	India	55%	55%	50%	33.33%
24	Universal Metro Properties LLP	India	49%	49%	50%	50%
25	Embellish Houses LLP	India	50%	50%	50%	50%
26	Manjari Housing Projects LLP	India	40%	40%	40%	40%
27	Godrej Projects North LLP	India	50.10%	50.10%	100%	100%

## (c) Investment in Associates :

Sr.	Name of the Company	Country of	Percentage of Holding		
No.		Incorporation		As at March 31, 2023	
1	Godrej Consumer Products Limited	India	23.74%	23.74%	
2	Personalitree Academy Limited	India	25.49%	25.49%	
3	Al Rahaba International Trading LLC (Associate of Godrej Agrovet Limited)	U.A.E	NA	24%	

## Note 40: Disclosures of Joint Ventures and Associates

### 1 Equity accounted investees

Financial information of Joint Ventures and Associates that are material to the Group is provided below:

Amount ₹ in Crore

Name of the entity	Place of business / Country of	% of ownership interest	Relationship	Accounting method	Carrying	Amounts
	incorpora- tion				March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Godrej Consumer Products Limited	India	23.74%	Associate	Equity method	3,986.34	4,275.94
ACI Godrej Agrovet Private Limited	Bangladesh	50%	Joint Venture	Equity method	139.12	106.62
Al Rahaba International Trading	U.A.E	24%	Associate	Equity method	-	-
Limited Liability Company (liquidated						
w.e.f. April 18, 2023)						
Personalitree Academy Ltd.	India	25.49%	Associate	Equity method	-	-
Roseberry Estate LLP	India	49.00%	Joint Venture	Equity method	58.86	-
Total equity accounted investments					4,184.32	4,382.56
Omnivore India Capital Trust	India		Investment	Equity method	12.80	34.81
			entity & Joint			
			venture			

2 Summary financial information of material Joint Venture and Associates not adjusted for the percentage ownership held by the Company, is as follows:

						ount ₹ in Crore
Particulars	Godrej Consu Lim	mer Products ited	ACI Godrej Ag Lim		Roseberry Estate LLP	Godrej Greenview Housing Private Limited
	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Ownership	23.74%	23.74%	50%	50%	49%	20%
Cash and cash equivalent	407.78	357.62	64.07	16.47	317.76	135.24
Other current assets	5,145.71	5,448.35	505.58	374.14	626.30	315.16
Total current assets	5,553.49	5,805.97	569.65	390.61	944.06	450.40
Total non-current assets	12,942.40	11,692.80	236.16	220.67	0.07	7.97
Total assets	18,495.89	17,498.77	805.81	611.28	944.13	458.36
Current liabilities						
Financial liabilities (excluding trade payables and provisions)	3,530.39	1,149.24	150.76	80.12	156.62	91.69
Other liabilities	2,059.95	2,142.07	332.34	274.22	682.83	308.03
Total current liabilities	5,590.34	3,291.31	483.10	354.34	839.45	399.72
Non Current liabilities						
Financial liabilities (excluding trade payables and provisions)	35.83	246.73	48.16	45.79	-	-
Other liabilities	271.15	166.50	-	-	0.13	-
Total non current liabilities	306.98	413.23	48.16	45.79	0.13	-
Total liabilities	5,897.32	3,704.54	531.26	400.13	839.58	399.72
Net assets	12,598.57	13,794.23	274.55	211.15	104.55	58.65
Groups' share of net assets	2,991.21	3,275.09	137.28	105.58	51.23	11.73
Adjustment on Consolidation	-	-	1.84	1.04	7.63	(11.73)
Carrying amount of interest in Associate / Joint Venture	3986.34*	4275.95*	139.12	106.62	58.86	-

<sup>\*</sup>Carrying amount of interest in Associate includes certain investment purchased from open markets, accordingly the same is higher than the Groups' share of net assets.

Note 40: Disclosures of Joint Ventures and Associates (Continued)

Amount ₹ in Crore

Particulars	Mahalunge Township Developers LLP	Godrej Green Homes Pvt Ltd	Oxford Realty LLP	Godrej Irismark LLP	Godrej Project North Star LLP	Manjari Housing Projects LLP
	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2023
Ownership	40%	50%	35%	50%	55%	40%
Cash and cash equivalent	199.70	6.47	20.89	63.69	110.52	32.88
Other current assets	1,075.76	73.13	185.59	69.85	103.99	790.12
Total current assets	1,275.46	79.60	206.48	133.54	214.51	823.00
Total non-current assets	100.72	1,268.10	5.22	1.81	22.13	36.42
Total assets	1,376.19	1,347.70	211.70	135.35	236.64	859.42
Current liabilities						
Financial liabilities (excluding trade payables and provisions)	6.10	59.26	116.89	96.61	0.59	74.40
Other liabilities	1,046.15	29.43	70.95	69.71	165.45	519.61
Total current liabilities	1,052.26	88.69	187.84	166.32	166.04	594.01
Non Current liabilities						
Financial liabilities (excluding trade payables and provisions)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other liabilities	0.64	1,297.31	-	-	-	-
Total non current liabilities	0.64	1,297.31	-	-	-	-
Total liabilities	1,052.90	1,386.00	187.84	166.32	166.04	594.01
Net assets	323.29	(38.30)	23.86	(30.97)	70.60	265.41
Groups' share of net assets	290.35	(19.15)	8.35	(15.49)	38.83	218.51
Adjustment on Consolidation	(69.52)	50.87	3.93	15.49	(0.27)	(54.58)
Carrying amount of interest in Associate / Joint Venture	220.83	31.72	12.28	-	38.56	163.93

Summarised statement of profit and loss of material joint ventures and associates

Particulars	Godrej Consu Lim		ACI Godrej Agrovet Private Limited		Roseberry Estate LLP	Godrej Greenview Housing Private Limited	
	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023	
Total Income	14,225.07	13,412.01	1,954.02	1,946.70	1,722.14	487.34	
Depreciation and amortisation	240.96	236.29	27.03	26.93	0.34	0.01	
Interest expense	296.37	175.74	(29.34)	(16.08)	15.11	19.66	
Expenses other than above	11,152.64	10,885.51	-	-	1,337.93	459.85	
Income tax expense	758.78	430.27	(26.27)	(12.52)	146.48	0.08	
Profit / (Loss) for the year	(560.55)	1,702.46	131.20	65.77	222.28	7.74	
Other comprehensive income	(134.34)	553.05	1.56	0.02	-	-	
Total comprehensive income	(694.89)	2,255.51	132.76	65.79	222.28	7.74	
Group's share of profit as per JV / Associate Books	(133.09)	404.21	65.60	32.89	106.30	1.55	
Add: Adjustments on Consolidation	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Group's share of profit	(133.09)	404.21	65.60	32.89	106.30	1.55	
Group's share of Other comprehensive income	(31.90)	131.31	0.78	0.01	-	-	
Group's share of Total comprehensive income	(164.98)	535.51	66.38	32.90	106.30	1.55	

Note 40: Disclosures of Joint Ventures and Associates (Continued)

Amount ₹ in Crore

Particulars	Mahalunge Township Developers LLP	Godrej Green Homes Pvt Ltd	Manjari Housing Projects LLP	Oxford Realty LLP	Godrej Irismark LLP	Godrej Project North Star LLP
	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2023
Total income	609.43	82.95	356.89	421.32	432.91	583.33
Depreciation and amortisation	2.44	63.75	1.04	0.10	0.15	0.30
Interest expense	18.41	124.58	10.79	1.82	10.18	0.32
Expenses other than above	593.00	30.74	335.23	367.97	410.39	443.40
Income tax expense	(1.61)	-	(9.65)	21.66	5.62	47.52
Profit / (Loss) for the year	(2.80)	(136.12)	19.48	29.76	6.57	91.80
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	_	-	-
Total comprehensive income	(2.80)	(136.12)	19.48	29.76	6.57	91.80
Group's share of profit as per JV / Associate Books	(1.12)	(68.06)	7.79	10.42	3.29	50.49
Add: Adjustments on Consolidation	-	-	-	_	-	-
Group's share of profit	(1.12)	(68.06)	7.79	10.42	3.29	50.49
Group's share of Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	_	-	
Group's share of Total comprehensive income	(1.12)	(68.06)	7.79	10.42	3.29	50.49

Aggregate information for those joint ventures and associate that are not material to the Group are as under:

(i) Investment In Joint Ventures by Godrej Properties Limited (a subsidiary company)

	Am	ount ₹ in Crore
Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
Carrying amount of Investment in Joint Ventures	711.27	389.21
Loss For the Year	(154.56)	(196.86)
Other Comprehensive Income for the year	-	-
Total Comprehensive Income	(154.56)	(196.86)
Group's share of total comprehensive income	(78.56)	(45.08)

(ii) Net Asset of Omnivore India Capital Trust and group's share [(joint venture of Godrej Agrovet Limited (a subsidiary Company)]

	Am	ount ₹ in Crore
Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Net Assets	133.13	361.63
Groups' share of net assets (in %)	9.62%	9.62%
Groups' share of net assets (Amount)	12.80	34.81

₹ 0.00 represents amount less than ₹ 0.01 crore

Note 41: Financial Information of subsidiaries that have material non-controlling interests

1 Subsidiaries that have material non-controlling interests is provided below:

Name of the entity	Place of business / country of	Ownership interest held by the group		d Ownership interest held by non-controlling interest		Principal activities
	incorporation	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023	As at As at March 31, 2024 2023		•
Godrej Agrovet Limited	India	64.88%	64.90%	35.12%	35.10%	Animal Feeds, Agri Inputs, Vegetable Oil, Dairy, Integrated Poultry business, Cultivation of Seeds
Godrej Properties Limited	India	47.34%	47.34%	52.66%	52.66%	Estate and Property Development
Godrej Capital Limited	India	89.48%	87.23%	10.52%	12.77%	Housing Finance

<sup>2</sup> The following table summarises Financial Information of subsidiaries that have material non-controlling interests, before any inter-company eliminations

(i) Summarised Statement of Profit and Loss

Amount ₹ in Crore

Particulars	Godrej Agro	ovet Limited	Godrej Prope	erties Limited	Godrej Capital Limited		
	Year ended	Year ended					
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	
Total Income	9,601.87	9,481.18	4,334.22	3,039.00	889.19	346.91	
Profit for the year	359.45	295.36	747.06	620.60	50.03	(31.12)	
Other Comprehensive Income	(1.63)	(4.69)	(1.30)	1.13	(0.62)	(0.04)	
Profit allocated to non-	126.07	112.82	403.73	350.13	5.38	(3.99)	
controlling interests							
OCI allocated to non-	(0.84)	1.74	0.66	0.59	(0.07)	(0.01)	
controlling interests							
Dividends paid to non-	64.12	65.81	-	-	-	-	
controlling interests							

(ii) Summarised Balance Sheet

Particulars	Godrej Agro	ovet Limited	Godrej Prope	erties Limited	Godrej Capital Limited		
	As at	As at					
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	
Non-current liabilities	589.18	364.37	2,701.48	31.99	5,224.12	4,112.26	
Current liabilities	2,192.97	2,377.98	22,731.94	13,786.16	3,592.43	962.69	
	2,782.15	2,742.35	25,433.41	13,818.15	8,816.55	5,074.95	
Non-current assets	3,419.40	3,180.46	3,284.71	2,932.79	9,057.28	5,092.35	
Current assets	2,283.87	2,305.49	32,450.15	20,172.51	2,214.26	1,437.64	
	5,703.27	5,485.96	35,734.86	23,105.30	11,271.54	6,529.99	
Net assets	2,921.12	2,743.60	10,301.45	9,287.15	2,454.99	1,455.04	
Net assets attributable to non- controlling interest	1,288.20	1,226.80	5,571.24	4,901.41	258.29	187.03	

## Note 41: Financial Information of subsidiaries that have material non-controlling interests (Continued)

#### (iii) Summarised Cash Flow

Amount ₹ in Crore

Particulars	Godrej Agro	ovet Limited	Godrej Prope	erties Limited	Godrej Capital Limited		
	Year ended Year ended		Year ended	Year ended	Year ended	Year ended	
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	
Cash flows from(used in)	678.00	874.02	(692.57)	(2,860.64)	(4,498.65)	(3,169.40)	
operating activities							
Cash flows from(used in)	(327.34)	(284.25)	(2,079.76)	2,488.06	103.03	(214.53)	
investing activities							
Cash flows from(used in)	(327.62)	(594.41)	3,257.95	832.22	4,041.70	3,891.46	
financing activities							
Net increase /(decrease) in	23.04	(4.64)	485.62	459.64	(353.92)	507.53	
cash and cash equivalents							

#### Note 42: Goodwill

The Goodwill arises from the Group's Cash Generating Units as follows:

Amount ₹ in Crore

Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
CGUs of Godrej Agrovet Limited	480.6	480.61
CGUs of Godrej Properties Limited	193.70	193.70
CGUs of Godrej Capital Limited	298.5	298.51
	972.82	972.82

#### 1 Godrej Agrovet Limited

The recoverable amount of this CGU is the higher of its fair value less cost to sell and its value in use. The goodwill allocated to Agrovet business pertains to a listed entity and accordingly, the fair value of the CGU is determined based on market capitalisation (level 1 fair value).

#### 2 Godrej Properties Limited

The recoverable amount of this CGU is the higher of its fair value less cost to sell and its value in use. The goodwill allocated to estate & property development pertains to a listed entity and accordingly, the fair value of the CGU is determined based on market capitalisation (level 1 fair value).

### 3 Godrej Capital Limited

During the previous year Godrej Capital Limited (subsidiary of the Company) has recognised goodwill of ₹ 294.50 crore for the cash generating unit (CGU) of housing financial services. The recoverable amount of the CGU of housing financial services is determined on the basis of its value-in-use calculations. The management has used five year period for calculating value in use.

## Note 43: Income Tax Expense

I Tax Expense relating to continuing operations recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss

Amount ₹ in Crore

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Current Income Tax	313.24	277.00
Adjustments in respect of earlier years	(4.64)	0.92
Deferred Income Tax Liability / (Asset), net		
Origination and reversal of temporary differences	69.92	(9.65)
Adjustments in respect of earlier years	2.05	3.63
Mat Credit (Utilisation)/Entitlement	-	-
Recognition of previously unrecognised tax losses	(11.29)	(11.96)
Deferred Tax Expense	60.68	(17.98)
Tax Expense For the Year	369.28	259.94

II Amounts recognised in other comprehensive income

Amount ₹ in Crore

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		
Tax on remeasurements of defined benefit liability (asset)	0.96	1.08
Tax on effective portion of gains and loss on hedging instruments in a cash flow hedge	0.14	(0.02)
	1.10	1.06

III Reconciliation of effective tax rate

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Profit Before Tax	964.44	1,680.58
Tax using the Company's domestic tax rate	236.33	421.41
Tax effect of		
Tax impact of income not subject to tax	(17.24)	(12.10)
Tax effects of amounts which are not deductible for taxable income	0.84	7.02
Previously unrecognised tax losses and unabsorbed depreciation now recouped to reduce	23.22	(40.42)
deferred tax expense		
Deferred tax assets not recognized because realization is not probable	41.66	(2.02)
Change in recognised deductible temporary differences	18.44	3.39
Adjustment for current tax of prior years	(6.53)	4.56
Tax on share of loss/(profit) of equity accounted investees	74.58	(71.34)
MAT credit of previous year reversed in current year	-	-
Effect of different tax rate	5.75	(4.63)
Effect of change in tax rate	3.32	(23.89)
Others	(11.08)	(15.26)
	369.28	259.94

Note 44: Movement in deferred tax balances

Particulars	Deferred tax asset March 31, 2023	Deferred tax liability March 31, 2023	Net balance March 31, 2023	Recog- nised in profit or loss	Tax for earlier years	Recog- nised in OCI	Acquired through business combina- tion	Net balance March 31, 2024	Deferred tax asset March 31, 2024	Deferred tax liabil- ity March 31, 2024
Property, plant and equipment	(205.32)	(211.54)	(416.86)	(21.19)	(0.75)	-	1.76	(437.04)	(218.58)	(218.46)
Indexation benefit on land and shares	1.06	-	1.06	-	-	-	-	1.06	1.06	-
Investments	(6.05)	0.99	(5.07)	128.42	-	0.08	(0.02)	(133.43)	134.50	1.08
Inventories	13.07	-	13.07	15.18	-	-	-	28.25	28.25	-
Employee benefits	45.61	0.71	46.32	(25.67)	-	0.53	0.04	21.21	20.27	0.94
Equity-settled share-based payments	1.84	-	1.84	0.19	-	-	-	2.02	2.02	-
MAT Credit Entitlement	9.26	-	9.26	3.28	0.47	-	-	13.01	13.02	(0.01)
Biological Assets	(7.16)	(1.12)	(8.28)	(2.38)	-	-	-	(10.66)	(8.92)	(1.74)
Leases	0.44	9.60	10.05	(8.05)	(0.80)	-	-	1.18	0.32	0.87
Provision for Doubtful Debts / Advances	46.90	8.27	55.18	2.27	-	-	-	57.44	49.44	8.00
Brought forward Losses	112.11	0.80	112.91	40.94	(0.97)	-	37.87	190.75	164.00	26.75
Unabsorbed Depreciation	185.24	-	185.24	12.40	-	-	0.07	197.71	197.71	-
Other provisions	272.33	(38.60)	233.75	52.85	-	0.31	(0.05)	286.84	323.79	(36.95)
Tax assets (Liabilities)	469.35	(230.91)	238.44	(58.63)	(2.05)	0.92	39.67	218.35	437.88	(219.53)
Net tax assets	469.35	(230.91)	238.44	(58.63)	(2.05)	0.92	39.67	218.35	437.88	(219.53)

Amount ₹ in Crore

Particulars	Deferred tax asset March 31, 2022	Deferred tax liability March 31, 2022	Net balance March 31, 2022	Recog- nised in profit or loss	Tax for earlier years	Recog- nised in OCI	Acquired through business combina- tion	Net balance March 31, 2023	Deferred tax asset March 31, 2023	Deferred tax liability March 31, 2023
Property, plant and equipment	(174.15)	(184.80)	(358.95)	(53.70)	(4.21)	-	-	(416.86)	(205.32)	(211.54)
Indexation benefit on land and shares	1.06	-	1.06	-	-	-	-	1.06	1.06	-
Investments	(27.45)	0.19	(27.26)	21.02	-	1.19	-	(5.05)	(6.05)	0.99
Inventories	16.63	-	16.63	(3.19)	-	-	(0.38)	13.07	13.07	-
Employee benefits	52.50	2.01	54.51	(7.88)	-	(0.31)	-	46.32	45.61	0.71
Equity-settled share-based payments	1.19	-	1.19	0.65	-	-	-	1.84	1.84	-
MAT Credit Entitlement	7.02	-	7.02	2.24	-	-	-	9.26	9.26	-
Biological Assets	(7.04)	0.01	(7.03)	(1.25)	-	-	-	(8.28)	(7.16)	(1.12)
Leases	0.11	(0.32)	(0.21)	9.69	0.57	-	-	10.05	0.44	9.60
Provision for Doubtful Debts / Advances	30.83	9.61	40.44	14.73	-	-	-	55.18	46.90	8.27
Brought forward Losses	128.81	-	128.82	(15.92)	-	-	-	112.91	112.11	0.80
Unabsorbed Depreciation	154.68	-	154.68	30.56	-	-	-	185.24	185.24	-
Other provisions	241.19	(33.11)	208.09	24.67	-	1.00	-	233.75	272.33	(38.60)
Tax assets (Liabilities)	425.39	(206.42)	218.99	21.62	(3.64)	1.88	(0.38)	238.45	469.35	(230.91)
Net tax assets	425.39	(206.42)	218.99	21.62	(3.64)	1.88	(0.38)	238.45	469.35	(230.91)

The Group offsets tax assets and liabilities if and only if it has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets and current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority.

## Note 44: Movement in deferred tax balances (Continued)

Significant management judgment is required in determining provision for income tax, deferred income tax assets and liabilities and recoverability of deferred income tax assets. The recoverability of deferred income tax assets is based on estimates of taxable income in which the relevant entity operates and the period over which deferred income tax assets will be recovered.

Deferred tax assets are recognized for unused tax losses, unused tax credits and deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be used. Details of unused tax losses and unused tax credit is given in note V below.

As the Group does not have any intention to dispose off investments in unlisted subsidiaries and associates in the foreseeable future, deferred tax asset on indexation benefit in relation to such investments has not been recognised.

Tax losses carried forward in respect of the Company

Amount ₹ in Crore

Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Expiry date		
3/31/2023	-	91.54
3/31/2024	110.09	110.09
3/31/2025	133.22	133.22
3/31/2026	119.43	119.43
3/31/2027	100.02	100.02
3/31/2028	103.87	103.87
3/31/2029	69.07	69.07
3/31/2032	79.40	-
	715.10	727.24
Unabsorbed Depreciation never expires	949.73	815.09

#### Note 45: Leases

#### 1. Right of use Assets- Cost, Accumulated Depreciation and Carrying Amount

Particulars	Leasehold	Leasehold Land	Other	Total	
	Buildings		equipments		
Cost					
As at April 01, 2022	186.82	125.51	11.66	323.99	
Additions	95.07	53.44	9.71	158.23	
Acquisition through Business Combinations	0.75	=	=	0.75	
Disposals/Other adjustments	(1.99)	(7.99)	-	(9.98)	
Balance at March 31, 2023	280.65	170.96	21.37	472.98	
Additions	58.46	8.61	3.32	70.39	
Disposals/Other adjustments	(26.32)	(4.44)	(1.97)	(32.73)	
Balance at March 31, 2024	312.79	175.13	22.72	510.64	
Accumulated depreciation and impairment					
As at April 01, 2022	84.33	13.75	8.10	106.18	
Depreciation	35.50	4.87	3.75	44.13	
Disposals/Other adjustments	(1.33)	(8.00)	=	(9.33)	
Balance at March 31, 2023	118.50	10.63	11.85	140.98	
Depreciation	49.27	5.23	5.08	59.58	
Disposals/Other adjustments	(18.11)	(0.05)	(1.98)	(20.14)	
Balance at March 31, 2024	149.65	15.81	14.95	180.43	
Carrying amounts					
Balance at March 31, 2023	162.15	160.34	9.52	332.00	
Balance at March 31, 2024	163.13	159.33	7.77	330.21	

## Note 45 : Leases (Continued)

## 2. Breakdown of lease expenses

Amount ₹ in Crore

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Short-term lease expense	28.84	29.34
Low value lease expense	0.42	0.13
Variable lease expense	2.78	-
Total lease expense	32.04	29.47

#### 3. Cash outflow on leases

Amount ₹ in Crore

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
Repayment of lease liabilities	66.81	47.67
Interest on lease liabilities	13.19	10.79
Short-term lease expense	28.84	29.34
Low value lease expense	0.42	0.13
Variable lease expenses (other than short term)	2.78	-
Total cash outflow on leases	112.04	87.93

### 4. Maturity analysis (undiscounted amounts)

Amount ₹ in Crore

		7 IIII O I O I O I O I O I O I O I O I O
Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Less than one year	75.92	62.47
One to five years	130.39	134.53
More than five years	25.42	37.24
Total undiscounted lease liabilities	231.73	234.24
Lease liabilities included in the Balance Sheet	188.43	193.88
Current	60.97	51.16
Non-Current Non-Current	127.46	142.72
Weighted average effective interest rate %	6.5% - 9%	6.5% - 9%

The above amounts include principal and interest

#### As a Lessor

### 5. Undiscounted lease payments to be received for operating leases

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
Year 1	35.57	34.43
More than 1 year and less than 5 years	63.49	54.27
Later than 5 years	-	-
Total	99.05	88.70

### Note 46: Employee Benefits

#### I DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN

#### Provident Fund:

The contributions to the Provident Fund and Family Pension Fund of certain employees are made to a Government administered Provident Fund and there are no further obligations beyond making such contributions.

#### II DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN

#### Gratuity:

The Group participates in the Employees' Group Gratuity-cum-Life Assurance Scheme of ICICI Prudential Life Insurance Co. Ltd, HDFC Standard Life Insurance Co. Ltd. and SBI Life Insurance Co. Ltd., a funded defined benefit plan for qualifying employees. Gratuity is payable to all eligible employees on death or on separation / termination in terms of the provisions of the Payment of Gratuity (Amendment) Act, 1997, or as per the Group's scheme whichever is more beneficial to the employees.

The liability for the Defined Benefit Plan is provided on the basis of a valuation, using the Projected Unit Credit Method, as at the Balance Sheet date, carried out by an independent actuary.

#### Provident Fund:

The Group manages the Provident Fund plan through a Provident Fund Trust for a majority of its employees which is permitted under The Employees' Provident Fund and Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952. The plan envisages contribution by the employer and employees and guarantees interest at the rate notified by the Provident Fund authority. The contribution by employer and employee, together with interest, are payable at the time of separation from service or retirement, whichever is earlier.

The Group has an obligation to fund any shortfall on the yield of the trust's investments over the administered interest rates on an annual basis. These administered rates are determined annually predominantly considering the social rather than economic factors and the actual return earned by the Group has been higher in the past years. The actuary has provided a valuation for provident fund liabilities on the basis of guidance issued by Actuarial Society of India and based on the below provided assumptions there is no shortfall as at March 31, 2024.

Amount ₹ in Crore

Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Plan assets at period end, at fair value	341.24	309.10
Provident Fund Corpus	334.53	302.47
Valuation assumptions under Deterministic Approach:		
Weighted Average Yield	5.00%-8.46%	5.00%-8.42%
Weighted Average YTM	7.19%-7.20%	7.46%-8.83%
Guaranteed Rate of Interest	8.25%	8.15%

#### Pension:

The Group has Pension plan for eligible employees. The liability for the Defined Benefit Plan is provided on the basis of a valuation, using the Projected Unit Credit Method, as at the Balance Sheet date, carried out by an independent actuary.

## Note 46: Employee Benefits (Continued)

III The amounts recognised in the Group's Consolidated financial statements as at the year end are as under:

Par	ticulars	Grat	uity	Pens	Pension	
		As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023	
a)	Change in Present Value of Obligation					
	Present value of the obligation at the beginning of the year	108.73	103.40	0.04	0.07	
	Current Service Cost	9.11	8.76	-	-	
	Past Service Cost	-	-	-	-	
	Interest Cost	8.03	6.61	-	-	
	Contribution by Plan Participants	-	-	-	-	
	Actuarial (Gain) / Loss on Obligation due to demographic assumptions	(0.07)	(3.12)	-	-	
	Actuarial (Gain) / Loss on Obligation due to experience adjustments	3.58	5.67	-	-	
	Actuarial (Gain) / Loss on Obligation due to financial assumptions	2.62	(1.19)	0.03	0.03	
	Effect of Liability Transfer in / out	1.46	1.22	-	-	
	Benefits Paid	(19.02)	(13.07)	(0.06)	(0.06)	
	Acquisitions	1.02	0.45	-	-	
	Present value of the obligation at the end of the year	115.47	108.73	0.01	0.04	
b)	Change in Plan Assets					
	Fair value of Plan Assets at the beginning of the year	56.46	57.47	-	-	
	Return on Plan Assets	2.34	(0.16)	-	-	
	Actuarial (Gain) / Loss on Plan Assets	(0.28)	0.46	-	-	
	Contributions by the Employer	6.77	5.66	-	-	
	Interest Income	3.05	2.66	-	-	
	Effect of Liability Transfer in / out	0.26	0.78	-	-	
	Benefits Paid	(15.22)	(9.49)	-	-	
	Fair value of Plan Assets at the end of the year	53.94	56.46	_		
c)	Amounts Recognised in the Balance Sheet :	00.04	00.40			
٠,	Present value of Obligation at the end of the year	115.47	108.73	-	-	
	Fair value of Plan Assets at the end of the year	53.94	56.46	-		
	Net Obligation at the end of the year	61.53	52.27	_	-	
d)	Amounts Recognised in the statement of Profit and Loss :	01.00	02.27	_		
ω,	Current Service Cost	9.11	8.76	_	-	
	Interest cost on Obligation	8.03	6.61	_	-	
	Return on Plan Assets	(2.34)	0.16	_	-	
	Net Cost Included in Personnel Expenses	14.80	15.53	_	-	
e)	Amounts Recognised in Other Comprehensive Income (OCI):	11.00	10.00			
-,	Actuarial (Gain) / Loss on Obligation For the Period	6.12	1.35			
	Return on Plan Assets, Excluding Interest Income	(0.28)	0.46			
	Net (Income) / Expense For the Period Recognised in OCI	5.84	1.81	_	-	
	The cumulative amount of actuarial (gains) / losses on obligations	0.0.				
	recognised in other comprehensive income as at March 31, 2024 is					
	₹ (4.50) crore (Previous Year: ₹ (3.00) crore).					
f)	Actual Return on Plan Assets	2.62	(0.62)	-	-	
g)	Actuarial Assumptions		, ,			
	i) Discount Rate	7.14%- 7.19% P.A.	7.20%- 7.43% P.A.	7.19% P.A.	7.35% P.A.	
	ii) Expected Rate of Return on Plan Assets	7.19% P.A.	7.45% P.A.			

Note 46: Employee Benefits (Continued)

Amount ₹ in Crore

				ount tin orono	
Particulars	Grat	tuity	Pension		
	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023	
iii) Salary Escalation Rate	5.30%-	5.00%-			
	14.00% P.A.	14.00% P.A.			
iv) Mortality	Indian	Indian	Indian	Indian	
	Assured	Assured	Assured	Assured	
	Lives	Lives	Lives	Lives	
	Mortality	Mortality	Mortality	Mortality	
	(2012-14)	(2012-14)	(2012-14)	(2012-14)	
	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban	

The estimates of future salary increases, considered in actuarial valuation, take account of inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors, such as supply and demand in the employment market.

#### IV Sensitivity analysis

Reasonably possible changes at the reporting date to one of the relevant actuarial assumptions, holding other assumptions constant, would have affected the defined benefit obligation by the amounts shown below.

Amount ₹ in Crore

Particulars	March 31, 2024 March 31, 2023			, 2023
	Increase	Decrease	Increase	Decrease
Discount rate (1% movement)	(4.54)	4.99	(4.12)	4.56
Future salary growth (1% movement)	5.02	(4.55)	4.56	(4.19)
Rate of employee turnover (1% movement)	0.04	(0.26)	0.36	(0.50)

The sensitivity analysis above have been determined based on a method that extrapolates the impact on defined benefit obligation as a result of reasonable changes in key assumptions occurring at the end of the reporting period.

## V. Plan assets comprise the following

Amount ₹ in Crore

Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Insurer managed fund (100%)	53.94	56.46

#### VI. Expected future benefit payments of Gratuity

Particulars	Amount ₹ in
	Crore
1st following year	27.98
2nd following year	13.83
3rd following year	14.81
4th following year	13.50
5th following year	12.88
Sum of Years 6 to 10	19.63
Thereafter	59.29

### Note 46: Employee Stock Benefit Plans (Continued)

#### 1 Employee Stock Grant Scheme of Godrej Industries Limited

- (a) The Company had set up the Employees Stock Grant Scheme 2011 (ESGS) pursuant to the approval by the Shareholders at their Meeting held on January 17, 2011.
- (b) The ESGS Scheme is effective from April 1, 2011, (the "Effective Date") and shall continue to be in force until (i) its termination by the Board or (ii) the date on which all of the shares to be vested under Employee Stock Grant Scheme 2011 have been vested in the Eligible Employees and all restrictions on such Stock Grants awarded under the terms of ESGS Scheme, if any, have lapsed, whichever is earlier.
- (c) The Scheme applies to the Eligible Employees who are in whole time employment of the Company or its Subsidiary Companies. The entitlement of each employee would be decided by the Compensation Committee of the respective Company based on the employee's performance, level, grade, etc.
- (d) The total number of Stock Grants to be awarded under the ESGS Scheme are restricted to 25,00,000 (Twenty Five Lac) fully paid up equity shares of the Company. Not more than 5,00,000 (Five Lac) fully paid up equity shares or 1% of the issued equity share capital at the time of awarding the Stock Grant, whichever is lower, can be awarded to any one employee in any one year.
- (e) The Stock Grants shall vest in the Eligible Employees pursuant to the ESGS Scheme in the proportion of 1/3rd at the end of each year from the date on which the Stock Grants are awarded for a period of three consecutive years, or as may be determined by Compensation Committee, subject to the condition that the Eligible Employee continues to be in employment of the Company or the Subsidiary company as the case may be.
- (f) The Eligible Employee shall exercise her / his right to acquire the shares vested in her / him all at one time within 1 month from the date on which the shares vested in her / him or such other period as may be determined by the Compensation Committee.
- (g) The Exercise Price of the shares has been fixed at Re. 1 per share. The fair value of the employee share options has been measured using the Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model and charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss. The value of the options is treated as a part of employee compensation in the financial statements and is amortised over the vesting period.

Following table lists the average inputs to the model used for the plan for the year ended March 31, 2024:

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023	Description of the Inputs used
Dividend yield %	0.00%	0.00%	Dividend yield of the options is based on recent dividend activity.
Expected volatility %	8.12%-11.8%	10%-13%	Expected volatility of the option is based on historical volatility, during a period equivalent to the option life, of the observed market prices of the Company's publicly traded equity shares.
Risk free Interest rate %	6.82% to 6.87%	5.9% to 6.8%	Risk-free interest rates are based on the government securities yield in effect at the time of the grant.
Expected life of share options	1 to 3 years	1 to 3 years	-
Weighted Average Market price on date of granting the options	459.70	433.65	

## Note 46: Employee Stock Benefit Plans (Continued)

(h) The Status of the above plan is as under:

Particulars	Num			
	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023	Weighted average Exercise Price (₹)	Weighted average Share Price (₹)
Options Outstanding at the Beginning of the Year	109,430	108,069		
Options Granted	81,306	70,305		
Options Vested	52,484	53,944	1.00	462.02
Options Exercised	52,484	53,944	1.00	463.03
Options Lapsed / Forfeited	16,290	15,000		
Total Options Outstanding at the end of the year	121,962	109,430		

<sup>(</sup>i) The weighted average exercise price of the options outstanding as on March 31, 2024 is ₹ 1 (previous year ₹ 1 per share) and the weighted average remaining contractual life of the options outstanding as on March 31, 2024 is 0.89 years (previous year 0.88 years)

### 2 Godrej Properties Limited Employee Stock Option Plans & Stock Grant Scheme

(i) Employee Stock Grant Scheme

The Company instituted an Employee Stock Grant Scheme (GPL ESGS) approved by the Board of Directors, the Shareholders and the Remuneration Committee.

a

Particulars		No. of Options				
	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023	Weighted average Exercise Price (₹)	Weighted average Share Price (₹)		
Options Outstanding at the beginning of the year	49,485	63,338				
Options granted	36,853	34,934	-			
Less: Options exercised	20,030	33,377	5.00	1,336.36		
Less : Option lapsed	16,861	15,410	-			
Options Outstanding at the year end	49,447	49,485	-			

b) The weighted average exercise price of the options outstanding as at March 31, 2024 is ₹ 5 per share (Previous Year: ₹ 5 per share) and the weighted average remaining contractual life of the options outstanding as at March 31, 2024 is 0.96 years (Previous Year: 0.72 years)

The following table lists the average inputs to the model used for the plan for the year ended March 31, 2024:

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023	Description of the Inputs used
Dividend yield %	-	-	Dividend yield of the options is based on recent dividend activity.
Expected volatility %	32%-63%	39%-71%	Expected volatility of the option is based on historical volatility, during a period equivalent to the option life, of the observed market prices of the Company's publicly traded equity shares.
Risk free Interest rate %	3.98%-7.02%	3.62%-7.07%	Risk-free interest rates are based on the government securities yield in effect at the time of the grant.
Expected life of share options	1 to 3 years	1 to 3 years	
Weighted Average Market price on date of granting the options	₹ 1,354.61	₹ 1,338.21	

c) The fair value of the employee share options has been measured using the Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model. The weighted average fair value of the options granted is ₹ 1,351.63 (Previous Year: ₹ 1,333.47).

### Note 46: Employee Stock Benefit Plans (Continued)

- d) The expense arising from ESGS scheme during the year is ₹ 3.92 Crore (Previous Year: ₹ 4.15 Crore).
- 3 Godrej Agrovet Limited Employee Stock Option Plans & Stock Grant Scheme
- (i) Employee Stock Option Plans of Godrej Agrovet Limited

#### **Employee Stock Option - Equity Settled**

- a) The Company had set up the Employees Stock Grant Scheme 2018 (ESGS) pursuant to the approval by the Shareholders by way of postal ballot, the result of which was declared on June 20, 2018.
- b) The ESGS Scheme is effective from April 1, 2018, (the "Effective Date") and shall continue to be in force until (i) its termination by the Board or (ii) the date on which all of the shares to be vested under Employee Stock Grant Scheme 2018 have been vested in the Eligible Employees and all restrictions on such Stock Grants awarded under the terms of ESGS Scheme, if any, have lapsed, whichever is earlier.
- c) The Scheme applies to the Eligible Employees who are in whole time employment of the Company or its Subsidiary Companies. The entitlement of each employee would be decided by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee of the respective Company based on the employee's performance, level, grade, etc.
- d) The total number of Stock Grants to be awarded under the ESGS Scheme are restricted to 25,00,000 (Twenty five Lac) fully paid up equity shares of the Company. Not more than 5,00,000 (Five Lac) fully paid up equity shares or 1% of the issued equity share capital at the time of awarding the Stock Grant, whichever is lower, can be awarded to any one employee in any one year.
- e) The Stock Grants shall vest in the Eligible Employees pursuant to the ESGS Scheme in the proportion of 1/3rd at the end of each year from the date on which the Stock Grants are awarded for a period of three consecutive years, or as may be determined by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, subject to the condition that the Eligible Employee continues to be in employment of the Company or the Subsidiary company as the case may be.
- f) The Eligible Employee shall exercise her / his right to acquire the shares vested in her / him all at one time within 1 month from the date on which the shares vested in her / him or such other period as may be determined by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee.
- g) The Exercise Price of the shares has been fixed at Re. 10 per share. The fair value of the employee share options has been measured using the Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model and charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss. The value of the options is treated as a part of employee compensation in the financial statements and is amortised over the vesting period.

The Company has provided ₹ 2.92 crore (Previous Year ₹ 2.71 crore) for all the eligible employees for current year.

Following table lists the average inputs to the model used for the plan for the year ended March 31, 2024:

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023	Description of the Inputs used
Dividend yield %	2.15%	1.79%	Dividend yield of the options is based on recent dividend activity.
Expected volatility %	22% - 32%	37% - 42%	Expected volatility of the option is based on historical volatility, during a period equivalent to the option life, of the observed market prices of the Company's publicly traded equity shares.
Risk free Interest rate %	6.913% to 6.952%	5.47% to 6.783%	Risk-free interest rates are based on the government securities yield in effect at the time of the grant.
Expected life of share options	1 to 3 years	1 to 3 years	
Weighted Average Market price on date of granting the options	422.98	532.19	

### Note 46: Employee Stock Benefit Plans (Continued)

The Status of the above plan is as under:

Particulars	Num	bers		
	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023	Weighted average Exercise Price (₹)	Weighted average Share Price (₹)
Options Outstanding at the Beginning of the Year	105,504	104,632		
Options Granted	74,994	63,933		
Options Vested	49,972	47,930		
Options Exercised	49,972	47,930	10.00	422.98
Options Lapsed / Forfeited	22,977	15,131		
Options Lapsed / Forfeited to be re-granted	-	-		
Total Options Outstanding at the end of the year	107,549	105,504		

The weighted average exercise price of the options outstanding as on March 31, 2024 is ₹ 10/- (previous year ₹ 10/- per share)

#### 4 Astec Lifescience Limited Employee Stock Option Plans & Stock Grant Scheme

#### (i) Employee stock option scheme (ESOP, 2012 as amended by the Shareholders by way of a Special Resolution)

The Company had set up the Employees Stock Option Plan 2012 which was amended by the Shareholders by way of a Special Resolution obtained by way of Postal Ballot, whose results have been declared on September 27, 2021.

The Scheme applies to the Eligible Employees who are in whole time employment of the Company or its Subsidiary Companies. The entitlement of each employee would be decided by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee of the respective Company based on the employee's performance, level, grade, etc.

The total number of Stock Option to be awarded under the ESOP Scheme are restricted to 1% of the issued equity share capital at the time of awarding the Stock Option, can be awarded to any one employee in any one year.

The Stock Options shall vest in the Eligible Employees pursuant to the ESOP Scheme in the proportion of 1/3rd at the end of each year from the date on which the Stock Options are awarded for a period of three consecutive years, or as may be determined by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, subject to the condition that the Eligible Employee continues to be in employment of the Company or the Subsidiary company as the case may be.

The Eligible Employee shall exercise her / his right to acquire the shares vested in her / him all at one time within 1 month from the date on which the shares vested in her / him or such other period as may be determined by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee.

#### (ii) Employee stock option scheme (ESOS, 2015)

The Group has implemented Employees under Employee stock option scheme (ESOS, 2015) which was approved by the Shareholders at the 21st Annual General Meeting. The employee stock option scheme is designed to provide incentives to all the permanent employees to deliver long-term returns. Under the plan, participants are granted options which will vest in 4 years (40% in 1st year, 30% in 2nd year, 20% in 3rd year and 10% in 4th year) from the date of grant. Participation in the plan is at the discretion of the Compensation Committee / Board of Directors of the Group.

Once vested, the options remains exercisable for a period of three years.

Options are granted at the market price on which the options are granted to the employees under ESOS, 2015. When exercisable, each option is convertible into one equity share.

#### (iii) Employee stock option plan (ESOP, 2012)

The Company has implemented Employee Stock Option Plan (ESOP, 2012) which was approved by the Shareholders at the Extra-Ordinary General Meeting of the company in the Year 2012. The employee stock option plan is designed to provide incentives to all the permanent employees to deliver long-term returns. Under the plan, participants are granted options which will vest in 4 years (40% in 1st year, 30% in 2nd year, 20% in 3rd year and 10% in 4th year) from the grant date. Participation in the plan is at the discretion of the Compensation Committee / Board of Directors of the company.

Once vested, the options remains exercisable for a period of seven years.

Options are granted under ESOP 2012 at an exercise price of ₹ 34/- each. When exercisable, each option is convertible into one equity share.

## Note 46: Employee Stock Benefit Plans (Continued)

Set out below is a summary of options granted under both the plans:

Employee stock option scheme (ESOP, 2012 as amended by the Shareholders by way of a Special Resolution)

Particulars	March 3	1, 2024 March 31, 20		, 2023
	Average exercise price per share option (₹)	Number of options	Average exercise price per share option (₹)	Number of options
Opening balance	10.00	3,533	10.00	3,316
Granted during the year	10.00	1,856	10.00	1,322
Exercised during the year	10.00	1,546	10.00	1,105
Lapsed during the year	-	-	-	-
Forefeited during the year				
Closing balance		3,843		3,533
Vested and exercisable				1,546

### Employee stock option plan (ESOP, 2012)

Particulars	March 3	31, 2024 March 31, 2		1, 2023
	Average exercise price per share option (₹)	Number of options	Average exercise price per share option (₹)	Number of options
Opening balance	34.00	300	34.00	4,300
Granted during the period	-	-	-	-
Exercised during the period	34.00	-	34.00	4,000
Lapsed during the period	-	-	-	-
Closing balance		300		300
Vested and exercisable		300		300

### Employee stock option scheme (ESOS, 2015)

March 31	, 2024	March 31, 2023	
Average exercise price per share option (₹)	Number of options	Average exercise price per share option (₹)	Number of options
387.35	2,000	387.35	5,000
-	-	-	-
387.35	2,000	387.35	3,000
-		-	
	-		2,000
	-		2,000
	Average exercise price per share option (₹) 387.35	exercise price options per share option  (₹)  387.35  2,000	Average exercise price per share option (₹)         Number of options options         Average exercise price per share option (₹)           387.35         2,000         387.35

No options expired during the periods covered in the above tables.

## Note 46: Employee Stock Benefit Plans (Continued)

Share options outstanding at the end of the year have the following expiry date and exercise prices:

Grant date	Expiry date	Exercise	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
		price	Share options	Share options
January 31, 2015	January 30, 2026	34.00	300	300
July 26, 2016	July 25, 2023	387.35	-	2,000
October 30,2021	August 31, 2023	10.00	-	1,105
October 30,2021	August 31, 2024	10.00	1,106	1,105
May 6, 2022	June 9, 2023	10.00	-	441
May 6, 2022	June 9, 2024	10.00	441	441
May 6, 2022	June 9, 2025	10.00	440	440
May 9, 2023	May 9, 2024	10.00	618	-
May 9, 2023	May 9, 2025	10.00	619	-
May 9, 2023	May 9, 2026	10.00	619	=
Total	•		4,143	5,832
Weighted average remaining contractual life	of options		0.92	0.78
outstanding at end of period				

## (i) Fair value of options granted

The fair value of grant date of options granted during the year ended March 31, 2024 is mentioned in the table below. The fair value at grant date is determined using the Black-Scholes model which takes into account the exercise price, the term of option, the share price at grant date and expected price volatility of the underlying share, the expected dividend yield and the risk free interest rate for the term of the option.

Grant date	Expiry date	Fair Value	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
January 31, 2015	January 30, 2026	110.49	300	300
July 26, 2016	July 25, 2023	297.00	-	2,000
October 30,2021	August 31, 2023	1,239.65	-	1,105
October 30,2021	August 31, 2024	1,238.16	1,106	1,105
May 6, 2022	June 9, 2023	1,932.04	-	441
May 6, 2022	June 9, 2024	1,930.58	441	441
May 6, 2022	June 9, 2025	1,929.08	440	440
May 9, 2023	May 9, 2024	1,353.88	618	-
May 9, 2023	May 9, 2025	1,352.39	619	-
May 9, 2023	May 9, 2026	1,350.90	619	-
Total			4,143	5,832

## Note 46: Employee Stock Benefit Plans (Continued)

The model inputs for options granted during the period ended March 31, 2024 included:

ESOP, 2012 as amended, granted on May 9, 2023	9th May, 2023
Exercise Price	₹ 10
Grant Date	9th May, 2023
Expected life of share options	1 to 3 years
Share price at grant date	1355.45
Expected price volatility of the Company's shares	49% to 53%
Expected dividend yield	0.29%
Risk free interest rate	6.90% to 6.96%
ESOP, 2012 as amended, granted on May 6, 2022	May 6, 2022
Exercise Price	₹ 10
Grant Date	May 6, 2022
Expected life of share options	1 to 3 years
Share price at grant date	1933.64
Expected price volatility of the Company's shares	46% to 55%
Expected dividend yield	0.08%
Risk free interest rate	5.487% to 6.932%
ESOP, 2012 as amended, granted on October 30, 2021	October 30, 2021
Exercise Price	₹ 10
Grant Date	October 30, 2021
Expected life of share options	1 to 3 years
Share price at grant date	1242.71
Expected price volatility of the Company's shares	44% to 58%
Expected dividend yield	0.12%
Risk free interest rate	4.107% to 5.124%

## ESOS, 2015 granted on July 26, 2016

Options are granted for a consideration as mentioned in the below table and 40% of options vest after 1 year, 30% of options after 2 years, 20% of options after 3 years and 10% of options after 4 years. Vested options are exercisable for a period of 3 years after vesting.

Particulars	July 25, 2020	July 25, 2021	July 25, 2022	July 25, 2023
Exercise Price	₹ 387.35	₹ 387.35	₹ 387.35	₹ 387.35
Grant Date	July 26, 2016	July 26, 2016	July 26, 2016	July 26, 2016
Expiry Date	July 25, 2020	July 25, 2021	July 25, 2022	July 25, 2023
Share price at grant date	₹ 387.35	₹ 387.35	₹ 387.35	₹ 387.35
Expected price volatility of the Company's shares	57%	66%	115%	109%
Expected dividend yield	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Risk free interest rate	8.27%	8.17%	8.20%	8.32%

### Note 46: Employee Stock Benefit Plans (Continued)

The model inputs for options granted during the year ended March 31, 2016 included:

### ESOP, 2012- Option B granted on May 16, 2015

Options are granted for a consideration as mentioned below in the table and vest 40% of options after 1 year, 30% of options after 2 years, 20% of options after 3 years and 10% of options after 4 years. Vested options are exercisable for a period of 7 years after vesting.

Particulars	May 15, 2023	May 15, 2024	May 15, 2025	May 15, 2026
Exercise Price	₹ 34/- (March 31,			
	2016 - ₹ 34/-)	2016 - ₹ 34/-)	2016 - ₹ 34/-)	2016 - ₹ 34/-)
Grant Date	May 16, 2015	May 16, 2015	May 16, 2015	May 16, 2015
Expiry Date	May 15, 2023	May 15, 2024	May 15, 2025	May 15, 2026
Share price at grant date	₹ 138/-	₹ 138/-	₹ 138/-	₹ 138/-
Expected price volatility of the Company's shares	71%	139%	121%	108%
Expected dividend yield	0.91%	0.91%	0.91%	0.91%
Risk free interest rate	8.30%	8.19%	8.21%	8.30%

The model inputs for options granted during the year ended March 31, 2015 included:

#### ESOP, 2012- Option A granted on January 31, 2015

Options are granted for a consideration as mentioned below in the table and vest 40% of options after 1 year, 30% of options after 2 years, 20% of options after 3 years and 10% of options after 4 years. Vested options are exercisable for a period of 7 years after vesting.

Particulars	January 30, 2023	January 30, 2024	January 30, 2025	January 30, 2026
Exercise Price	₹ 34/- (March 31,			
	2016 - ₹ 34/-)	2016 - ₹ 34/-)	2016 - ₹ 34/-)	2016 - ₹ 34/-)
Grant Date	January 31, 2015	January 31, 2015	January 31, 2015	January 31, 2015
Expiry Date	January 30, 2023	January 30, 2024	January 30, 2025	January 30, 2026
Share price at grant date	₹ 127.70/-	₹ 127.70/-	₹ 127.70/-	₹ 127.70/-
Expected price volatility of the Company's shares	72%	143%	120%	108%
Expected dividend yield	0.78%	0.78%	0.78%	0.78%
Risk free interest rate	8.27%	8.17%	8.20%	8.32%

The expected price volatility is based on the historic volatility (based on the remaining life of the options), adjusted for any expected changes to future volatility due to publicly available information.

### 5 Godrej Capital Employee Stock Option Scheme 2021 ("ESOP Scheme 2021")

The Godrej Capital Employee Stock Option Scheme 2021 ("ESOP Scheme 2021") of the Company was approved and adopted by its members at an Extraordinary General Meeting held on January 5, 2021. The Scheme is administered by Company's Board of Directors. The Scheme applies to all the Eligible Employees, who are the permanent employees of the Company or any Subsidiary of the Company, on the date of Grant of Options. The Compensation Committee of the Company would decide the entitlement of each employee based on her/his performance, level, grade, seniority and such other parameters as may be decided by the Compensation Committee. The Exercise Price for each Option will be the face value of the Equity Share of the Company. The Options granted would vest after twenty one months but not later than fifty seven months from the date of Grant of Options. Exercise period is 7 (seven) years from the date of Vesting of Options or such other period as may be decided by the Compensation Committee, within which the Employee should exercise his right to apply for transfer of Equity Shares of the Company to him pursuant to the Option Vested in him in accordance with the ESOP Scheme 2021.

#### Description of the share based payment plans:

The expense recognised for employee services received during the year / period is shown in the following table:

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2024	For the year ended March 31, 2023
Expenses arising from equity-settled share-based payment transactions	1.09	0.24
Total	1.09	0.24

### Note 46: Employee Stock Benefit Plans (Continued)

#### Movements during the year/period:

The following table illustrates the number and weighted average exercise price (WAEP) of, and movement in, share options during the year/period:

Particulars	For the year ended	For the year ended March 31, 2024 For the year ended March 31, 2023		
	Number	WAEP (₹)	Number	WAEP (₹)
Outstanding at the beginning of the Year	2,637	10	2,759	10
Granted during the Year	-	-	-	-
Lapsed during the year	434	10	122	10
Outstanding at the end of the Year / Period	2,203	10	2,637	10

The weighted average fair values of the options granted during the year was ₹ 4.29 (Previous Period: ₹ 4.29). The weighted average stock price of the options granted during the year ended March 31, 2024 is ₹ 10/- (Previous Period: ₹ 10).

The fair value of each option is estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes model with the following assumptions:

Particulars	For the year March 31, 2024	For the year March 31, 2023
Share price	₹ 10	₹ 10
Risk free interest rate	7%	7%
Volatility	42.70%	42.70%
Time to Maturity	5 years	5 years
Exercise price	₹ 10	₹ 10

Expected Volatility was determined by calculating the historical volatility of the comparable Company's share price over the effects of non-transferability, exercise restrictions and behavioural considerations.

Share options outstanding at the end of the year have the following expiry date and exercise prices:

Grant Date	Expiry date	Exercise price	March 31, 2024 Share Options	March 31, 2023 Share Options
January 29, 2021	October 28, 2029	10	257.00	319.00
February 3, 2021	November 2, 2029	10	216.00	229.00
Febraury 11, 2021	November 10, 2029	10	9.00	9.00
May 10, 2021	February 5, 2030	10	44.00	61.00
June 22, 2021	March 20, 2030	10	26.00	43.00
January 29, 2021	October 28, 2030	10	269.00	331.00
February 3, 2021	November 2, 2030	10	219.00	232.00
Febraury 11, 2021	November 10, 2030	10	9.00	9.00
May 10, 2021	February 5, 2031	10	45.00	63.00
June 22, 2021	March 20, 2031	10	28.00	45.00
January 29, 2021	October 28, 2031	10	254.00	312.00
February 3, 2021	November 2, 2031	10	202.00	215.00
Febraury 11, 2021	November 10, 2031	10	8.00	8.00
May 10, 2021	February 5, 2032	10	41.00	58.00
June 22, 2021	March 20, 2032	10	24.00	42.00
January 29, 2021	October 28, 2032	10	257.00	319.00
February 3, 2021	November 2, 2032	10	216.00	229.00
Febraury 11, 2021	November 10, 2032	10	9.00	9.00
May 10, 2021	February 5, 2033	10	44.00	61.00
June 22, 2021	March 20, 2033	10	26.00	43.00
Total			2,203.00	2,637.00

## Note 46: Employee Stock Benefit Plans (Continued)

#### ESOP Scheme 2022

The Godrej Capital Employee Stock Option Scheme 2022 ("ESOP Scheme 2022") of the Company was approved and adopted by its members at an Anuual General Meeting held on June 1, 2022. The Scheme is administered by Company's Board of Directors. The Scheme applies to all the Eligible Employees, who are the permanent employees of the Company or any Subsidiary of the Company, on the date of Grant of Options. The Compensation Committee of the Company would decide the entitlement of each employee based on his/her performance, level, grade, seniority and such other parameters as may be decided by the Compensation Committee. The Exercise Price for each Option will be determined by the Board. The Options granted would vest after a minimum period of twenty four months which may be extended to thirty six months but not later than seventy two months from the date of Grant of Options or as may be decided by Compensation committee. Exercise period is 7 (seven) years from the date of Vesting of Options or such other period as may be decided by the Board, within which the Employee should exercise his right to apply for transfer of Equity Shares of the Company to him pursuant to the Option Vested in him in accordance with the ESOP Scheme 2022.

#### Movements during the year:

The following table illustrates the number and weighted average exercise price (WAEP) of, and movement in, share options during the year:

Particulars	For the year ended	For the year ended March 31, 2024 For the year ended March 31, 2023		
	Number	WAEP	Number	WAEP
Outstanding at the beginning of the year	934	10	-	-
Granted during the year	1,135	10	934.00	10.00
Lapsed during the year	263	10	-	-
Outstanding at the end of the year	1,806	10	934.00	10.00

The weighted average fair values of the options granted during the year was ₹ 1,08,556. The weighted average stock price of the options granted during the year ended March 31, 2024 is ₹ 10.

The fair value of each option is estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes model with the following assumptions:

Particulars	For the year March 31, 2024
Share price	₹ 80,496.49 & ₹ 1,08,556.00
Fair Value of Option	₹ 12,836.81 to ₹ 45,534.12
Risk free interest rate	6.69% to 7.34%
Volatility	16.73% to 29.79%
Time to Maturity	7 years
Exercise price	₹ 80,496.49 & ₹ 1,08,556.00

# Note 46: Employee Stock Benefit Plans (Continued)

Share options outstanding at the end of the year have the following expiry date and exercise prices:

Grant Date	Expiry date	Exercise price	March 31, 2024 Share Options
November 9, 2022	30-Jun-31	80,496.49	8
November 9, 2022	30-Jun-32	80,496.49	8
November 9, 2022	30-Jun-33	80,496.49	8
November 9, 2022	30-Jun-34	80,496.49	8
November 9, 2022	30-Apr-32	80,496.49	126
November 9, 2022	30-Apr-33	80,496.49	126
November 9, 2022	30-Apr-34	80,496.49	125
November 9, 2022	30-Apr-35	80,496.49	126
November 9, 2022	30-Nov-32	80,496.49	20
November 9, 2022	30-Nov-33	80,496.49	20
November 9, 2022	30-Nov-34	80,496.49	20
November 9, 2022	30-Nov-35	80,496.49	20
March 10, 2023	28-Feb-33	80,496.49	32
March 10, 2023	28-Feb-34	80,496.49	32
March 10, 2023	28-Feb-35	80,496.49	32
March 10, 2023	29-Feb-36	80,496.49	32
July 3, 2023	31-Mar-33	1,08,556.00	174
July 3, 2023	31-Mar-34	1,08,556.00	174
July 3, 2023	31-Mar-35	1,08,556.00	174
July 3, 2023	31-Mar-36	1,08,556.00	174
September 5, 2023	31-Jul-33	1,08,556.00	40
September 5, 2023	31-Jul-34	1,08,556.00	40
September 5, 2023	31-Jul-35	1,08,556.00	38
September 5, 2023	31-Jul-36	1,08,556.00	40
January 8, 2024	31-Dec-33	1,08,556.00	6
January 8, 2024	31-Dec-34	1,08,556.00	6
January 8, 2024	31-Dec-35	1,08,556.00	6
January 8, 2024	31-Dec-36	1,08,556.00	6
March 23, 2024	28-Feb-34	1,08,556.00	46
March 23, 2024	28-Feb-35	1,08,556.00	47
March 23, 2024	29-Feb-36	1,08,556.00	46
March 23, 2024	28-Feb-37	1,08,556.00	46
Total			1,806

Amount ₹ in crore

a) Segment information

Information about operating segments	Chemicals	icals	Animal Feed	Leed	Veg Oils	oiis	Estate & Property Development	Property oment	Finance & Investments	ce & nents	Dairy	>	Crop Protection	tection	Hospitality	tality	Others	ers	Total	<del></del>
	Current Year	Previous Year	Current	Previous Year	Current	Previous Year	Current Year	Previous Year	Current	Previous Year	Current	Previous (	Current	Previous Year	Current	Previous Year	Current	Previous Year	Current	Previous Year
(I) Revenue																				
External Sales	2,689.18	4,164.30	5,007.65	4,956.69	1,675.65	1,927.91	4,357.11	3,097.35	952.02	391.02	1,572.86	1,501.13	1,237.78	1,196.25	40.66		564.06	527.71	18,096.98	17,762.36
Intersegment Sales	7.49	8.67				2.74	17.49	21.90	256.70	134.42							565.12	636.57	846.79	804.30
Total Sales	2,696.67	4,172.97	5,007.65	4,956.69	1,675.65	1,930.65	4,374.60	3,119.25	1,208.72	525.44	1,572.86	1,501.13	1,237.78	1,196.25	40.66		1,129.18	1,164.28	18,943.77	18,566.66
Less: Intersegment Sales	(7.49)	(8.67)				(2.74)	(17.49)	(21.90)	(256.70)	(134.42)							(565.12)	(636.57)	(846.79)	(804.30)
Total Revenue	2,689.18	4,164.30	5,007.65	4,956.69	1,675.65	1,927.91	4,357.11	3,097.35	952.02	391.02	1,572.86	1,501.13	1,237.78	1,196.25	40.66		564.06	527.71	18,096.98	17,762.36
(II) Results																				
Segment result before interest and tax	253.95	697.02	238.63	184.76	166.44	261.27	1,105.27	1,003.06	116.25	9:32	30.99	(43.85)	216.43	125.50	0.51		40.75	19.22	2,169.22	2,256.33
Unallocated expenses																			(308.08)	(219.98)
Finance Costs (excluding Interest cost of Financing business)																			(842.42)	(751.24)
Profit Before Share of Profit of Equity Accounted Investees and Tax																			1,017.72	1,285.11
Тахеѕ																			(369.28)	(259.94)
Share of Profit of Equity Accounted Investees (net of Income Tax)																			(53.28)	395.47
Profit after tax																			595.16	1,420.64
Segment Assets	1,939.09	2,102.62	1,870.75	1,804.93	759.95	685.07	35,674.25	23,232.06	16,978.36	12,092.47	848.01	808.71	1,468.64	1,549.19	750.72	583.23	644.49	655.58	60,934.26	43,513.86
Unallocated Assets																			613.94	461.19
Total Assets																			61,548.20	43,975.05
Segment Liabilities	596.07	864.88	515.27	481.23	96.69	67.76	24,708.63	13,256.21	8,816.81	5,074.03	460.19	428.52	898.18	817.57	752.93	585.95	251.12	297.49	37,069.16	21,873.64
Unallocated Liabilities																			9,359.98	7,800.57
Total Liabilities																			46,429.14	29,674.21
Cost incurred during the year to acquire segment assets	136.95	80.02	45.96	86.38	69.66	58.62	72.02	85.70	39.33	40.01	37.05	33.66	152.06	144.16	•		43.94	32.97	627.00	561.52
Cost incurred on unallocated assets																			6.38	1.76
Total Cost incurred during the year to acquire segment assets																			633.38	563.28
Segment Depreciation	48.60	41.35	64.78	51.46	36.96	31.37	68.49	48.12	28.10	18.97	35.54	31.96	50.19	44.45	•	٠	23.87	23.00	356.53	290.68
Unallocated Depreciation																			14.22	13.84
Total Depreciation																			370.75	304.52

Note 47: Segment Information

### Note 47: Segment Information (Continued)

### Information about Secondary Business Segments

Amount ₹ in Crore

Revenue by Geographical markets	Current Year	Previous Year
India	16,781.39	15,650.48
Outside India	1,315.59	2,111.88
Total	18,096.98	17,762.36

Amount ₹ in Crore

Carrying Amount of Segment assets	Current Year	Previous Year
India	61,163.71	43,564.76
Outside India	384.49	410.29
Total	61,548.20	43,975.05

#### Notes:

- 1. The Group has disclosed Business Segment as the primary segment. Segments have been identified taking into account the nature of the products, the different risks and returns, the organisational structure and the internal reporting system.
- Chemicals segment includes the business of production and sale of Oleochemicals and Surfactants such as Fatty Acids, Fatty Alcohols, Esters and Waxes, refined glycerine, Alpha Olefin Sulphonates, Sodium Lauryl Sulphate and Sodium Lauryl Ether Sulphate.
- 3. Animal Feed segment includes the business of production and sale of compound feeds for cattle, poultry, shrimp and fish.
- Veg Oils segment includes the business of processing and bulk trading of refined vegetable oils & vanaspati, international vegetable oil trading and Oil Palm Plantation.
- 5. Estate & property development segment includes the business of development and sale of real estate and leasing and leave and licensing of properties.
- Finance & Investments includes financial services (including housing finance) and investments in associates companies and other investments.
- 7. Dairy Business includes milk and milk products
- 8. Crop protection business includes agri inputs.
- 9. Hospitality includes Rooms revenue, Food and Beverage sale & Banquet services.
- 10. Others includes seeds business, poultry, cattle breeding and energy generation through windmills
- 11. Unallocable expenditure includes general and administrative expenses and other expenses incurred on common services at the corporate level and relate to the Group as a whole.
- 12. The geographical segments consists of Sales in India which represent sales to customers located in India and Sales outside India represent sales to customers located outside India.
- 13. Segment Revenue Reconciliation in terms of the measure reported to the Chief Operating Decision Maker:

Amount ₹ in Crore

Particulars	Current Year	Previous Year
Revenue from Operations	16,600.62	16,740.25
Other Income	1,496.36	1,022.11
Total Segment Revenue	18,096.98	17,762.36

### Note 48: Related Party Information

- a) Names of related parties and description of relationship
- 1 Companies under common ownership
  - 1.1 Godrej & Boyce Manufacturing Company Limited
- 2 Associates / Joint Ventures
  - 2.1 Godrej Consumer Products Limited
  - 2.2 PT Godrej Consumer Products Indonesia
  - 2.3 Strength of Nature, LLC
  - 2.4 Subinite Pty Ltd
  - 2.5 Laboratoria Cuenca S.A.
  - 2.6 Godrej Consumer Products International
  - 2.7 Godrej Nigeria Limited
  - 2.8 Canon Chemicals Limited
  - 2.9 Godrej Household Products Lanka (Private) Limited
  - 2.10 Cosmetica Nacional S.A.
  - 2.11 Lorna Nigeria Limited
  - 2.12 Godrej Global Middle East FZE

### Associates/ Joint Ventures of Godrej Agrovet Limited

- 2.13 ACI Godrej Agrovet Private Limited, Bangladesh
- 2.14 Omnivore India Capital Trust
- 2.15 Al Rahba International Trading Limited Liability Company, United Arab Emirates (UAE) (upto April 18, 2023)

## Associates/ Joint Ventures of Godrej Properties Limited

- 2.16 Godrej Redevelopers (Mumbai) Private Limited
- 2.17 Godrej Greenview Housing Private Limited
- 2.18 Wonder City Buildcon Limited (Clasissified as Subsidary w.e.f. March 29, 2023) (Formerly known as Wonder City Buildcon Private Limited)
- 2.19 Godrej Home Constructions Limited (Clasissified as Subsidary w.e.f. March 29, 2023) (Formerly known as Godrej Home Constructions Private Limited)
- 2.20 Wonder Projects Development Private Limited
- 2.21 Godrej Real View Developers Private Limited
- 2.22 Pearlite Real Properties Private Limited
- 2.23 Godrej Skyline Developers Private Limited (Classified as Subsidiary w.e.f. September 28, 2023)
- 2.24 Godrej Green Homes Private Limited (Formerly Known as Godrej Green Homes Limited)
- 2.25 Yujya Developers Private Limited (Merged with Madhuvan Enterprises Private Limited w.e.f. March 16, 2023)
- 2.26 Vivrut Developers Private Limited
- 2.27 Madhuvan Enterprises Private Limited
- 2.28 Mosiac Landmarks LLP
- 2.29 Dream World Landmarks LLP (Classified as Subsidiary w.e.f. September 30, 2023)
- 2.30 Oxford Realty LLP
- 2.31 Godrej SSPDL Green Acres LLP
- 2.32 Caroa Properties LLP (Joint venture upto March 28, 2024)
- 2.33 M S Ramaiah Ventures LLP
- 2.34 Godrej Amitis Developers LLP (formerly known as Amitis Developers LLP)
- 2.35 Godrej Property Developers LLP (Joint venture upto February 06, 2024)

# Note 48: Related Party Information (Continued)

- 2.36 A R Landcraft LLP
- 2.37 Prakhhyat Dwellings LLP
- 2.38 Godrej Highview LLP
- 2.39 Godrej Projects North Star LLP
- 2.40 Godrej Developers & Properties LLP
- 2.41 Godrej Reserve LLP (Joint venture upto September 30, 2022)
- 2.42 Godrej Irismark LLP
- 2.43 Roseberry Estate LLP
- 2.44 Suncity Infrastructures (Mumbai) LLP
- 2.45 Maan-Hinje Township Developers LLP (Joint venture upto March 29, 2023)
- 2.46 Godrej Vestamark LLP
- 2.47 Manyata Industrial Parks LLP
- 2.48 Godrej Odyssey LLP
- 2.49 Universal Metro Properties LLP
- 2.50 Embellish Houses LLP
- 2.51 Manjari Housing Projects LLP
- 2.52 Mahalunge Township Developers LLP
- 2.53 Yerwada Developers Private Limited
- 2.54 Godrej Projects North LLP
- 2.55 Godrej Housing Projects LLP
- 2.56 Vagishwari Land Developers Private Limited
- 2.57 Munjal Hospitality Private Limited
- 2.58 Godrej Macbricks Private Limited

### 3 Key Management Personnel

- 3.1 Mr. N. B. Godrej Chairman & Managing Director
- 3.2 Ms. T. A. Dubash Executive Director & Chief Brand Officer
- 3.3 Mr. N. S. Nabar Executive Director & President (Chemicals)
- 3.4 Mr. C. G. Pinto Chief Financial Officer
- 3.5 Ms. Tejal Jariwala Company Secretary

### 4 Non-Executive Directors

- 4.1 Mr. J.N. Godrej (resigned w.e.f. January 24, 2024)
- 4.2 Mr. P. A. Godrej
- 4.3 Mr. Mathew Eipe
- 4.4 Dr. Ganapati D. Yadav
- 4.5 Ms. Monaz Noble
- 4.6 Ms. Shweta Bhatia
- 4.7 Mr. Sandeep Murthy
- 1.8 Mr. Ajay Kumar Vaghani

### Relatives of Key Management Personnel

- 5.1 Ms. N. A. Godrej Sister of Ms. Tanya Dubash
- 5.2 Ms. R. N. Godrej Wife of Mr. N. B. Godrej
- 5.3 Mr. B. N. Godrej Son of Mr. N. B. Godrej
- 5.4 Mr. S. N. Godrej Son of Mr. N. B. Godrej
- 5.5 Mr. H. N. Godrej Son of Mr. N. B. Godrej

## Note 48: Related Party Information (Continued)

- 5.6 Mr. A. D. Dubash Husband of Ms. Tanya Dubash
- 5.7 Master A. A. Dubash Son of Ms. Tanya Dubash
- 5.8 Master A. A. Dubash Son of Ms. Tanya Dubash
- 5.9 Ms. N. N. Nabar Wife of Mr. N. S. Nabar
- 5.10 Mr. P. A. Godrej Brother of Ms. Tanya Dubash

### 6 Enterprises over which key management personnel exercise significant influence

- 6.1 Anamudi Real Estates LLP
- 6.2 Innovia Multiventures Private Limited
- 6.3 Godrej Seeds & Genetics Limited
- 6.4 ABG Family Trust
- 6.5 NBG Family Trust
- 6.6 TAD Family Trust
- 6.7 TAD Children Trust
- 6.8 AREL Enterprise LLP
- 6.9 TNP Enterprise LLP
- 6.10 ANBG Enterprise LLP
- 6.11 Meghmani Organics Limited

## 7 Enterprises over which relative of key management personnel exercise significant influence

- 7.1 Shata Trading & Finance Private Limited
- 7.2 Shilawati Trading & Finance Private Limited
- 7.3 NG Family Trust
- 7.4 NG Children Trust
- 7.5 PG Lineage Trust
- 7.6 PG Children Trust
- 7.7 PG Family Trust
- 7.8 BNG Family Trust
- 7.9 BNG Successor Trust
- 7.10 BNG Lineage Trust
- 7.11 SNG Successor Trust
- 7.12 SNG Lineage Trust
- 7.13 RNG Family Trust
- 7.14 SNG Family Trust
- 7.15 HNG Family Trust
- 7.16 Godrej Fund Management and Investment Advisers Private Limited
- 7.17 Karukachal Developers Private Limited
- 7.18 Eranthus Developers Private Limited
- 7.19 Praviz Developers Private Limited
- 7.20 Godrej Holdings Private Limited
- 7.21 Ceres Developers Private Limited
- 7.22 Transpolar Logistics (India) Private Limited
- 7.23 Mindcrescent Wellness Ventures Private Limited

### 8 Post Employment Benefit Trust where reporting entity exercises significant influence

- 8.1 Godrej Industries Employees Provident Fund
- 8.2 Godrej Industries Ltd Group Gratuity Trust

## Note 48: Related Party Information (Continued)

# b) Transactions with Related Parties

Nature of Transaction	Associate/ Joint Venture Companies	Companies under common ownership	Key Management Personnel	Relative of Key Management Personnel	Enterprises over which Key Mangement Personnel exercise significant influence	Enterprises over which Relative of Key Mangement Personnel exercise significant influence	Total
Sale of Goods	119.56	0.84	-	-	50.45	-	170.85
Previous Year	126.87	1.31	-	-	96.75	-	224.93
Purchase of goods	10.37	0.65	-	-	275.41	0.03	286.46
Previous Year	27.08	0.15	-	-	253.71	-	280.94
Licence fees / Service charges / Storage Income	14.15	0.03	-	-	-	0.42	14.60
Previous Year	15.49		-	-	-	0.32	15.81
Other Income *	13.17	0.00	-	-	0.00	0.02	13.19
Previous Year	6.93	0.00	-	-	0.00	0.02	6.95
Loans & Advances given	2,374.27	2.42	-	-	-	-	2,376.69
Previous Year	1,378.52	8.04	-	-	-	-	1,386.56
Conversion of Debentures to Equity	17.94	-	-	-	-	-	17.94
Previous Year	167.97	-	-	-	-	-	167.97
Investment in Equity/preference shares	27.64	-	-	-	-	-	27.64
Previous Year	11.65	-	-	-	-	-	11.65
Purchase of Property, Plants & Equipments & Purchase of Investment Property	0.40	2.18	-	-	-	-	2.58
Previous Year	15.91	9.96	-	-	-	-	25.87
Royalty & Techinical fees paid	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Previous Year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Commission / Royalty received	0.24	-	-	-	-	-	0.24
Previous Year	0.24	-	-	-	-	-	0.24
Recovery of establishment & Other Expenses	170.42	-	-	-	1.57	0.45	172.44
Previous Year	183.82	2.34	-	-	6.23	1.71	194.10
Rent, Establishment & other exps paid	21.89	6.88	-	1.07	-	21.51	51.35
Previous Year	15.19	5.99	-	-	6.98	21.48	49.64
Interest received	592.99	-	-	-	-	-	592.99
Previous Year	498.32	_	-	-	-	_	498.32
Dividend income	154.21	-	-	-	-	-	154.21
Previous Year	22.08	-	-	-	-	-	22.08
Dividend paid	-	-	0.21	0.40	0.61	3.27	4.49
Previous Year	<u>-</u>	-	0.02	0.40	0.73	3.27	4.42
Remuneration to Key Management Personnel							
Short term employee benefit	-		25.67	-	-	-	
Post employment benefit	-	-	0.97	-	-	-	0.97
Share based payment	-	-	0.49	-	-	-	0.49
Previous Year							
Short term employee benefit	-	-	31.04	-	-		31.04
Post employment benefit	-	-	0.87	-	-		
Share based payment	- 04.04	-	0.80	-	-	-	0.80
Sale of Investments	94.04	<u>-</u>	-	-	-		
Previous Year	- 11.00	-	-	-	-		
Sale of Units	11.08	-	-	-	-		11.08
Other Deposits accepted	9.71	-	-	-	-	-	
Other Deposits accepted  Previous Year	-		-	-	-	-	
FIEVIOUS TEAT	-		-				

Note 48: Related Party Information (Continued)

	Joint Venture Companies	under common ownership	Management Personnel	Management Personnel	over which Key Mangement Personnel exercise significant influence	over which Relative of Key Mangement Personnel exercise significant influence	
Commission paid to Director	-	-	1.68	0.73	-	-	2.41
Previous Year	-	-	1.18	0.67	-	-	1.85
Investment in Debenture	68.24	-	-	-	-	-	68.24
Previous Year	17.40	-	-	-	-	-	17.40
Loan and Advances repaid	1,466.20	-	-	-	-	-	1,466.20
Previous Year	1,282.20	-	-	-	1.80	-	1,284.00
Sale of Services	217.14	-	-	-	-	7.81	224.95
Previous Year	156.09	1.28	-	-	7.37	-	164.74
Sitting Fees	-	-	1.05	0.09	-	-	1.14
Previous Year		-	0.88	0.07	-	-	0.95
Income Received from Other Companies	1.10	-	-	-	-	-	1.10
Previous Year	0.85	-	-	-	-	-	0.85
Commitment / Bank Guarantee / Letter of Credit issued / Corporate/ Performance Guarantee	0.34	-	-	-	-	-	0.34
Previous Year	1.59	0.24					1.83
Sale of fixed assets	1.59	0.24			<u>-</u>		1.00
Previous Year		11.83					11.83
Balance Outstanding		77.00					77.00
Receivables	2,285.18	0.85	_	_	0.05	0.17	2,286.25
Previous Year	2,761.34	0.64	-	-	0.10	2.76	2,764.84
Payables	4.68	0.56	-	-	2.58	0.04	7.86
Previous Year	3.28	1.25	-	-	0.68	0.02	5.23
Guarantees outstanding	33.20	-	-	-	-	-	33.20
Previous Year	33.45	-	-	-	-	-	33.45
Debentures Outstanding	591.70	-	-	-	-	-	591.70
Previous Year	667.98	-	-	-	-	-	667.98
Deposits Receivable	1.59	-	-	-	-	0.30	1.89
Previous Year	-	-	-	-	1.80	-	1.80
Advance received against Share of Profit	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Previous Year	2.94	-	-	-	-	-	2.94
Investment in capital account of LLP	100.00	-	-	-	-	-	100.00
Previous Year	325.20	-	-	-	-	-	325.20
Investment in Equity/preference shares	84.48	-	-	-	-	-	84.48
Previous Year	276.46	-	-	-	-	-	276.46
Investment in Capital Account	685.65	-	-	-	-	-	685.65
Previous Year	509.08	-	-	-	-	-	509.08
Debenture Interest Outstanding	246.01	-	-	-	-	-	246.01
Previous Year	211.88	-	-	-	-	-	211.88
Unbilled Revenue	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Previous Year	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Deposits Payable	1.81	-	-	-	-	0.30	2.11
Previous Year	1.79	0.28	-	-	0.51	0.31	2.89
Advance Given Previous Year	-	-	-	-	22.97	-	- 22.97

<sup>\*</sup>Amount less than ₹ 0.01 crore

Note: All related party transactions entered during the year are in ordinary course of the business and are on arm's length basis.

## Note 48: Related Party Information (Continued)

c) Significant Related Party Disclosure

Amount in Crore

Nature of Transaction	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Sale of Goods		
Godrej Consumer Products Limited	119.56	122.95
Godrej Seeds & Genetics Limited	50.45	96.68
Purchase of Goods		
Godrej Consumer Products Limited	10.37	27.08
Godrej Seeds & Genetics Limited	275.41	253.71
Commission / Royalty received		
Godrej Consumer Products Limited	0.24	0.24
Licence fees / Service charges / Storage Income		
Godrej Consumer Products Limited	14.15	15.49
Recovery of establishment & other Expenses		
Godrej Consumer Products Limited	36.23	33.50
Rent, Establishment & other epenses paid		
Godrej Consumer Products Limited	16.59	13.49
Godrej & Boyce Manufacturing Company Limited	6.88	5.17
Purchase of Property, Plants & Equipments & Purchase of Investment Property		
Godrej & Boyce Manufacturing Company Limited	2.01	9.16
Other Income		
Godrej Consumer Products Limited	1.57	1.00
ACI Godrej Agrovet Private Limited	11.59	5.92

### Note 49: Fair Value Measurement

The fair values of the financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale.

### I Accounting classification and fair values

Carrying amounts and fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities, including their levels in the fair value hierarchy, are as follows.

Amoun	t₹ı	ın C	rore
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		Carrying	amount			Fair v	/alue	
March 31, 2024	FVTPL	FVTOCI	Amor- tised Cost	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets								
Non Current								
Non Current Investments								
Debenture	567.95	-	23.75	591.70	-	567.95	-	567.95
Equity Shares	17.29	16.63	-	33.92	30.60	0.01	3.31	33.92
Trade receivables	-	-	65.05	65.05	-	-	-	-
Loans								
Loans of Financing business	-	-	8,644.18	8,644.18	-	-	-	-
Loans to Others	-	-	77.74	77.74	-	-	-	-
Other financial assets	-	-	123.92	123.92	-	-	-	-
Current								
Current investments	3,135.17	-	-	3,135.17	3,135.17	-	-	3,135.17
Trade receivables	-	-	1,275.15	1,275.15	-	-	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	1,878.81	1,878.81	-	-	-	-
Other bank balances	-	-	1,630.85	1,630.85	-	-	-	-
Loans								
Loans of Financing business	-	-	1,329.98	1,329.98	-	-	-	-
Others	-	-	2,183.97	2,183.97	-	-	-	-
Other Current Financial Assets	0.01	-	1,319.71	1,319.72	-	-	-	-
	3,720.42	16.63	18,553.12	22,290.16	3,165.77	567.96	3.31	3,737.03
Financial liabilities								
Non Current borrowings - Non Convertible	-	-	6,252.87	6,252.87	-	3,440.80	-	3,440.80
Debentures (NCD)								
Non Current borrowings - Other than NCD	-	-	5,340.62	5,340.62	-	-	-	-
Lease Liabilities	-	-	188.43	188.43	-	-	-	-
Other Non current financial liabilities	-	-	36.17	36.17	-	-	-	-
Current borrowings	-	-	17,213.98	17,213.98	-	7,161.68	-	7,161.68
Trade payables	-	-	4,988.99	4,988.99	-	-	-	-
Derivative liability	0.32	-	-	0.32	-	0.32	-	0.32
Other Current financial liabilities	-	-	1,762.18	1,762.18	-	-	-	-
	0.32	-	35,783.24	35,783.56	-	10,602.80	-	10,602.80

Note 49 Fair Value Measurement (continued)

Amount ₹ in Crore

		Carrying	amount			Fair v	/alue	
March 31, 2023	FVTPL	FVTOCI	Amor- tised Cost	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets								
Non Current								
Investments								
Debenture	619.66	-	48.08	667.74	-	619.66	-	619.66
Quoted Equity Shares	21.88	16.96	-	38.84	30.12	0.01	8.71	38.84
Trade receivables	-	-	160.27	160.27	-	-	-	-
Loans								
Loans of Financing business	-	-	4,685.02	4,685.02	-	-	-	_
Loans to Others	-	-	77.46	77.46	-	-	-	-
Loans to Employees	-	-	0.90	0.90	-	-	-	-
Other financial assets	-	-	94.91	94.91	-	-	-	-
Current								_
Current investments	2,098.75	-	-	2,098.75	2,098.75	-	-	2,098.75
Trade receivables	-	-	1,500.21	1,500.21	-	-	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	1,576.96	1,576.96	-	-	-	-
Other bank balances	-	-	1,378.03	1,378.03	-	-	-	-
Loans								
Loans of Financing business	-	-	448.97	448.97	-	-	-	-
Others	-	-	2,466.46	2,466.46	-	-	-	_
Other Current Financial Assets	0.25	-	1,340.92	1,341.17	-	0.25	-	0.25
	2,740.54	16.96	13,778.17	16,535.68	2,128.87	619.93	8.71	2,757.51
Financial liabilities								
Non Current borrowings - Non Convertible	-	-	2,792.75	2,792.75	-	2,746.78	-	2,746.78
Debentures (NCD)								
Non Current borrowings - Other than NCD	-	-	4,291.17	4,291.17	-	-	-	-
Lease Liabilities	-	-	193.88	193.88	-	-	-	-
Other Non current financial liabilities	-	-	24.01	24.01	-	-	-	-
Current borrowings	-	-	12,364.63	12,364.63	=	748.25	-	748.25
Trade payables	-	-	4,868.81	4,868.81	-	-	-	-
Derivative liability	0.89	-	-	0.89	=	0.89	-	0.89
Other Current financial liabilities	-	-	1,449.39	1,449.39	-	-	-	-
	0.89	-	25,984.64	25,985.53		3,495.92		3,495.92

The Fair value of cash and cash equivalents, other bank balances, trade receivables, deposits, trade payables approximated their carrying value largely due to short term maturities of these instruments.

Financial instruments with fixed and variable interest rates are evaluated by the Group based on parameters such as interest rates and individual credit worthiness of the counterparty. Based on this evaluation, allowances are taken to account for expected losses of these receivables. Accordingly, fair value of such instruments is not materially different from their carrying amounts.

### II Measurement of fair values

The Group uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial instruments by valuation technique:

Level 1: quoted (unadjusted) prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: other techniques for which all inputs which have a significant effect on the recorded fair value are observable, either directly or indirectly

Level 3: techniques which use inputs that have a significant effect on the recorded fair value that are not based on observable market data.

### Note 49 Fair Value Measurement (continued)

The following tables show the valuation techniques used in measuring Level 2 and Level 3 fair values, as well as the significant unobservable inputs used.

Туре	Valuation technique
Fixed rates long term borrowings	The valuation model considers present value of expected payments discounted using an appropriate discounting rate. The fair value of non-convertible debentures is valued using FIMMDA guidelines.
Forward contracts	The fair value is determined using forward exchange rates at the reporting date.
Lease Liability	Lease liabilities are valued using Level 3 techniques. A change in one or more of the inputs to reasonably possible alternative assumptions would not change the value significantly.
Investments in Mutual Fund	The fair values of investments in mutual fund units is based on the net asset value ('NAV') as stated by the issuers of these mutual fund units in the published statements as at Balance Sheet date. NAV represents the price at which the issuer will issue further units of mutual fund and the price at which issuers will redeem such units from the investors.
Unquoted shares	The Group uses the Discounted Cash Flow valuation technique (in relation to financial assets measured at amortised cost and fair value through profit or loss) which involves determination of present value of expected receipt/ payment discounted using appropriate discounting rates. The fair value so determined for financial asset measured at fair value through profit and loss.

### Note 50: Financial Risk Management

#### I Financial Risk Management objectives and policies

The Group's business activities are exposed to a variety of financial risks, namely Credit risk, Liquidity risk, Currency risk, Interest risks and Commodity price risk. The respective company's senior management has the overall responsibility for establishing and governing respective Company's risk management framework. Each company in the group has constituted a Risk Management Committee, which is responsible for developing and monitoring the company's risk management policies. The committee reports regularly to the board of directors on its activities.

Respective company's risk management policies are established to identify and analyse the risks faced by each company, to set appropriate risk limits and controls and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the company's activities.

The audit committee oversees how management monitors compliance with the respective company's risk management policies and procedures, and reviews the adequacy of the risk management framework in relation to the risks faced by the respective company. The audit committee is assisted in its oversight role by internal audit. Internal audit undertakes both regular and adhoc reviews of risk management controls and procedures, the results of which are reported to the audit committee.

### II a Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Group if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the Group's receivables from customers and loans and advances and Bank balances and derivative transactions.

The carrying amount of following financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure:

#### Trade receivables and loans and advances.

The Group's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer and the geography in which it operates. Credit risk is managed through credit approvals, establishing credit limits and continuously monitoring the creditworthiness of customers to which the respective company grants credit terms in the normal course of business.

The Group has a policy under which each new customer is analysed individually for creditworthiness before offering credit period and delivery terms and conditions. The Group's export sales are backed by letters of credit and insured through Export Credit Guarantee Corporation and accordingly no provision has been made on the same. The Group bifurcates the Domestic Customers into Large Corporates, Distributors and others for Credit monitoring.

### Note 50 : Financial Risk Management (Continued)

The Group maintains adequate security deposits for sales made to its distributors. For other trade receivables, the Group individually monitors the sanctioned credit limits as against the outstanding balances. Cash terms and advance payments are required for customers of lower credit standing. Accordingly, the Group makes specific provisions against such trade receivables wherever required and monitors the same at periodic intervals.

Customer credit risk of Property development business is managed by requiring customers to pay advances through progress billings before transfer of ownership and also establishes specific payment period for its customers, therefore substantially eliminating the Group's credit risk in this respect.

The Group's credit risk of Property Development business with regard to trade receivable has a high degree of risk diversification, due to the large number of projects of varying sizes and types with numerous different customer categories in a large number of geographical markets.

The Group monitors each loans and advances given and makes any specific provision wherever required.

### **Credit Risk of Financing Business**

The credit risk is governed by defined credit policies and Board approved DOA which undergo periodic review. The credit policies outline the type of products that can be offered, customer categories, targeted customer profile, credit approval process, DOA and limits etc. Each business unit is required to implement Group's credit policies and procedures and maintain the quality of its credit portfolio.

#### Credit Risk assessment methodology

The Group has a structured credit approval process, which includes a well-established procedure of comprehensive credit appraisal. The credit appraisal process involves critical assessment of quantitative and qualitative parameters subject to review and approval as per defined DOA. The credit assessment involves detailed analysis of industry, business, management, financials, end use etc. An internal rating is also assigned to the borrower based on defined parameters. For retail customers, the credit assessment is based on a parameterised approach, credit risk monitoring and portfolio review. The group measures, monitors and manages credit risk at an individual borrower level. The credit risk for retail borrowers is being managed at portfolio level.

The credit assessment is carried out based on an internal risk assessment framework which rates the customers accordingly to various parameters. Data analytics is extensively used for effective risk monitoring.

Credit risk for loan & advances of Financing business is managed by the Group through credit approvals, establishing credit limits and continuously monitoring the creditworthiness of customers to which the Group grants credit terms in the normal course of business. Further, a major portion of exposure is secured by way of property and fixed deposits. Group also maintains an allowance for impairement that represent its estimate of expected losses in respect of loans & advances.

The Group establishes an allowance for impairment that represents its estimate of expected losses in respect of trade receivables and loans and advances.

The ageing analysis of trade receivables is disclosed in Note 5 and 12.

The movement in Provision for Loss Allowance is as follows:

Amount ₹ in Crore

Particulars	Year ende March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
Opening Provision for Loss Allowance	137.23	111.97
Impairment loss recognised	61.35	60.72
Amounts written off	(49.39)	(35.46)
Closing Provision for Loss Allowance	149.19	137.23

### Note 50: Financial Risk Management (Continued)

#### Bank Balances and derivative transactions

Bank Accounts are maintained / carried out with Banks having high credit ratings

### Investment in Securities, Loans to Related Parties, Project Deposits and Other Financial Assets by Godrej Properties Limited

The Group has investments in equity instruments, compulsorily convertible debentures / optionally convertible debentures, preference shares, loans to related parties and project deposits. The settlement of such instruments is linked to the completion of the respective underlying projects. The movement in the provision for expected credit loss due to lifetime expected credit loss during the year are as follows:

As at March 31, 2024, the Group had secured project deposits of ₹ 6.11 Crore (Previous Year: ₹ 6.11 Crore) and unsecured loans given to related parties of ₹ 14.47 Crore (Previous Year: ₹ 14.47 Crore), which have been considered as doubtful by the Group. The Group has fully provided such doubtful project deposits and unsecured loans as at March 31, 2022. The Group does not have any Loans for which credit risk has increased significantly in the current and previous year.

Amount ₹ in Crore

Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Opening balance	52.45	41.82
Add: Impairment loss recognised	10.50	5.63
Less: Impairment loss reversed	(8.32)	5.00
Closing balance	54.64	52.45

### II b Commodity Price risk

The Group is exposed to commodity risks mainly due to price volatility in agricultural commodities due to unpredictable factors such as weather, government policies, changes in global demand resulting from population growth and changes in standards of living and global production of similar and competitive crops. We enter into fixed price contracts with suppliers and in certain cases, enter into back to back sale contract with customers. We periodically review the open exposure of raw material regularly.

#### III Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Group's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when they are due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Group's reputation.

Management monitors rolling forecasts of the Group's liquidity position on the basis of expected cash flows. This monitoring includes financial ratios and takes into account the accessibility of cash and cash equivalents.

The Group has access to funds from debt markets through loan from banks, commercial papers, fixed deposits from public and other Debt instrument. The Group invests its surplus funds in bank fixed deposits and debt based mutual funds.

#### Liquidity Risk in relation to Financing Business

A risk that the Group will encounter difficulty in meeting its day to day financial obligations is known as liquidity risk. Management of liquidity risk is done as follows:

- (i) ALCO sets the strategy for managing liquidity risk commensurate with the business objectives.
- (ii) ALCO has delegated the responsibility of managing overall liquidity risk and interest rate risk to Treasury. ALCO has set various gap limits for tracking liquidity risk. The CFO and head of treasury monitor the gap limits with actuals and present the same to the MD & CEO.
- (iii) Treasury department manages the liquidity position on a day-to-day basis and reviews daily reports covering the liquidity position of the Group. Treasury team ensures the regulatory compliance to the liquidity risk related limits approved in the ALM policy by ALCO.
- (iv) The Group's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when they are due without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the group's reputation.

### Note 50: Financial Risk Management (Continued)

The key elements of the Group's liquidity risk management strategy are as follows:

- (a) Maintaining a diversified funding through market and bank borrowings resources such as debentures, commercial papers, subordinated debt, perpetual debt, Inter-corporate deposits (ICD's), overdraft and bank term loans. Unused bank lines constitute the main liquidity back up to meet the contingency funding plan. Additionally, based on Market scenario, the group also maintains a portfolio of highly liquid mutual fund units.
- (b) Under the ALM guidelines, the dynamic liquidity statement and structural liquidity statement are being prepared periodically to monitor the maturity gaps in the Assets and Liabilities cash flows.
- (c) The Group carries out stress testing of cash flows on periodic basis and shares the results with ALCO to gauge the adequacy of liquidity.

### Maturity profile of financial liabilities

The following are the remaining contractual maturities of financial liabilities at the reporting date.

Amount ₹ in Crore

March 31, 2024	Carrying Contra			ractual cash flo	ows	
	amount	Total	within 12	1-2 years	2-5 years	More than 5
			months			years
Non-derivative financial liabilities						
Borrowings	28,807.47	32,100.23	18,521.45	3,297.40	9,795.37	486.02
Lease Liability	188.43	59.88	32.44	14.85	12.59	-
Trade Payables	4,988.99	5,264.63	4,295.23	234.08	735.23	0.08
Other financial liabilities	1,798.36	1,743.51	1,595.67	52.13	70.80	24.91
Derivative financial liabilities						
Forward exchange contracts used for hedging	0.32	0.32	0.32	-	-	-

Amount ₹ in Crore

March 31, 2023	Carrying			ractual cash flo	ows	
	amount	Total	within 12	1-2 years	2-5 years	More than 5
			months			years
Non-derivative financial liabilities						
Borrowings	19,448.55	20,262.38	12,651.76	1,940.78	3,975.62	1,694.23
Lease Liability	193.88	67.36	25.62	24.09	17.65	-
Trade Payables	4,868.81	4,867.25	3,944.79	156.10	766.36	-
Other financial liabilities	1,473.40	1,456.37	1,456.26	=	-	0.11
Derivative financial liabilities						
Forward exchange contracts used for hedging	0.89	0.88	0.89	-	-	-

### IV Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices – such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates – will affect the Group's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. Market risk is attributable to all market risk sensitive financial instruments including investments in Mutual funds, Debentures and Fixed deposits, foreign currency receivables and payables and long term debt. The Group's exposure to market risk primarily related to foreign exchange rate risk, interest rate risk and the market value of investments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimising the return.

## Note 50: Financial Risk Management (Continued)

#### IV a Currency risk

The Group is exposed to currency risk on account of its borrowings, Receivable for Export and Payables for Import in foreign currency. The functional currency of the Group is Indian Rupee. The Group manages currency exposures within prescribed limits, through use of forward exchange contracts. Foreign exchange transactions are covered with strict limits placed on the amount of uncovered exposure, if any, at any point in time.

### Exposure to currency risk (Exposure in different currencies converted to functional currency)

The currency profile of financial assets and financial liabilities as at March 31, 2024 and March 31, 2023 are as below:

March 31, 2024	USD	EURO	CHF
Financial assets			
Trade and other receivables	242.49	4.16	-
Less: Forward Contracts	(68.34)		-
	174.15	4.16	-
Financial liabilities			
Trade and other payables	140.92	0.61	0.00
Less: Forward Contracts	(15.98)		
	124.94	0.61	0.00

March 31, 2023	USD	EURO	CHF
Financial assets			
Trade and other receivables	271.68	4.98	
Less: Forward Contracts	(10.27)		
	261.41	4.98	-
Financial liabilities			
Trade and other payables	537.48	0.52	0.02
Less: Forward Contracts	(246.89)		
	290.59	0.52	0.02

The following significant exchange rates have been applied during the year.

	Year-end	spot rate
₹	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
USD 1	83.41	82.18
EUR 1	90.12	89.37
CHF 1	105.41	101.63

#### Sensitivity analysis

A reasonably possible strengthening (weakening) of the Indian Rupee against the foreign currencies at March 31 would have affected the measurement of financial instruments denominated in foreign currencies and affected equity and profit or loss by the amounts shown below. This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular interest rates, remain constant and ignores any impact of forecast sales and purchases.

Amount ₹ in Crore

March 31, 2024	Profit or los	Profit or loss and Equity		
	Strengthening	Weakening		
USD - 3% Movement	(0.49)	0.49		
EUR - 4% Movement	(0.04)	0.04		
GBP - 2% Movement	0.00	(0.00)		
	(0.52)	0.52		

## Note 50: Financial Risk Management (Continued)

Amount ₹ in Crore

March 31, 2023	, 2023 Profit or loss and l	
	Strengthening Weakenin	
USD - 3% Movement	1.42	(1.42)
EUR - 3% Movement	(0.20)	0.20
CHF - 4% movement	0.00	(0.00)
	1.22	(1.22)

<sup>\*</sup>Amounts less than 0.01 crore

#### IV b Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. Interest rate risk can be either fair value interest rate risk or cash flow interest rate risk. Fair value interest rate risk is the risk of changes in fair values of fixed interest bearing investments because of fluctuations in the interest rates. Cash flow interest rate risk is the risk that the future cash flows of floating interest bearing investments will fluctuate because of fluctuations in the interest rates.

The management is responsible for the monitoring of the Company's interest rate position. Various variables are considered by the management in structuring the Group's borrowings to achieve a reasonable, competitive, cost of funding.

### Exposure to interest rate risk

Group's interest rate risk arises from borrowings. The interest rate profile of the Group's interest-bearing financial instruments as reported to the management of the respective Company is as follows.

Amount ₹ in Crore

Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Financial liabilities		
Fixed rate borrowings	19,250.21	12,962.21
Variable rate borrowings	9,557.26	6,486.34
	28,807.47	19,448.55
Financial assets		
Fixed rate instruments	4,849.76	5,064.29
Variable rate instruments	3.07	-
	4,852.83	5,064.29

### Fair value sensitivity analysis for fixed-rate instruments

The Group does not account for any fixed-rate financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. Therefore, a change in interest rates at the reporting date would not affect profit or loss.

### Cash flow sensitivity analysis for variable-rate instruments

A reasonably possible change of 100 basis points in interest rate would have resulted in variation in the interest expense for the Group by the amounts indicated in the table below. Given that one of the subsidiary companies capitalises interest to the cost of inventory to the extent permissible, the amounts indicated below may have an impact on reported profits over the lifecycle of projects to which such interest is capitalised. This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular foreign currency exchange rates, remain constant. This calculation also assumes that the change occurs at the balance sheet date and has been calculated based on risk exposures outstanding as at that date. The year end balances are not necessarily representative of the average debt outstanding during the period.

## Note 50 : Financial Risk Management (Continued)

Amount ₹ in Crore

Particulars	Profit o	Profit or (loss)		
	100 bp increase	100 bp decrease		
March 31, 2024				
Variable-rate instruments	(95.57)	95.57		
Interest rate swaps	-	-		
Cash flow sensitivity (net)	(95.57)	95.57		
March 31, 2023				
Variable-rate instruments	(92.33)	92.33		
Interest rate swaps	-	-		
Cash flow sensitivity (net)	(92.33)	92.33		

#### **Forward Contracts**

The Group uses forward exchange contracts to hedge its foreign exchange exposure relating to the underlying transactions and firm commitment in accordance with its forex policy as determined by its Forex Committee. The Group does not use foreign exchange forward contracts for trading or speculation purposes. Forward Contracts outstanding as at March 31, 2024:

### **Forward Contracts outstanding**

USD in Crore

Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Forward Contract to Purchase (USD)	-	0.89
[NIL (previous year 17 contracts)]		
Forward Contract to Sell (USD)	0.45	0.13
[10 contracts (previous year 5 contracts)]		

## Note 51: Capital Management

For the purpose of the Group's capital management, capital includes issued capital and other equity reserves (other than Cash Flow Hedge Reserve). The primary objective of the Group's Capital Management is to maximise shareholders value. The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in the light of changes in economic environment and the requirements of the financial covenants.

The Group monitors capital using adjusted net debt to equity ratio. For this purpose, adjusted net debt is defined as total debt less cash and bank balances and Current investments.

Amount ₹ in Crore

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Non-Current Borrowings	11,593.49	7,083.92
Current Borrowings	17,213.98	12,364.63
Gross Debt	28,807.47	19,448.55
Less - Cash and Cash Equivalents	(1,878.81)	(1,576.96)
Less - Other Bank Balances	(1,630.85)	(1,378.03)
Less - Current Investments	(3,135.17)	(2,098.75)
Adjusted Net debt	22,162.64	14,394.80
Total equity	15,118.94	14,302.71
Adjusted Net debt to equity ratio	1.47	1.01

## Note 52: Master netting or similar agreements

The following table presents the recognised financial instruments that are offset, or subject to enforceable master netting arrangements and other similar agreements but not offset, as at March 31, 2024 and March 31, 2023.

Amount ₹ in Crore

Particulars	Effects of off	setting on the	balance sheet	Related amounts not offset		
	Gross Amounts	Gross amounts set off in the balance sheet	Net amounts presented in the balance sheet	Amounts subject to master net- ting arrange- ments	Financial instrument collateral	Net amount
As at March 31, 2024						
Financial liabilities						
Derivative instruments	0.19	-	0.19	-	-	0.19

Amount ₹ in Crore

Particulars	Effects of off	setting on the	balance sheet	Related amounts not offset			
	Gross Amounts	Gross amounts set off in the balance sheet	Net amounts presented in the balance sheet	Amounts subject to master net- ting arrange- ments	Financial instrument collateral	Net amount	
As at March 31, 2023							
Financial liabilities							
Derivative instruments	0.18	-	0.18	-	-	0.18	

### Offsetting arrangements

### **Derivatives**

The Group enters into derivative contracts for hedging foreign exchange exposures. In general, under such agreements, the amounts owed by each counterparty on a single day in respect of all the transactions outstanding in the same currency are aggregated into a single net amount that is payable by one party to the other.

Note 53: Additional Information required under Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013 of entities consolidated as Subsidiaries / Limited Liability Partnership / Associates / Joint Ventures for the year ended March 31, 2024

Amount ₹ in Crore Name of the entity Net Assets - total assets Share in profit or loss Share in Share in minus total liabilities other comprehensive income total comprehensive income (OCI) (TCI) As % of As % of As % of As % of Amount Amount Amount Amount Consoli-Consolidatconsolidated TCI ed profit or dated net OCI assets loss 1 2 3 5 6 7 8 9 Parent 18.95% 1,516.11 -337 69% (202.52)2% (0.50)-681.93% -203.02 Godrei Industries Limited Subsidiaries Indian 324.55 Godrej Agrovet Limited 18.60% 1,488.45 541.70% 324.87 1.06% (0.32)1090.14% 0.24% 19.06 2.18% 1.31 0.00% 1.31 Godvet Agrochem Limited 4 40% Astec Lifesciences Limited 4.52% 361.51 -51.34% (30.79)1.26% (0.38)-104.70% (31.17)13.25% Creamline Dairy Products Limited 3.10% 248.37 6.77% 4.06 0.39% 3.94 (0.12)182.31 22.53% 13.51 13.41 Godrej Tyson Foods Limited 2.28% 0.33% (0.10)45.05% Godrej Maxximilk Private Limited 0.81% 65.03 -8.89% (5.33)0.05% (0.01)-17.96% (5.35)Godrej Properties Limited 131.37% 10,511.66 941.03% 564.36 3.71% (1.12)1891.87% 563.24 Godrej Projects Development Limited (24.56)-230.67% (138.34)0.71% (0.22)-465.39% (138.56)-0.31% Godrej Garden City Properties Private Limited 0.09% 6.93 -0.34% (0.21)0.00% -0.69% (0.21)Godrej Hillside Properties Private Limited 0.30% 23.83 41.05% 24.62 0.00% 82.70% 24.62 Godrej Home Developers Private Limited 0.00% 0.05 -0.02% (0.01)0.00% -0.04% (0.01)Godrej Living Private Limited -0.14% (10.89)-9.08% (5.44)0.00% -18.29% (5.44)Godrej Prakriti Facilities Private Limited 0.01% 1.13 0.07% 0.04 0.00% 0.14% 0.04 Prakritiplaza Facilities Management Private Limited 0.06 0.01% 0.01 0.00% 0.01 0.00% 0.02% Godrej Highrises Properties Private Limited -0.03% (2.21)0.85% 0.51 0.00% 1.70% 0.51 Godrej Genesis Facilities Management Private 0.00% 0.38 -0.25% (0.15)0.00% -0.51% (0.15)Limited Citystar InfraProjects Limited 0.00% (0.27)-0.11% (0.07)0.00% -0.22% (0.07)Godrej Residency Private Limited -0.17% (13.51)-21.51% (12.90)0.12% -0.04 -43.44% (12.93)Godrej Home Constructions Limited (Classified 9.47% 5.68 0.08% -0.02 19.00% 1.15% 91.91 5.66 as Joint Venture up to March 28, 2023) (Formerly known as Godrej Home Constructions Private Limited) Wonder City Buildcon Limited (Formerly known as 42.46 38.02 -0.02 127.64% 0.53% 63.40% 0.06% 38.00 Wonder City Buildcon Private Limited) Godrej Reserve LLP (Classified as Joint Venture up 0.07% 5.32 2.08% 1.25 0.00% 4.19% 1.25 to September 30, 2022) Maan-Hinje Township Developers LLP (Classified 17.66% 0.00% 10.59 2.07% 165.51 10.59 35.58% as Joint Venture up to March 28, 2023) Godrej Highrises Realty LLP -0.06% (4.62)-0.71% (0.43)0.00% -1.43% (0.43)Godrej Project Developers & Properties LLP -0.46% -0.01% (0.98)(0.27)0.00% -0.92%(0.27)Godrej Skyview LLP 0.00% (0.07)-0.02% (0.01)0.00% -0.04% (0.01)Godrej Green Properties LLP 0.00% (0.06)-0.02% (0.01)0.00% -0.04% (0.01)Godrej Projects (Soma) LLP 0.00% (0.07)-0.02% (0.01)0.00% -0.05% (0.01)Godrej Projects North LLP (Classified as Joint 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00 Venture w.e.f. December 03, 2021) Godrej Athenmark LLP 0.00% (0.19)-0.07% (0.04)0.00% -0.13% (0.04)Godrej City Facilities Management LLP 0.00% (0.05)-0.02% (0.01)0.00% -0.06% (0.02)Godrej Olympia LLP 0.00% (0.05)-0.02% (0.01)0.00% -0.04% (0.01)Godrej Florentine LLP 0.00% (0.00)-0.02% (0.01)0.00% -0.03% (0.01)Ashank Facility Management LLP 0.01% 0.54 -0.15% (0.09)0.00% -0.29% (0.09)Ashank Realty Management LLP 0.00% 0.27 -0.03% (0.02)0.00% -0.06% (0.02)

Note 53: Additional Information required under Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013 of entities consolidated as Subsidiaries / Limited Liability Partnership / Associates / Joint Ventures for the year ended March 31, 2024 (Continued)

Name of the entity	Net Assets - t minus total		Share in pro	ofit or loss	Share other comprehe (OC	nsive income	Share total comprehe (TC	nsive income
	As % of Consoli- dated net assets	Amount	As % of Consolidat- ed profit or loss	Amount	As % of consolidated OCI	Amount	As % of TCI	Amount
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Godrej Precast Construction Private Limited	0.00%	(0.05)	-0.04%	(0.02)	0.00%	-	-0.07%	(0.02)
Godrej Green woods Private Limited (w.e.f. May 26, 2020)	0.56%	44.81	-8.43%	(5.06)	0.00%	-	-16.99%	(5.06)
Oasis Landmarks LLP (Classified as Joint Venture upto February 28, 2022)	0.56%	44.86	105.37%	63.19	0.00%	-	212.25%	63.19
Godrej Realty Private Limited (Classified as Joint Venture upto March 30, 2021)	-0.09%	(6.89)	-1.28%	(0.77)	0.00%		-2.58%	(0.77)
Godrej Construction Projects LLP (Classified as Joint Venture upto March 30, 2021)	0.02%	1.91	3.43%	2.06	0.00%	-	6.91%	2.06
Ashank Land & Building Private Limited (w.e.f. May 19, 2022)	-0.06%	(4.67)	-4.97%	(2.98)	0.00%	-	-10.02%	(2.98)
Godrej Real Estate Distribution Company Private Limited (w.e.f. July 20, 2023)	0.00%	(0.00)	-0.01%	(0.00)	0.00%	-	-0.01%	(0.00)
Caroa Properties LLP (w.e.f. Mar 28, 2024)	-0.32%	(25.56)	0.00%	-	0.00%	-	0.00%	0.00
Godrej Vestamark LLP (w.e.f. June 23, 2023)	0.08%	6.13	-151.80%	(91.04)	0.07%	-0.02	-305.85%	(91.06)
Dream World Landmarks LLP (w.e.f. September 30, 2023)	-0.01%	(0.46)	-10.01%	(6.00)	0.00%	-	-20.17%	(6.00)
Godrej Skyline Developers Pvt. Ltd. (w.e.f. September 28, 2023)	-1.02%	(81.56)	-17.44%	(10.46)	0.11%	-0.03	-35.24%	(10.49)
Godrej Capital Limited	31.68%	2,534.48	-1.48%	(0.89)	0.00%	-	-2.99%	(0.89)
Godrej Housing Finance Limited	11.30%	904.23	133.60%	80.12	-0.15%	0.05	269.28%	80.17
Godrej Finance Limited	15.65%	1,252.39	-48.70%	(29.21)	2.21%	-0.67	-100.34%	(29.87)
Godrej One Premisies Management Private Limited	0.00%	0.01	0.00%	-	0.00%	-	0.00%	0.00
Godrej Industries Limited Employee Stock Option Trust	0.00%	-	-0.23%	(0.14)	0.00%	-	-0.47%	(0.14)
Foreign								
Godrej International Ltd.	2.02%	161.88	4.59%	2.75	-7.85%	2.37	17.20%	5.12
Godrej International Trading & Investment Pte. Ltd.	0.91%	72.79	13.68%	8.20	-5.89%	1.78	33.53%	9.98
Godrej Properties Worldwide Inc., USA (Dissolved w.e.f. February 02, 2024)		-	-5.45%	(3.27)	0.00%	-	-10.97%	(3.27)
Associates (Investment as per equity method)								
Indian								
Godrej Consumer Products Limited	53.44%	4,275.94	-221.87%	(133.06)	105.59%	-31.89	-554.06%	(164.95)
Foreign Al Rahaba International Trading Limited Liability	0.00%	-	0.00%	-	0.00%	-	0.00%	-
Joint Ventures (as per proportionate consolidation / Investment as per equity method)								
Indian								
Omnivore India Capital Trust	0.16%	12.80	-22.60%	(13.56)	0.00%	-	-45.53%	(13.56)
Godrej Redevelopers (Mumbai) Private Limited	0.00%	-	8.76%	5.25	0.00%	-	17.64%	5.25
Godrej Greenview Housing Private Limited	0.00%	-	6.34%	3.80	0.00%	-	12.77%	3.80
Wonder Projects Development Private Limited	0.00%	-	-8.61%	(5.16)	0.00%	-	-17.34%	(5.16)
Godrej Real View Developers Private Limited	0.00%	-	1.61%	0.96	0.00%	-	3.23%	0.96
Pearlite Real Properties Private Limited	0.00%	-	1.05%	0.63	0.00%	-	2.12%	0.63
Godrej Skyline Developers Pvt. Ltd.(Classified as Subsidiary w.e.f. September 28, 2023)	0.00%	-	-36.39%	(21.82)	0.00%	-	-73.31%	(21.82)

Note 53: Additional Information required under Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013 of entities consolidated as Subsidiaries / Limited Liability Partnership / Associates / Joint Ventures for the year ended March 31, 2024 (Continued)

Name of the entity	Net Assets - 1 minus total		Share in pro	fit or loss	Share other comprehe (OC	nsive income	Amount ₹ in Crore  Share in total comprehensive income (TCI)	
	As % of Consoli- dated net assets	Amount	As % of Consolidat- ed profit or loss	Amount	As % of consolidated OCI	Amount	As % of TCI	Amount
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Godrej Green Homes Private Limited	0.00%	-	-94.34%	(56.58)	0.00%	-	-190.05%	(56.58)
Munjal Hospitality Private Limited	0.00%	-	-0.05%	(0.03)	0.00%	-	-0.10%	(0.03)
Vivrut Developers Private Limited	0.00%	-	0.18%	0.11	0.00%	-	0.37%	0.11
Madhuvan Enterprises Private Limited	0.00%	-	-0.08%	(0.05)	0.00%	-	-0.16%	(0.05)
Godrej Macbricks Private Limited (formerly known as Ashank Macbricks Private Limited)	0.00%	-	3.34%	2.00	0.00%	-	6.73%	2.00
Yerwada Developers Private Limited (w.e.f. January 31, 2022)	0.00%	-	-0.02%	(0.01)	0.00%	-	-0.05%	(0.01)
Vagishwari Land Developers Private Limited	0.00%		-0.01%	(0.01)	0.00%	-	-0.02%	(0.01)
Universal Metro Properties LLP	0.00%	-	9.49%	5.69	0.00%	-	19.11%	5.69
Godrej Property Developers LLP (Dissolved w.e.f. March 28, 2024)	0.00%	-	0.00%	-	0.00%	-	0.00%	0.00
Mosiac Landmarks LLP	0.00%	-	0.00%	(0.00)	0.00%	-	-0.01%	(0.00)
Dream World Landmarks LLP (Classified as Subsidiary w.e.f. September 30, 2023)	0.00%	-	7.62%	4.57	0.00%	-	15.35%	4.57
Oxford Realty LLP	0.00%	-	-5.72%	(3.43)	0.00%	-	-11.51%	(3.43)
Godrej SSPDL Green Acres LLP	0.00%	-	-5.49%	(3.29)	0.00%	-	-11.05%	(3.29)
M S Ramaiah Ventures LLP	0.00%	-	-0.64%	(0.39)	0.00%	-	-1.30%	(0.39)
Caroa Properties LLP (Classified as Subsidiary w.e.f. March 28, 2024)	0.00%	-	5.58%	3.34	0.00%	-	11.23%	3.34
Godrej Housing Projects LLP	0.00%	-	1.98%	1.19	0.00%	-	3.99%	1.19
Godrej Amitis Developers LLP (formerly known as Amitis Developers LLP)	0.00%	-	2.03%	1.22	0.00%	-	4.09%	1.22
A R Landcraft LLP	0.00%	-	-13.25%	(7.95)	0.00%	-	-26.69%	(7.95)
Prakhhyat Dwellings LLP	0.00%	-	3.00%	1.80	0.00%	-	6.04%	1.80
Godrej Highview LLP	0.00%	-	-4.14%	(2.48)	0.00%	-	-8.34%	(2.48)
Godrej Irismark LLP	0.00%	-	2.77%	1.66	0.00%	-	5.59%	1.66
Godrej Projects North Star LLP	0.00%	-	5.58%	3.35	0.00%	-	11.24%	3.35
Godrej Developers & Properties LLP	0.00%	-	-1.36%	(0.82)	0.00%	-	-2.74%	(0.82)
Roseberry Estate LLP	0.00%	-	177.25%	106.30	0.00%	-	357.06%	106.30
Godrej Projects North LLP (Classified as Subsidiary upto December 02, 2021)	0.00%	•	-4.26%	(2.55)	0.00%		-8.57%	(2.55)
Suncity Infrastructures (Mumbai) LLP	0.00%	-	-5.87%	(3.52)	0.00%	-	-11.82%	(3.52)
Mahalunge Township Developers LLP	0.00%	-	6.30%	3.78	0.00%	-	12.69%	3.78
Manjari Housing Projects LLP	0.00%	-	-8.86%	(5.31)	0.00%		-17.84%	(5.31)
Godrej Vestamark LLP (Classified as Subsidiary w.e.f. June 23, 2023)	0.00%	-	-2.29%	(1.37)	0.00%	-	-4.60%	(1.37)
Manyata Industrial Parks LLP	0.00%	-	0.16%	0.10	0.00%	-	0.32%	0.10
Godrej Odyssey LLP	0.00%	-	-0.01%	(0.00)	0.00%	-	-0.01%	(0.00)
Embellish Houses LLP	0.00%	-	-5.39%	(3.23)	0.00%	-	-10.86%	(3.23)
Foreign								
ACI Godrej Agrovet Private Limited	1.74%	139.12	109.38%	65.60	0.97%	-0.29	219.35%	65.31
Non controlling Interest, Inter-Company Elimination & Consolidation Adjustments	-200.02%	(16,004.24)	-809.37% 	(485.40)	-4.47% 	1.35	-1625.88% 	(484.05)
TOTAL	100.00%	8,001.31	100%	59.97	100%	(30.20)	100%	29.77

Note 53: Additional Information required under Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013 of entities consolidated as Subsidiaries / Limited Liability Partnership / Associates / Joint Ventures for the year ended March 31, 2023

Name of the entity	Net Assets - t minus total		Share in pro	ofit or loss	Share other comprehe (OC	nsive income	Share in total comprehensive income (TCI)	
	As % of Consolidated net assets	Amount	As % of Consolidated profit or loss	Amount	As % of consolidated OCI	Amount	As % of TCI	Amount
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Parent								
Godrej Industries Limited	21.50%	1,716.39	23.86%	232.57	-1%	(1.62)	20.65%	230.95
Subsidiaries								
Indian								
Godrej Agrovet Limited	16.59%	1,324.88	28.25%	275.35	-3.59%	(5.16)	24.16%	270.19
Godvet Agrochem Limited	0.22%	17.74	0.09%	0.92	0.00%	-	0.08%	0.92
Astec Lifesciences Limited	4.94%	394.75	1.62%	15.75	-0.10%	(0.14)	1.40%	15.61
Creamline Dairy Products Limited	3.06%	244.43	-2.21%	(21.51)	0.02%	0.03	-1.92%	(21.48)
Godrej Tyson Foods Limited	2.12%	168.90	0.42%	4.10	-0.07%	(0.09)	0.36%	4.01
Godrej Maxximilk Private Limited	0.57%	45.40	-0.48%	(4.69)	0.00%	-	-0.42%	(4.69)
Godrej Properties Limited	124.56%	9,945.11	67.26%	655.68	0.65%	0.93	58.71%	656.61
Godrej Projects Development Limited	1.49%	118.60	12.87%	125.46	-0.02%	(0.03)	11.22%	125.43
Godrej Garden City Properties Private Limited	0.09%	7.14	-0.02%	(0.24)	0.00%	-	-0.02%	(0.24)
Godrej Hillside Properties Private Limited	-0.01%	(0.79)	-0.01%	(0.08)	0.00%	-	-0.01%	(80.0)
Godrej Home Developers Private Limited	0.00%	0.07	0.00%	(0.01)	0.00%		0.00%	(0.01)
Godrej Living Private Limited	-0.06%	(5.04)	-0.52%	(5.02)	0.00%	-	-0.45%	(5.02)
Godrej Prakriti Facilities Private Limited	0.01%	1.09	0.01%	0.09	0.00%	-	0.01%	0.09
Prakritiplaza Facilities Management Private Limited	0.00%	0.05	0.00%	0.01	0.00%	-	0.00%	0.01
Godrej Highrises Properties Private Limited	-0.03%	(2.72)	-0.15%	(1.42)	0.00%	-	-0.13%	(1.42)
Godrej Genesis Facilities Management Private Limited	0.01%	0.53	0.00%	(0.03)	0.00%	-	0.00%	(0.03)
Citystar InfraProjects Limited	0.00%	(0.20)	-0.01%	(0.05)	0.00%	-	0.00%	(0.05)
Godrej Residency Private Limited	-0.01%	(0.58)	-0.05%	(0.51)	0.00%		-0.05%	(0.51)
Godrej Home Constructions Limited (Classified as Joint Venture up to Mar 28, 2023) (Formerly known as Godrej Home Constructions Private Limited)	1.08%	86.26	0.00%	-	0.00%	-	0.00%	0.00
Wonder City Buildcon Limited (Classified as Joint Venture up to Mar 28, 2023) (Formerly known as Wonder City Buildcon Private Limited)	0.06%	4.41	0.00%	-	0.00%	-	0.00%	0.00
Godrej Reserve LLP (Classified as Joint Venture up to September 30, 2022)	0.05%	4.08	0.29%	2.80	0.00%	•	0.25%	2.80
Maan-Hinje Township Developers LLP (Classified as Joint Venture up to March 28, 2023)	5.26%	419.60	2.81%	27.35	0.00%	-	2.45%	27.35
Godrej Highrises Realty LLP	-0.05%	(4.19)	-0.04%	(0.35)	0.00%	-	-0.03%	(0.35)
Godrej Project Developers & Properties LLP	-0.01%	(0.70)	-0.02%	(0.23)	0.00%	-	-0.02%	(0.23)
Godrej Skyview LLP	0.00%	(0.05)	0.00%	(0.01)	0.00%	-	0.00%	(0.01)
Godrej Green Properties LLP	0.00%	(0.05)	0.00%	(0.01)	0.00%	-	0.00%	(0.01)
Godrej Projects (Soma) LLP	0.00%	(0.05)	0.00%	(0.01)	0.00%	-	0.00%	(0.01)
Godrej Projects North LLP (Classified as Joint Venture w.e.f. December 03, 2021)	0.00%	-	0.00%	-	0.00%	-	0.00%	0.00
Godrej Athenmark LLP	0.00%	(0.16)	0.00%	(0.03)	0.00%	-	0.00%	(0.03)
Godrej City Facilities Management LLP	0.00%	(0.04)	0.00%	(0.01)	0.00%	-	0.00%	(0.02)
Godrej Olympia LLP	0.00%	(0.03)	0.00%	(0.01)	0.00%	-	0.00%	(0.01)
Godrej Florentine LLP	0.00%	0.01	0.00%	(0.01)	0.00%	-	0.00%	(0.01)
Ashank Facility Management LLP	0.00%	0.14	0.00%	0.04	0.00%		0.00%	0.04
Ashank Realty Management LLP	0.00%	0.29	-0.01%	(0.07)	0.00%	-	-0.01%	(0.07)
Godrej Precast Construction Private Limited	0.00%	(0.03)	0.00%	(0.01)	0.00%	-	0.00%	(0.01)

Note 53: Additional Information required under Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013 of entities consolidated as Subsidiaries / Limited Liability Partnership / Associates / Joint Ventures for the year ended March 31, 2023 (Continued)

Name of the entity	Net Assets - t minus total		Share in pro	fit or loss	Share other comprehe (OC	nsive income	Share in total comprehensive income (TCI)	
	As % of Consolidated net assets	Amount	As % of Consolidated profit or loss	Amount	As % of consolidated OCI	Amount	As % of TCI	Amount
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Godrej Green woods Private Limited (w.e.f. May 26, 2020)	0.62%	49.87	-0.58%	(5.61)	0.00%	-	-0.50%	(5.61)
Oasis Landmarks LLP (Classified as Joint Venture upto February 28, 2022)	0.16%	12.44	10.35%	100.88	0.00%	-	9.02%	100.88
Godrej Realty Private Limited (Classified as Joint Venture upto March 30, 2021)	-0.09%	(7.31)	-0.07%	(0.71)	0.00%	-	-0.06%	(0.71)
Godrej Construction Projects LLP (Classified as Joint Venture upto March 30, 2021)	0.14%	10.86	0.74%	7.21	0.00%	-	0.64%	7.21
Ashank Land & Building Private Limited (w.e.f. May 19, 2022)	-0.02%	(1.69)	-0.17%	(1.69)	0.00%	-	-0.15%	(1.69)
Godrej Capital Limited	19.85%	1,584.76	-0.02%	(0.16)	0.00%	-	-0.01%	(0.16)
Godrej Housing Finance Limited	8.46%	675.67	3.90%	38.02	0.15%	0.21	3.42%	38.23
Godrej Finance Limited	6.04%	482.64	-7.08%	(68.98)	-0.17%	-0.25	-6.19%	(69.23)
Godrej One Premisies Management Private Limited	0.00%	0.01	0.00%	-	0.00%	-	0.00%	0.00
Foreign								
Godrej International Ltd.	1.96%	156.76	0.22%	2.18	8.40%	12.06	1.27%	14.24
Godrej Properties Worldwide Inc., USA	0.04%	3.19	0.03%	0.32	0.16%	0.23	0.05%	0.58
Godrej International Trading & Investment Pte. Ltd.	0.79%	62.82	1.05%	10.26	2.99%	4.29	1.30%	14.55
Minority interest in all subsidiaries								
Associates (Investment as per equity method)								
Indian								
Godrej Consumer Products Limited	36.44%	2,909.75	41.47%	404.22	91.45%	131.32	47.89%	535.54
Foreign								
Al Rahaba International Trading Limited Liability Company	0.00%	-	0.00%	-	-	-	0.00%	0.00
Joint Ventures (as per proportionate consolidation / Investment as per equity method)								
Indian								
Omnivore India Capital Trust	0.44%	34.81	-0.09%	(0.91)	0.00%	-	-0.08%	(0.91)
Godrej Redevelopers (Mumbai) Private Limited	0.00%	-	0.43%	4.17	0.00%	-	0%	4.17
Wonder City Buildcon Limited (Classified as Subsidary w.e.f March 29, 2023) (Formerly known as Wonder City Buildcon Private Limited)	0.00%	-	0.81%	7.87	0.00%	-	0.70%	7.87
Godrej Home Constructions Limited (Classified as Subsidary w.e.f March 29, 2023) (Formerly known as Godrej Home Constructions Private Limited)	0	-	0.00%	0.05	0	-	0.00%	0.05
Godrej Greenview Housing Private Limited	0.00%	-	0.16%	1.55		-	0.14%	1.55
Wonder Projects Development Private Limited	0	-	-0.58%	(5.69)	0	-	-0.51%	(5.69)
Godrej Real View Developers Private Limited	0.00%	-	0.12%	1.19	0.00%	-	0.11%	1.19
Pearlite Real Properties Private Limited	0.00%	-	1.01%	9.82	0.00%	-	0.88%	9.82
Godrej Skyline Developers Private Limited	0.00%	-	-1.00%	(9.78)	0.00%	-	-0.87%	(9.78)
Godrej Green Homes Private Limited	0.00%	-	-6.98%	(68.06)	0.00%	-	-6.09%	(68.06)
Munjal Hospitality Private Limited	0.00%	-	0.00%	(0.02)	0.00%	-	0.00%	(0.02)
Yujya Developers Private Limited (merged with Madhuvan Enterprises Private Limited order dated March 16, 2023 effective from April 01, 2021)	0.00%	-	0.00%	(0.03)	0.00%	-	0.00%	(0.03)
Vivrut Developers Private Limited	0.00%	-	0.00%	0.01	0.00%	-	0.00%	0.01
Madhuvan Enterprises Private Limited	0.00%	_	0.00%	-	0.00%	_	0.00%	0.00

Note 53: Additional Information required under Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013 of entities consolidated as Subsidiaries / Limited Liability Partnership / Associates / Joint Ventures for the year ended March 31, 2023 (Continued)

Name of the entity		sets - total assets Share in profit or loss us total liabilities		Share other comprehe (OC	nsive income	Share in total comprehensive income (TCI)		
	As % of Consolidated net assets	Amount	As % of Consolidated profit or loss	Amount	As % of consolidated OCI	Amount	As % of TCI	Amount
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Godrej Macbricks Private Limited (formerly known as Ashank Macbricks Private Limited)	0.00%	-	-0.19%	(1.89)	0.00%	-	-0.17%	(1.89)
Yerwada Developers Private Limited (w.e.f. January 31, 2022)	0.00%	-	0.00%	0.05	0.00%	-	0.00%	0.05
Vagishwari Land Developers Private Limited	0.00%	-	0.00%	(0.01)	0.00%	-	0.00%	(0.01)
Universal Metro Properties LLP	0.00%	-	-0.31%	(3.05)	0.00%	-	-0.27%	(3.05)
Godrej Property Developers LLP	0.00%	-	0.00%	(0.00)	0.00%	-	0.00%	(0.00)
Mosiac Landmarks LLP	0.00%	-	0.00%	(0.00)	0.00%	-	0.00%	(0.00)
Dream World Landmarks LLP	0.00%	-	-0.07%	(0.65)	0.00%	-	-0.06%	(0.65)
Oxford Realty LLP	0.00%	-	1.07%	10.42	0.00%	-	0.93%	10.42
Godrej SSPDL Green Acres LLP	0.00%	-	-0.14%	(1.34)	0.00%	-	-0.12%	(1.34)
Oasis Landmarks LLP (Classified as Subsidiary w.e.f. March 01, 2022)	0.00%	-	0.00%	-	0.00%	-	0.00%	0.00
M S Ramaiah Ventures LLP	0.00%	-	-0.03%	(0.31)	0.00%	-	-0.03%	(0.31)
Caroa Properties LLP	0.00%	-	0.02%	0.15	0.00%	-	0.01%	0.15
Godrej Housing Projects LLP	0.00%	-	0.97%	9.46	0.00%	-	0.85%	9.46
Godrej Amitis Developers LLP (formerly known as Amitis Developers LLP)	0.00%	-	1.62%	15.77	0.00%	-	1.41%	15.77
A R Landcraft LLP	0.00%	-	-0.69%	(6.76)	0.00%	-	-0.60%	(6.76)
Prakhhyat Dwellings LLP	0.00%	-	-0.99%	(9.70)	0.00%	-	-0.87%	(9.70)
Bavdhan Realty @ Pune 21 LLP (upto November 24, 2021)	0.00%	-	0.00%	-	0.00%	-	0.00%	0.00
Godrej Highview LLP	0.00%	-	-0.64%	(6.28)	0.00%	-	-0.56%	(6.28)
Godrej Irismark LLP	0.00%	-	0.34%	3.29	0.00%	-	0.29%	3.29
Godrej Projects North Star LLP	0.00%	-	5.18%	50.49	0.00%	-	4.51%	50.49
Godrej Developers & Properties LLP	0.00%	-	-0.36%	(3.54)	0.00%	-	-0.32%	(3.54)
Godrej Reserve LLP (Classified as Subsidary w.e.f. October 1, 2022)	0.00%	-	-0.05%	(0.53)	0.00%	-	-0.05%	(0.53)
Roseberry Estate LLP	0.00%	-	-1.01%	(9.86)	0.00%	-	-0.88%	(9.86)
Maan-Hinje Township Developers LLP (Classified as Subsidary w.e.f. March 29, 2023)	0.00%	-	-0.90%	(8.77)	0.00%	-	-0.78%	(8.77)
Godrej Projects North LLP (Classified as Subsidiary upto December 02, 2021)	0.00%	-	-0.45%	(4.37)	0.00%	-	-0.39%	(4.37)
Suncity Infrastructures (Mumbai) LLP	0.00%	-	-0.36%	(3.50)	0.00%	-	-0.31%	(3.50)
Mahalunge Township Developers LLP	0.00%	-	-0.12%	(1.12)	0.00%	-	-0.10%	(1.12)
Manjari Housing Projects LLP	0.00%	-	0.80%	7.79	0.00%	-	0.70%	7.79
Godrej Vestamark LLP	0.00%	-	-1.56%	(15.20)	0.00%	-	-1.36%	(15.20)
Manyata Industrial Parks LLP	0.00%	-	0.01%	0.15	0.00%	-	0.01%	0.15
Godrej Odyssey LLP	0.00%	-	0.00%	(0.00)	0.00%	-	0.00%	(0.00)
Embellish Houses LLP	0.00%	-	-0.25%	(2.47)	0.00%	-	-0.22%	(2.47)
Foreign								
ACI Godrej Agrovet Private Limited	1.34%	106.62	3.37%	32.89	0.56%	0.80	3.01%	33.68
Non controlling Interest , Inter-company Elimination & Consolidation Adjustments	-157.59%	(12,582.15)	-82.91%	(808.21)	0.70%	1.01	-72.18%	(807.20)
TOTAL	100.00%	7,984.28	100%	974.78	100%	143.60	100%	1,118.38

### Note 54: Business Combinations

### I Acquisition of Godrej Vestamark LLP (GVLLP)

On June 23, 2023, Godrej Properties Limited GPL (subsidiary company of Godrej Industries Limited) has acquired additional 22.46 percent profit sharing of GVLLP by giving exit to its joint venture partners, a LLP engaged primarily in the business of real estate construction, development and other related activities. As a result, GPL's profit sharing in GVLLP increased from 77.54 percent to 100 percent, alongwith acquisition of control.

#### (a) Consideration transferred

The following table summarises the acquisition date fair value of major class of consideration transferred:

Amount (₹ crores)

Particulars	Amount
Consideration paid in cash	100.00
Total consideration	100.00

#### (b) Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed

The following table summarises the acquisition date fair value of assets acquired, fair value of the consideration transferred:

Description	Amount
Property, plant and equipment	4.92
Intangible assets	-
Non-current financial assets	0.17
Income tax assets (Net)	1.39
Inventories	2,315.51
Current financial assets	13.42
Other Current Non Financial Assets	40.39
Non-Current Liabilities	(0.08)
Current tax liabilities	-
Current financial liabilities	(1,409.22)
Other Current Non Financial Liabilities	(575.64)
Provisions	(0.05)
Net Assets	390.81
Net Assets acquired	100.00

### (c) Capital Reserve

Capital Reserve arising from the acquisition has been determined as follows:

Description	Amount
Consideration transferred (refer note (a) above)	100.00
Fair value of net identifiable assets (refer note (b) above)	100.00
Capital reserve	-

(d) From the date of acquisition, GVLLP contributed ₹ 510.54 crore revenue from operations and ₹ 13.32 crore loss to the Group during the year ended March 31, 2024.

## Note 54: Business Combinations (Continued)

### II Acquisition of Godrej Skyline Developers Private Limited (Skyline)

On September 28, 2023, Godrej Properties Limited GPL (subsidiary company of Godrej Industries Limited) has acquired additional 49 percent equity interest of Skyline, a company engaged primarily in the business of real estate construction, development and other related activities. As a result, GPL's equity interest in Skyline increased from 44 percent to 93 percent, alongwith acquisition of control from Joint control.

#### (a) Consideration transferred

The following table summarises the acquisition date fair value of major class of consideration transferred:

Amount (₹ crores)

Particulars	Amount
Consideration paid in cash	0.65
Total consideration	0.65

### (b) Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed

The following table summarises the acquisition date fair value of assets acquired, fair value of the consideration transferred:

Description	Amount
Property, plant and equipment	12.74
Intangible assets	0.05
Non-current financial assets	0.50
Deferred Tax Assets (Net)	11.26
Income tax assets (Net)	1.20
Inventories	1,282.44
Current financial assets	59.38
Other Current Non Financial Assets	107.29
Non-Current Liabilities	-
Current tax liabilities	-
Current financial liabilities	(545.43)
Deferred tax liabilities	-
Other Current Non Financial Liabilities	(927.69)
Provisions	(0.41)
Net Assets	1.33
Net Assets acquired	0.65

### (c) Capital Reserve

Capital Reserve arising from the acquisition has been determined as follows:

Description	Amounts
Consideration transferred (refer note (a) above)	0.65
Fair value of net identifiable assets (refer note (b) above)	0.65
Capital reserve	-

(d) From the date of acquisition, Skyline contributed ₹ 268.30 crores revenue from operations and ₹ 8.00 crores of profit to the Group during the year ended March 31, 2024.

## Note 54: Business Combinations (Continued)

### III Acquisition of Dreamworld Landmarks LLP (DWLLP)

On September 30, 2023, Godrej Properties Limited GPL (subsidiary company of Godrej Industries Limited) acquired control over the DWLLP though profit/(loss) share in LLP is 40 percent, a limited liability firm engaged primarily in the business of real estate construction, development and other related activities.

### (a) Consideration transferred

The following table summarises the acquisition date fair value of major class of consideration transferred:

Amount (₹ crores)

Particulars	Amount
Consideration paid in cash	-
Total consideration	-

#### (b) Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed

The following table summarises the acquisition date fair value of assets acquired, fair value of the consideration transferred:

Description	Amount
Property, plant and equipment	0.15
Intangible assets	0.02
Capital Work-in-Progress	-
Non-current financial assets	-
Deferred Tax Assets (Net)	14.96
Income tax assets (Net)	0.28
Inventories	417.68
Current financial assets	92.36
Other Current Non Financial Assets	12.18
Deferred tax liabilities	-
Current financial liabilities	(390.28)
Other Current Non Financial Liabilities	(30.43)
Provisions	(0.35)
Net Assets	116.57
Net Assets acquired	-

### (c) Capital Reserve

Capital Reserve arising from the acquisition has been determined as follows:

Description	Amounts
Consideration transferred (refer note (a) above)	-
Fair value of net identifiable assets (refer note (b) above)	-
Capital reserve	-

(d) From the date of acquisition, DWLLP contributed ₹ 43.29 crore revenue from operations and ₹ Nil profit to the Group during the year ended March 31, 2024.

## Note 54: Business Combinations (Continued)

### IV Acquisition of Caroa Properties LLP (CPLLP)

On March 28, 2024, Godrej Properties Limited GPL (subsidiary company of Godrej Industries Limited) acquired additional 22.60 percent share in capital and profit & loss share of CPLLP, a limited liability firm engaged primarily in the business of real estate construction, development and other related activities. As a result, GPL's profit and Loss share in CPLLP increased from 35 percent to 57.60 percent, alongwith acquisition of control from Joint control.

#### (a) Consideration transferred

The following table summarises the acquisition date fair value of major class of consideration transferred:

Amount (₹ crores)

Particulars	Amount
Consideration paid in cash	159.09
Total consideration	159.09

### (b) Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed

The following table summarises the acquisition date fair value of assets acquired, fair value of the consideration transferred:

Description	Amount
Property, plant and equipment	11.13
Intangible assets	0.00
Capital Work-in-Progress	0.24
Non-current financial assets	26.45
Deferred Tax Assets (Net)	13.48
Income tax assets (Net)	7.02
Inventories	1,449.99
Current financial assets	89.56
Other Current Non Financial Assets	91.47
Deferred tax liabilities	-
Current financial liabilities	(457.89)
Other Current Non Financial Liabilities	(526.66)
Provisions	(0.58)
Net Assets	704.21
Net Assets acquired	159.09

### (c) Capital Reserve

Capital Reserve arising from the acquisition has been determined as follows:

Description	Amounts
Consideration transferred (refer note (a) above)	159.09
Fair value of net identifiable assets (refer note (b) above)	159.10
Capital reserve	0.00

- (d) From the date of acquisition, Caroa Properties LLP contributed ₹ Nil revenue from operations and ₹ Nil profit to the Group during the year ended March 31, 2024.
- (e) The Group would have recorded additional revenue of ₹ 714.29 crore and additional loss of ₹ 11.28 crore of the combined entity for the current reporting period as though the acquisition date for all business combinations that occurred during the year had been as of the beginning of the annual reporting period.

## Note 54: Business Combinations (Continued)

### V Acquisition of Maan Hinje Township Developers LLP (MHTD LLP)

On March 29, 2023, Godrej Properties Limited GPL (subsidiary company of Godrej Industries Limited) acquired additional 49 percent share in capital and profit & loss share of MHTD LLP, a limited liability firm engaged primarily in the business of real estate construction, development and other related activities. As a result, GPL's profit and Loss share in MHTD LLP increased from 50 percent to 99 percent, alongwith acquisition of control from Joint control.

### (a) Consideration transferred

The following table summarises the acquisition date fair value of major class of consideration transferred:

Amount (₹ crores)

Particulars	Amount
Consideration paid in cash	0.00
Total consideration	0.00

#### (b) Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed

The following table summarises the acquisition date fair value of assets acquired, fair value of the consideration transferred:

Description	Amount
Property, plant and equipment	1.04
Intangible assets	0.01
Capital Work-in-Progress	2.18
Deferred Tax Assets (Net)	-
Income tax assets (Net)	1.68
Inventories	1,044.28
Current financial assets	45.25
Other Current Non Financial Assets	23.12
Deferred tax liabilities	(0.73)
Current financial liabilities	(1,008.24)
Other Current Non Financial Liabilities	(106.28)
Provisions	(0.13)
Net Assets	2.17
Net Assets acquired	1.06

### (c) Capital Reserve

Capital Reserve arising from the acquisition has been determined as follows:

Description	Amounts
Consideration transferred (refer note (a) above)	-
Fair value of net identifiable assets (refer note (b) above)	1.06
Capital reserve	1.06

(d) From the date of acquisition, Maan Hinje Township Developers LLP contributed ₹ 74.40 crore revenue from operations and ₹ 27.35 crore profit to the Group during the year ended March 31, 2023.

## Note 54: Business Combinations (Continued)

## VI Acquisition of Wonder City Buildcon Private Limited (WCBPL)

On March 29, 2023, Godrej Properties Limited GPL (subsidiary company of Godrej Industries Limited) acquired additional 48.90 percent equity interest of WCBPL, a company engaged primarily in the business of real estate construction, development and other related activities. As a result, GPL's equity interest in WCBPL increased from 25.10 percent to 74 percent, alongwith acquisition of control from Joint control.

### (a) Consideration transferred

The following table summarises the acquisition date fair value of major class of consideration transferred:

Amount (₹ crores)

Particulars	Amount
Consideration paid in cash	0.85
Total consideration	0.85

### (b) Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed

The following table summarises the acquisition date fair value of assets acquired, fair value of the consideration transferred:

Description	Amount
Property, plant and equipment	0.32
Intangible assets	0.00
Non-Current Financial Assets	9.06
Income tax assets (Net)	0.77
Inventories	49.28
Current financial assets	56.55
Other Current Non Financial Assets	13.46
Non-Current liabilities	(0.10)
Current tax liabilities	(0.27)
Current financial liabilities	(109.57)
Deferred tax liabilities	0.32
Other Current Non Financial Liabilities	(17.61)
Provisions	(0.05)
Net Assets	2.15
Net Assets acquired	1.05

### (c) Capital Reserve

Capital Reserve arising from the acquisition has been determined as follows:

Description	Amounts
Consideration transferred (refer note (a) above)	0.85
Fair value of net identifiable assets (refer note (b) above)	1.05
Capital reserve	0.20

(d) From the date of acquisition, WCBPL contributed ₹ NIL revenue from operations and ₹ NIL profit to the Group during the year ended March 31, 2023.

## Note 54: Business Combinations (Continued)

### VII Acquisition of Godrej Home Constructions Private Limited

On March 29, 2023, Godrej Properties Limited GPL (subsidiary company of Godrej Industries Limited) acquired additional 48.90 percent equity interest of Godrej Home Constructions Private Limited, a company incorporated under the provision of the Companies Act 1956, engaged primarily in the business of real estate construction, development and other related activities. As a result, GPL's equity interest in in Godrej Home Constructions Private Limited increased from 25.10 percent to 74 percent, alongwith acquisition of control from Joint control.

### (a) Consideration transferred

The following table summarises the acquisition date fair value of major class of consideration transferred:

Amount (₹ crores)

Particulars	Amount
Consideration paid in cash	28.19
Total consideration	28.19

### (b) Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed

The following table summarises the acquisition date fair value of assets acquired, fair value of the consideration transferred:

Description	Amount
Property, plant and equipment	0.08
Income tax assets (Net)	2.07
Inventories	117.74
Current financial assets	110.09
Other Current Non Financial Assets	10.44
Current financial liabilities	(52.78)
Other Current Non Financial Liabilities	(107.30)
Provisions	(0.15)
Current tax liabilities	(0.33)
Net Assets	79.85
Net Assets acquired	39.04

### (c) Capital Reserve

Capital Reserve arising from the acquisition has been determined as follows:

Description	Amounts
Consideration transferred (refer note (a) above)	28.19
Fair value of net identifiable assets (refer note (b) above)	39.04
Capital reserve	10.85

(d) From the date of acquisition, GHCPL contributed ₹ NIL revenue from operations and ₹ NIL profit to the Group during the year ended March 31, 2023.

### Note 54: Business Combinations (Continued)

### VIII Acquisition of Godrej Reserve LLP

On October 1, 2022, Godrej Properties Limited GPL (subsidiary company of Godrej Industries Limited) acquired additional 78.10 percent share in capital and profit & loss share of Godrej Reserve LLP, a limited liability firm engaged primarily in the business of real estate construction, development and other related activities. As a result, GPL's equity interest in in Godrej Reserve LLP increased from 21.70 percent to 99.80 percent, alongwith acquisition of control from Joint control.

### (a) Consideration transferred

The following table summarises the acquisition date fair value of major class of consideration transferred:

Amount (₹ crores)

Particulars	Amount
Consideration paid in cash	0.01
Total consideration	0.01

### (b) Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed

The following table summarises the acquisition date fair value of assets acquired, fair value of the consideration transferred:

Description	Amount
Property, plant and equipment	0.22
Intangibles	0.00
Income tax assests (net)	2.17
Inventories	21.28
Current financial assets	36.30
Other Current Non Financial Assets	1.65
Deferred tax liabilities	(0.23)
Current financial liabilities	(38.01)
Other Current Non Financial Liabilities	(23.38)
Provisions	(0.06)
Net Assets	(0.04)
Net Assets acquired	(0.03)

### (c) Capital Reserve

Capital Reserve arising from the acquisition has been determined as follows:

Description	Amounts
Consideration transferred (refer note (a) above)	0.01
Fair value of net identifiable assets (refer note (b) above)	(0.03)
Capital reserve	(0.04)

(d) From the date of acquisition, Godrej Reserve LLP contributed ₹ 4.22 crore of revenue from operations and ₹ 2.80 crore of profit to the Group during the year ended March 31, 2023.

₹ 0.00 represents amount less than ₹ 50,000

#### IX Closure of Veg Oils Division (Company's Factory situated at Wadala, Mumbai, Maharashtra)

The Board evaluated the operations of Veg-oils Division (Company's Factory situated at Wadala, Mumbai, Maharashtra) and in the best interest of the Company and its stakeholders, the operations of the Veg-oils Division have been closed during the year. The impact of the closure on the financial statements is not material.

### Note: 55 Utilisation of Borrowed Fund and Share Premium

- a) To the best of our knowledge and belief the Company and its Subsidiaries, Joint Ventures, Associates incorporated in India have not advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company and its Subsidiaries, Joint Ventures, Associates incorporated in India ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries. The transactions between Company and its subsidiary and one of the subsidary of the Company with its step down subsidiary has been eliminated in the Consolidated financial statements.
- b) To the best of our knowledge and belief, no funds have been received by the Company and its Subsidiaries, Joint Ventures, Associates incorporated in India from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company and its Subsidiaries, Joint Ventures, Associates incorporated in India shall, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") by or on behalf of the Funding Party or provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

### Note 56: Transactions with Struck off Companies

Amount ₹ in Crore

Sr.	Name of struck off company	Nature of transactions	Transactions	Balance	Relationship
No	Name of Galactic of Company		during the year March 31, 2024	outstand- ing as at March 31, 2024	with the Struck off company
1	J M Water Treatment India Private Limited	Receivable	-	0.00	Non-Related Party
2	Utkarsh Agro Industries Pvt Ltd	Receivable	0.00	0.00	Non-Related Party
3	Brand Batua E Solutions Private Limited	Payable	-	(0.02)	Non-Related Party
4	Maestro Energy Private Limited	Payable	-	(0.03)	Non-Related Party
5	Sara Cattle Feeds Private Limited	Payable	-	(0.01)	Non-Related Party
6	Ackntech Software Solutions Private Limited	Payable	-	(0.00)	Non-Related Party
7	Agrisy Layer Farm Private Limited	Payable	-	(0.00)	Non-Related Party
8	Nedumkandam Agro Trading Company Private Limited	Payable	0.01	(0.03)	Non-Related Party
9	Yeerla Retail Private Limited	Payable	-	(0.00)	Non-Related Party
10	Dudha Dairy & Services Limited	Payable	0.00	(0.00)	Non-Related Party
11	GSLD Egg and Agro Pvt Ltd	Payable	-	(0.00)	Non-Related Party
12	Kannauj Chemicals & Seeds Pvt Ltd	Payable	0.00	-	Non-Related Party
13	Dikshita Hatcheries And Farms Private Limited	Payable	(0.00)	(0.00)	Non-Related Party
14	Madhapur New Café Hospitality	Payable	0.17	(0.03)	Non-Related Party
15	Classic Integrated Solutions Private Limited	Project Related expenses	-	0.00	Non-Related Party
16	NMF Concepts Private Limited	Other Expenses	-	0.03	Non-Related Party
17	My Sunny Balcony Private Limited	Consultancy Charges	-	0.00	Non-Related Party
18	Ginza Hotels Private Limited	Other Expenses	-	0.00	Non-Related Party
19	Atelier Realtech Private Limited	Advertising and Marketing Expenses	-	0.00	Non-Related Party
20	Kevin Construction Private Limited	Other Expenses	-	0.00	Non-Related Party
21	Digipace Consulting (O P S )	Brokerage Expenses	-	0.00	Non-Related Party
22	Siddharam Infrastructure Pvt Ltd	Other Expenses	-	0.00	Non-Related Party

Note 56: Transactions with Struck off Companies (Continued)

Amount ₹ in Crore

No			during the	Balance outstand-	Relationship with the Struck
			year March 31, 2023	ing as at March 31, 2023	off company
1	Nedumkandam Agro Trading Company	Receivables	0.02	0.00	Non-Related Party
2	Tyagi Agriscience Pvt Ltd	Receivables	0.00	-	Non-Related Party
3	Utkarsh Agro Industries Pvt Ltd	Payables	-	(0.00)	Non-Related Party
4	Dudha Dairy & Services Limited	Payables	0.00	(0.00)	Non-Related Party
5	GSLD Egg and Agro Pvt Ltd	Payables	-	(0.00)	Non-Related Party
6	Acknotech Software Solutions Private	Payables	0.00	(0.00)	Non-Related Party
7	Dikshita Hatcheries and Farms Pvt Ltd	Payables	0.00	(0.00)	Non-Related Party
8	Agrisy Layer Farm Private Limited	Payables	-	(0.00)	Non-Related Party
9	Maestro Energy Pvt Ltd	Payables	-	(0.01)	Non-Related Party
10	Krushnaraj Agro Jaggery Powder Pvt Ltd	Payables	0.00	-	Non-Related Party
11	Yeerla Retail Private Limited	Payables	-	(0.00)	Non-Related Party
12	Kannauj Chemicals & Seeds Pvt Ltd	Payables	0.00	(0.00)	Non-Related Party
13	Biobe Living Technologies Private Limited	Project Related expenses	-	0.00	Non-Related Party
14	Brand Managers Media Private Limited	Advertising and Marketing Expenses	-	0.00	Non-Related Party
15	Classic Integrated Solutions Private Limited	Project Related expenses	-	0.00	Non-Related Party
16	My Sunny Balcony Private Limited	Consultancy Charges	-	0.00	Non-Related Party
17	Reliance Communications Infrastructure Limited	Broadband charges	-	-	Non-Related Party
18	SC Power Solutions Private Limited	Project Related expenses	-	0.00	Non-Related Party
19	Ginza Hotels Private Limited	Other Expenses	-	0.00	Non-Related Party
20	Swarnasathi Advisory Services Pvt. Ltd	Customer Dues	-	0.00	Non-Related Party
21	Amitash Gas Engineers Pvt. Ltd	Project Related expenses	-	0.01	Non-Related Party
22	TGS Vertical Transportation Private Limited	Project Related expenses	-	0.01	Non-Related Party
23	Atelier Realtech Private Limited	Advertising and Marketing Expenses	-	0.00	Non-Related Party
24	AIMS Education Private Limited	Customer Dues	0.00	0.00	Non-Related Party
25	Kevin Construction Private Limited	Other Expenses	0.01	0.00	Non-Related Party
26	Feligrat Global Solutions Private Limited	Other Expenses	0.01	0.00	Non-Related Party
27	3H Health And Hygiene Pvt. Ltd	Payables	0.02	-	Non-Related Party

Amount less than ₹ 0.01 crore.

### Note 57: IND AS 115 - Revenue from Contracts with Customers for Property Development

- (a) The amount of ₹ 1,220.84 Crore (Previous Year: ₹ 547.60 Crore) recognised in contract liabilities at the beginning of the year has been recognised as revenue during the year ended March 31, 2024.
- (b) Significant changes in contract asset and contract liabilities balances are as follows:

Amount ₹ in Crore

Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Contract asset (refer note 16)		
At the beginning of the reporting period	186.82	191.31
Change due to revenue recorded based on measure of progress during the year	274.78	(4.49)
Significant change due to business combination	23.03	-
At the end of the reporting period	484.63	186.82
Contract liability (refer note 27)		
At the beginning of the reporting period	2,261.87	846.46
Change due to collection and revenue recorded based on measure of progress during the year	5,402.15	1,358.20
Significant financing component (Net of transfer to Statement of Profit and Loss)	475.77	57.21
Significant change due to business combination	671.95	-
At the end of the reporting period	8,811.74	2,261.87

### (c) Performance obligation for Property Development

The Group is also engaged in the business of real estate construction, development and other related activities.

All the Contracts entered with the customers consists of a single performance obligation thereby the consideration allocated to the performance obligation is based on standalone selling prices.

Revenue is recognised upon transfer of control of residential and commercial units to customers for an amount that reflects the consideration which the Group expects to receive in exchange for those units. The trigger for revenue recognition is normally completion of the project or receipt of approvals on completion from relevant authorities or intimation to the customer of completion, post which the contract becomes non-cancellable by the parties.

The revenue is measured at the transaction price agreed under the contract. In certain cases, the Group has contracts where the period between the transfer of the promised goods or services to the customer and payment by the customer exceeds one year. As a consequence, the Group adjusts the transaction price for the effects of a significant financing component.

Any costs incurred that do not contribute to satisfying performance obligations are excluded from the Group's input methods of revenue recognition as the amounts are not reflective of our transferring control of the system to the customer. Significant judgment is required to evaluate assumptions related to the amount of net contract revenues, including the impact of any performance incentives, liquidated damages, and other forms of variable consideration.

If estimated incremental costs on any contract, are greater than the net contract revenues, the Group recognises the entire estimated loss in the period the loss becomes known.

The aggregate amount of the transaction price allocated to the performance obligations that are unsatisfied (or partially unsatisfied) as at March 31, 2024 is ₹ 14,057.88 Crore (Previous Year: ₹ 7,647.89 Crore) out of which ₹ 9,511.07 Crore (Previous Year: ₹ 3332.55 Crore), which will be recognised as revenue over a period of 1-2 years and ₹ 4,201.83 Crore (Previous Year: ₹ 4408.64 Crore) which will be recognised over a period of 2-4 years.

### Note: 58

Godrej Projects Development Limited ("GPDL"), a wholly owned subsidiary of the Godrej Properties Limited (subsidiary company of Godrej Industries Limited), for one of its projects, Godrej Summit in Gurgaon, which was completed in phases in 2017 and 2018, has appointed an external expert to undertake a detailed independent assessment of a quality issue discovered in the project. This assessment identified the presence of chloride in the concrete used in the project, which when in contact with water, leads to corrosion of steel reinforcement. The external experts advised that with the required repair and maintenance framework, the building is expected to perform as per its intended design life. Accordingly, an estimated amount of ₹ 155.00 crore towards repair, maintenance, customer claims, or any ancillary costs has been provided Other Expenses (Refer Note 35 b). GPDL has also made an offer to buy back units or to provide rentals to all the unit holders of the project till completion of required repair & maintenance. Accordingly, units bought back from customers have been accounted as Stock In Trade.

### Note: 59

There are no significant subsequent events that would require adjustments or disclosures in these consolidated Ind-AS financial statements as on the balance sheet date.

As per our Report attached

For Kalyaniwalla & Mistry LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm Regn. No.: 104607W/ W100166

N. B. Godrej

Chairman and Managing Director

DIN: 00066195

**Clement Pinto** 

Chief Financial Officer Mumbai, May 17, 2024 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

Godrej Industries Limited

CIN No.: L24241MH1988PLC097781

Vishal Sharma

Executive Director & CEO (Chemicals)

DIN: 00085416

Tejal Jariwala Company Secretary

Jamshed K. Udwadia Partner M.No. :124658 Mumbai, May 17, 2024